

DRM BULLETIN

August, 2014 - Volume: 2, Issue 8

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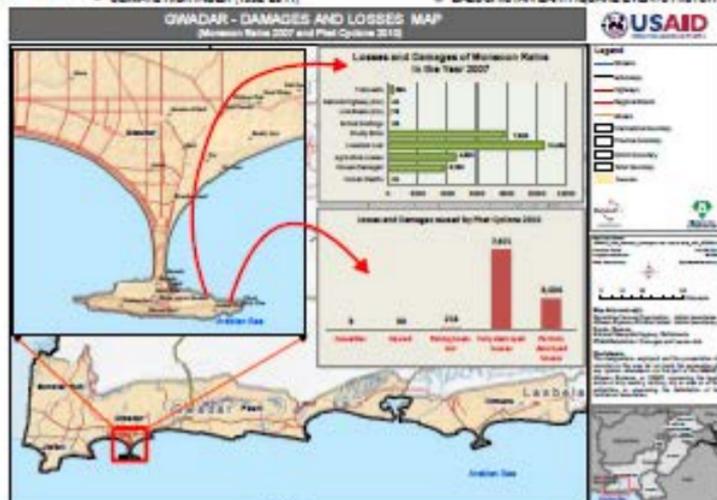
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Both reports are available at <http://www.geogpk>

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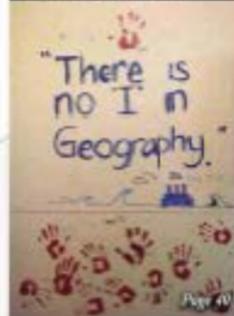
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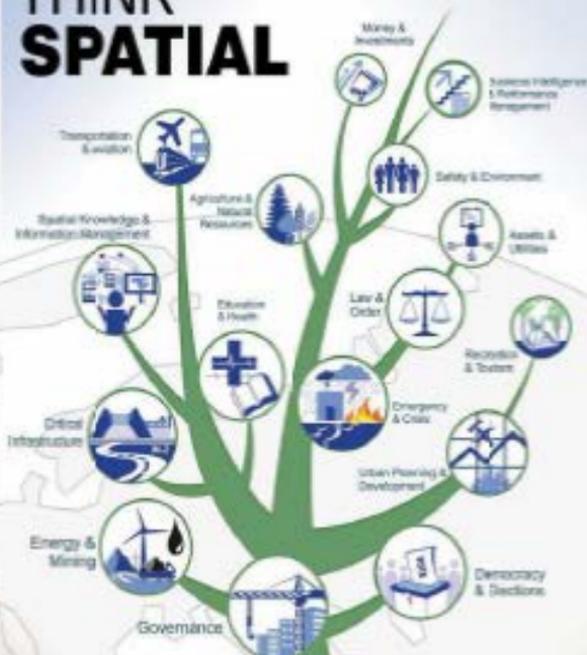
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INFOTAINMENT



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NEWS HEADLINES

Shahbaz promises 2,000 homes for IDPs in North Waziristan

Daily Dawn, July 30, 2014

River Indus, Kabul and Chenab in low flood

Business Recorder, July 29, 2014

Call to include all arid zones in drought mitigation policy

Daily Dawn, July 29, 2014

Flood warning notices to illegal Ravi dwellers

Daily Dawn, July 29, 2014

DETAILS

BANNU: Punjab Chief Minister Shahbaz Sharif on Wednesday said his government would build 2,000 homes for those displaced in the North Waziristan operation. He said the terrorists were trying to cause irreparable damage to Pakistan, adding that there was still time to take measures to improve conditions in the country. The chief minister made these remarks while addressing those displaced as a result of the military operation under way in North Waziristan at the camp of the internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Baka Khel. Accompanied by Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Governor Mehtab Abbasi, Shahbaz had arrived at the camp, which is located in a vast open field a good half-hour drive from the Bannu city to meet with the IDPs and distributed gifts among them.

Addressing the IDPs at the camp, Shahbaz said Operation Zarb-i-Azb was necessary to fight against those who wanted to enforce their own ideologies on the people of Pakistan. Shahbaz moreover announced that a hospital, a university and Danish schools would be constructed in North Waziristan. He also promised that along with these ventures, he would ensure the construction of 2,000 houses in the tribal region.

River Indus is in low flood at Tarbela, Jinnah Barrage and Chashma Barrage, River Kabul is in low flood at Nowshera and River Chenab is in low flood at Marala, near Sialkot, Flood Warning Centre said here on Monday. It said that 2,80,000 cusecs water was flowing in River Indus at Tarbela, 2,45,000 cusecs at Jinnah barrage and 2,49,000 cusecs of water at Chashma barrage. The Chashma barrage has been filled to its maximum storage capacity of 0.245 MAF water. River Kabul is in low flood with the running water of 67,500 cusecs at Nowshera and river Chenab is in low flood with the discharge of 86,100 cusecs of water.

THATTA: Leaders of public opinion and civil society have urged the government to formulate an all-inclusive drought mitigation policy that caters to all arid regions of the province including Thar, Nara, Kohistan and Kacho and not confine it to only one particular area. Responding to the recent report about a draft policy having been prepared for approval from the provincial assembly, they praised the efforts made by the Sindh government's 21-member committee and the Thar Development Authority in this regard but stressed that both the initiatives should be synergised and the scope of the authority should be extended to all arid regions instead of focusing on one specific geographic area.

Nasir Ali Panhwar, executive director of the Centre for Environment and Development, said that public was seldom consulted while formulating policies that ultimately affected that same public. Though the government had lately started involving stakeholders in formulating public policies because of pressure of donors and media, he said He said the arid zones of Sindh represented 17 per cent of the arid land of Pakistan and were classified as subtropical deserts. They covered an area of over 68,000 sq. kms of the province, divided into three even sized distinct regions of Thar, Nara and Kohistan, he said. He said the policy should be devised through consultative process so that it might reflect the needs and aspirations of the people living in all arid regions of the province. The chairman of Pakistan Fisherfolk Forum, Mohammad Ali Shah, called for extensive public consultation on drought policy before presenting it in Sindh Assembly. It would give ownership to the policy at a wider scale and stakeholders concerned could provide their input to further enrich the policy, he said. He said the drought could not only hit rain-fed areas but also the riverine zone. Therefore, wherever it occurred in the province it should be mitigated under a wider policy and should be titled as provincial drought mitigation policy. Obhayo Khan Khushk, a former technocrat and now a known environmentalist, said the drought was linked with water and the policy should include the right to food and the right to water for people.

Dr. Mohammad Ali Manjhi, a writer and columnist, argued the drought mitigation policy should not be of discriminatory kind it should be beneficial for the entire population living in various droughts-hit areas of the province. He said that nowadays the tail-end areas of Thatta, Badin and Sujawal districts faced drought-like conditions. The policy, therefore, should be made in such a way that it must be beneficial for all areas and not for a particular area of the province. The Kohistan region covers 23,000 sq. km and occupies four per cent of the total landmass of the province, consisting of parts of Thatta, Jamshoro, Dadu, Qambar- Shahdadkot districts. Thar is located in Tharparkar and Umerkot districts, Nara in Sanghar and Khairpur districts and Kacho in Dadu and Qambar-Shahdadkot districts.

LAHORE: The City District Government of Lahore (CDGL) has issued flood warning notices to all illegal occupants living along banks of the River Ravi in view of the monsoon rains. Officials say though there is no imminent danger of flood, the issuance of notices to these people was mandatory under the Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) devised by CDGL's departments concerned. "We had held a special meeting on monsoon, its possible impact, flood and accumulation of rainwater on city roads a couple of days back. A representative of the irrigation department briefed us in the meeting that the water level in rivers of the region has been gradually on downside for the last 14 years," Lahore DCO retired Captain Muhammad Usman told Dawn on Monday.

According to the year-wise flood data (1983 to 2013), the 1988 and 1995 were the years when the people of Lahore faced massive floods (flow of 467,000 and 329,103 cusecs of water, respectively) in Ravi due to peak discharge below Modupur. "In 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013, Ravi had a flood of 82,400 cusecs, 33850, 87800, 95,600, 9,536, 476,000, 109,800, 76,001, 57,000, 76,001, 135,001, 150,001, 329,103, 132,001, 117,501, 50,501, 2,000, 6,000, 15,200, 6,100, 5,700, 8,000, 19,000, 14,100, 17,100, 1,200 and 23,800 cusecs, respectively," the official data prepared by the Pakistan Commissioner for Indus

Baloch: Rs 4 lakh to be paid for completely damaged houses in NW

Daily Dawn, July 29, 2014

Flood warning issued, water level in Leh rises

Pakistan Observer, July 28, 2014

Rainwater floods low lying areas in Swabi

Daily Dawn, July 28, 2014

Heavy downpour damages tobacco, maize crops

Daily Dawn, July 28, 2014

Baluchistan warns of public protests over short

Waters reads. However, there was not a single cusec of water recorded in 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2009, according to the document. The DCO said the CDGL, Civil Defence, Irrigation and other departments concerned had completed all arrangements as precautionary measures.

LWSC: The Security Exchange Commission of Pakistan has registered the Lahore Water and Sanitation Company. According to officials, the LWSC, a subsidiary of the Punjab government, will soon have an office at Egerton Road where it will initially be governed by a managing director. They say former WASA MD Dr. Javaid Iqbal is also interested in becoming the MD of the new company, which will be given three major localities of the city to run the operational affairs there instead of WASA.

BANNU: Minister for States and Frontier Regions Abdul Qadir Baloch has said the federal government will not rest till complete rehabilitation of internally displaced persons to their homes in North Waziristan. Addressing the displaced people at Bakka Kheil relief camp in Bannu on Monday, he said a survey of houses will be carried out in North Waziristan. Cash assistance of four hundred thousand rupees will be given to those whose houses have totally been destroyed while two hundred thousand rupees to those whose houses partially got damaged. He said about fifty thousand rupees additional assistance will also be given to each displaced family on their return to their areas. The Federal Minister assured that all the displaced families will be registered and given financial assistance in cash and ration. Abdul Qadir Baloch said that shelter schools will also be established for the displaced children in Bannu so that they could continue their education. The Federal Minister said the entire nation highly values the sacrifices of displaced families which can not be compensated with any amount of assistance. The displaced persons are our heroes and stars and facing this time of trial for the peace and comfort of the entire nation. He said the government is alive to the difficulties of the IDPs and all out efforts will be made to address them.

RAWALPINDI: Strong windstorm followed by heavy rain wreaked havoc in different localities of the city, as several low lying areas went into knee-deep water, while a boy, 13 was killed on Adiala Road when roof of a mud house caved in during the rain. The torrential rain though brought some respite for the inhabitants of the twin cities from hot and humid weather, yet the destruction it caused in low lying areas by flooding rain water into the houses proved more painful and destructive to such localities in the city including Imambargah Chowk, Javed Colony, Sadiqabad, Dhok Saidan, Arya Mohallah, Katarian and Adiala Road. Meanwhile a flood warning was issued on Sunday after water level in Rawalpindi's Nullah Lai rose due to intermittent rain in twin cities. The water level of Nullah Lai at Katariyan stood at 8.74ft and 8.27ft at Gawalmandi. The monsoon rainfall in Islamabad and Rawalpindi inundated several low-lying areas. According to reports, the water entered homes, located near the Nullah Lai. The authorities have also directed the residents to move to safer places. The WASA feared that around 300 homes may get affected due to ongoing rains. The met office recorded 40mm rain at Syedpur, 45mm at PMD, 47mm at Chaklala and 35mm at Bokla areas of Rawalpindi. Widespread rain with thundershower is expected in most parts of the country. The met office stated that Strong monsoon currents were penetrating into the central parts of country. Temperature of some major cities recorded on Sunday morning was: Islamabad 24 degree centigrade, Lahore, Karachi and Peshawar 28, Quetta and Muzaffarabad 25, Murree 18 and Gilgit 23 degree centigrade.

SWABI: Rainwater inundated several low lying areas and roads in the district after heavy downpour on Sunday night. The first monsoon rain lashed the district two days back, making the weather pleasant. However, the heavy downpour, which followed the first monsoon rain, created problems for the people and damaged crops. Swabi-Topi Road near Baja and Bamkheik areas were inundated by rainwater and similar reports were received about Topi-Zaida, Swabi-Mardan and Swabi- Jehangira roads. In several areas including Kadi, Bamkel, Kunda, Kayakabal, Hund, Tand Khoi, Sheikh Dheri, Beka, Yar Hussain and Tordher people were seen waiting helplessly near their inundated houses for the rainwater to recede. An official of Chota Lahor tehsil, when contacted, said that various low lying areas were badly affected by the rainwater. More rain would mean more miseries for the people, especially the farmers, he added.

The tobacco and maize growers said that rainwater had badly damaged both the crops. Tobacco is ripe for curing and grading process while maize has recently been cultivated by the farmers. The farmers said that standing rainwater in tobacco and maize fields could damage their crops completely. They said that even if the crops survived, the yield would be reduced and the quality would be affected badly. The farmers said that there was need to drain water from the fields as soon as possible but it was out of their capacity. "The danger of more damage to crops is looming large if the rains continue," said Sardar Khan, a resident of Maneri Bala village. Liaquat Yousafzai, general secretary of Kashtkar Coordination Council, said that tobacco purchasing companies were reluctant to buy the affected crop. The damaged crop could not be cured properly, he added. Mr. Yousafzai said that maize crop could not produce the expected yield and it lead to a huge financial loss of the growers. No causality was reported from any area of the district, however, heavy rain had badly damaged the mud houses. On the other hand, the rain has made the weather pleasant and people thronged bazaars for Eid shopping. Huge traffic jam was witnessed in the town that caused inconvenience to the people. "I have not witnessed such rush of vehicles and people during my 60 years business in the district markets," said Mohammad Ali, district president of Anjuman-i-Dokandaran. The people were in hurry to complete Eid shopping, saying that Sunday was the last day of Ramazan. They expected that Shawal moon would be sighted Traffic jam was also witnessed at the main markets of Topi tehsil. Several motorists turned towards Topi Bypass but despite that traffic could not be controlled by the traffic police and vehicle owners were seen clashing with each other.

LAHORE: Balochistan has expressed serious concern over short supply of water to its canals from the Indus, warning that the situation may trigger massive public protests throughout the

water supply*Daily Dawn, July 27, 2014*

Canal Zone. The province has finally asked the Water and Power Development Authority (WAPDA) to intervene into the matter and ensure supplies to it as per its approved and allocated share. WAPDA has been designated by the Federal Minister for Water and Power as focal agency to assess the veracity of complaints in consultation with all stakeholders, including Indus River System Authority (IRSA), design measures to address such issues and liaise with the provincial governments and the regional media, especially in Balochistan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Sindh while dealing with these matters.

Balochistan alleges that some balance of water out of its due share remains unutilised in the system, which is ironically being availed by other provinces, mainly Sindh. "The province of Balochistan being located on the periphery of the IRSA has the lowest share of water available in the system. But due to lack of infrastructure, the province could not avail its due share in the system," reads a recent letter sent by the Balochistan government to the WAPDA chairman. It mentions the apportionment accord of Indus water-1991 under which the Balochistan province has been allocated 3.87 MAF of water from perennial flow of the Indus River. The federal government established IRSA after formulation of the IRSA-Act in 1992 and its mandate was to authorise annual allocations from the System to provinces and ensure the availability of water to each province according to approved share and allocation as well as to check any violation in this regard and redeem affairs. "Balochistan has been agitating the deficient supplies of water in its canals for the past two decades and the Irrigation Department made continued and hectic efforts by taking up the issue at the level of Federal Ministry of Water and Power and IRSA, followed by a joint visit of the team headed by KPK's ISRA member and representatives of the ministry, WAPDA and officers of the Irrigation Department Sindh and Balochistan to assess the situation at Sukkur Barrage, the report of the visiting team of IRSA is on record wherein the contention of Balochistan for deficient supplies to Balochistan has been endorsed," the letter written by the provincial secretary (irrigation department) explains. It says that the IRSA secretary through a letter in December, 2013 also confirmed that the province utilised 27.81 MAF less water in 23 years (from 1992 to 2013) against its approved share and the present supply of water in the canals of Balochistan is inadequate against the approved share/allocation, indent and the authorization issued by the IRSA. The letter says that in order to resolve the situation of short supplies in the canals of Balochistan for avoidance of any embarrassing position for the provincial government the irrigation secretary (undersigned) visited office of ISRA chairman last month and apprised him on water apportionment accord, responsibility of IRSA with a request that IRSA might exert its authority and ensure the supply of water in the canal of Balochistan as per its allocation during Kharif season. Talking to Dawn, a senior official said WAPDA would first seek input from the Balochistan chief secretary and then talk to IRSA administration (if required). "According to the accord, the right of Balochistan regarding its approved water share in the Indus River System has been admitted. But we have to ensure inter-provincial harmony besides assessing and settling such issues among the provinces," he added.

Tail-end growers devastated by shortage of water for months*Daily Dawn, July 27, 2014*

HYDERABAD: Tail-end growers of Tando Allahyar have accused the irrigation department staff of creating artificial shortage of water at the tail-ends of canals by tempering with modules to supply unjustifiably more water to influential landlords in lieu of huge bribes. "The practice to deprive poor tail-end growers of their share of water is rampant and the officials concerned commit it with complete impunity despite an order of the Sindh High Court's passed in July 2010 which said 'unless tail-end growers received water the upstream users, even if sanctioned ones, shall not be given water,'" they complained. The court allowed the growers to point out incidents of tempering with modules but when they did nothing happened. "Water is available in the system but the tail-end does not get it because their share is diverted to upstream influential landlords," they said. Sindh Chamber of Agriculture general secretary Nabi Bux Sathio said the irrigation officials supplied water to the landowners who paid them huge bribes. "Not only do they get water before their turn but they get more than their actual share. When they ask the officials about the shortage they make lame excuses and blame it on direct outlets allowed by the government," he said. Tando Allahyar farmers having land in tail-end reaches of canals run from pillar to post to get water but their complaints fall on deaf ears. Some of the farmers, Mohammad Hussain Loond, Dodo Khan Baloch and others complained to Dawn that they cultivated cotton through tube-wells which drew sub-soil water not as good as freshwater. "We are not getting water in Kharif despite knocking at all doors. The officials temper with modules of main distributary to supply more water to Thano and Dasoori minor," alleged Dodo Khan Baloch, chairman local vigilance committee, formed by irrigation department's field office a few years ago. Bhoonphar feeds 50 watercourses but they draw water equivalent to that of 200 watercourses. "These watercourses are getting five times more water than what is sanctioned for them," argued Baloch. "When modules are tempered more water could be released to a certain area than the watercourses' designed capacity. Resultantly, downstream water users end up as ultimate sufferers who get no audience with irrigation officials," he said. "No one listens to us. All 50 watercourses of Bhoonphar and 22 of Thano minor are getting water but we at the tail-end of Hadeki are thirsting for each drop," he said. Irrigation officials, according to him, did not care about the court's order passed in 2010 in a petition filed by him and others. "They don't comply with it and more water is provided to upstream users than their share," he said. Phutti (cotton), sugarcane and onion are being cultivated in the area besides mango orchards. Cotton plants are drying while it is peak time for phutti's maturity. Cotton picking has already started in some parts of lower Sindh. Mohammad Hussain Loond, another small farmer, agreed to Baloch saying 100 per cent land was being cultivated by influential landowners in the command area of Bhoonphar although 33 or so per cent was to be brought under cultivation legally. "Irrigation staff keeps modules open or temper with them to provide water to upstream users while we just keep waiting for our turn which never comes," he said. The chief engineer of left bank of Sukkur Barrage, Junaid Memon, admitted to water mismanagement in the area and

'Zulfikarabad project threatens mangrove forests'

Daily Dawn, July 27, 2014

80% payment of Ramazan package to IDPs completed, says Qadir Baloch

The Statesman, July 27, 2014

Hepatitis claiming 0.12m lives in Pakistan per annum

The Statesman, July 25, 2014

Plan for NWA IDPs' education

The Statesman, July 24, 2014

Polio case reported after two-and-a-half years in

tempering with modules but put the entire blame for water shortage on Loond community. He said he had asked executive engineer and SDO to ensure water availability in the system.

KARACHI: Pakistan's largest mangrove forests along the Thatta coast are at risk because of the Zulfikarabad city project, said experts at a recently held meeting in Islamabad. The International Union for Conservation of Nature-Pakistan had organised the meeting for its national committee members, according to an IUCN statement issued on Saturday. The experts expressed concern over reports that development work was being expedited at the site and said that while development was important, protection of a delicate mangrove ecosystem was equally vital, especially in the case of the largest mangrove forest in the country. They asked the government to carry out an independent environment impact assessment (EIA) report of the project. The members of the IUCN national committee also debated on the issue of the nuclear plant being built in close proximity to the city of Karachi and said that the government must not ignore public safety for want of energy needs and it should carry out an EIA of the project.

PESHAWAR: Minister for SAFRON (States and Frontier Regions) Abdul Qadir Baloch has said Ramazan Package has been paid to 80 percent Internally Displaced Persons while the remaining 20 percent will be paid before Eid-ul-Fitr.

In an interview, he said the government is distributing fifty two thousand rupees to each displaced family under Ramazan package. The Minister said the federal government will provide all basic facilities, including health, food, clean drinking water and tents, to them. Replying to a question, Abdul Qadir Bloch said Pakistan and Afghanistan have cordial relations. He said Prime Minister Muhammad Nawaz Sharif desires to have tension-free relations with all neighboring countries. Meanwhile, the Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa Government has increased the number of doctors providing health services to IDPs of North Waziristan. According to Provincial Disaster Management Authority, ninety four doctors have been deputed for the IDPs. Eighteen of them are working in Bannu, thirty two in Dera Ismail Khan and forty four in Lakki Marwat districts. Meanwhile, Al-Khidmat Foundation Pakistan has arranged Al-Khidmat Eid Mela to be organized for the Internally Displaced People (IDPs) of North Waziristan to share the happiness of Eid with the affectees. The Eid Mela would be held after the prayer of Eid-ul-Fitr at Fazal Qadir Shaheed Park in Cantt Bannu. Around 2500 affected families and a large number of people are expected to participate in the event. The special guest at the event would be President Al-Khidmat Foundation Pakistan Dr Hafeez-ur-Rehman. The affectees would be given Eid gifts and family packs, while arrangements of swings and gifts for children have also been made. Former mayor Karachi Naimatullah Khan has said that sharing happiness of Eid with the IDPs was a laudable act. They will forget the deprivation of being away from their homes in this difficult situation, he said. He said that philanthropists must not forget the affectees at the eve of Eid-ul-Fitr.

PESHAWAR: The Hepatitis is claiming around 0.12 million lives every year in the country and if the authorities concerned failed to initiate sincere efforts, the numbers of death could rise further. Dr Ali Akbar Siddiqui, talking to this scribe here on Thursday said that awareness to masses about precautionary measures against disease could reduce the numbers of hepatitis patients in the country in general and in Sindh particularly where the disease is spreading with rapid pace mainly in rural parts. Hepatitis is treatable disease but due to lack of awareness and carelessness of the people it was causing deaths in the country, Dr Siddiqui said and urged the people to follow principle of "prevention is better than cure" for protecting themselves from diseases particularly avoiding the used shaving blades, razors, and make-up kits of beauty parlors, unsafe water, unhygienic food, blood transfusion and illegitimate relations. Dr Ali Akbar Siddiqui further said that around three million patients in Pakistan were suffering from severe progressive hepatitis-C, which leads to liver failure. There was also an alarmingly high incidence of liver cancer in country and it was expected to be the most common cancer in the country. Dr Ali Akbar Siddiqui expressed grave concern over quack doctors, who, he said, were involved in causing Hepatitis with wrong diagnosis and prescription and termed it punishable offence on charge of playing with the live of the people. It was because of wrong treatment that number of the cases of Hepatitis-D has increased in the province.

PESHAWAR: The Directorate of Education FATA has embarked upon a comprehensive plan to effectively facilitate the displaced students of North Waziristan Agency (NWA) to continue with their studies during the period of their displacement. A meeting held in this regard in the DEO office Bannu with Director Education FATA Roz Wali Khan in the chair, decided to utilize all available channels to accommodate the students, displaced in the wake of ongoing military operation against the insurgents in NWA, in various educational institutions enabling them continue their studies in the schools and colleges in Khyber Pukhtunkhwa in general and District Bannu & Lakki in particular. The meeting, also participated by the heads of various education institutions and education officers from all over the FATA, decided that the Director Education FATA will approach the Director Elementary & Secondary Education & Director Higher Education Khyber Pukhtunkhwa for asking all the Principals/Head Masters/ Head teachers of the schools falling under their jurisdiction in Khyber Pukhtunkhwa to allow registered displaced students of NWA provisionally in their respective institutions for attending classes till their repatriation after military operation. Being the major hosts Districts and frontline Districts of the displaced students, the DEO Bannu and Lakki shall extend unflinching support and cooperation for allowing the registered displaced students of NWA in the educational institutions provisionally falling under their respective jurisdictions while in case of non-availability of space in any educational institution in Districts Bannu & Lakki due to registration of displaced students the FDMA and the donor's agencies shall be requested to provide tents.

QUETTA: A fresh case of polio was found in Balochistan's Killa Abdullah district on Thursday after a period of two-and-a-half years. According to United Nations Children's Fund (Unicef)

Balochistan
The Express Tribune, July 24, 2014

Number of IDPs can reach 2m: Minister
The Nation, July 23, 2014

Rs.20m collected for IDPs
Daily Dawn, July 23, 2014

PM's cell confirms five fresh polio cases
Daily Dawn, July 20, 2014

sources, the crippling virus was found in an 18-month-old girl in union council Maizai area of district Killa Abdullah. "Doctors have confirmed [the] polio virus", the sources said. The latest case of polio virus was reported after two-and-a-half years in Balochistan. "The girl's family had lived in Karachi for four years", Unicef sources said, adding that the family had arrived in Balochistan's Killa Abdullah district this year. With the emergence of the new case, the total number of polio cases in Pakistan this year have reached to 102. Recovery of polio virus in Quetta during June this year prompted the Balochistan government to launch an emergency anti polio campaign in polio-risk districts. In 2011, 22 polio cases were reported from Killa Abdullah out of total 73 from all-over Balochistan. "That was [the] worst year for Balochistan", Rehmat Baloch, provincial health minister, told Dawn. He, however, said that his department was determined to eradicate the virus from the province. The provincial government and Unicef had made hectic efforts to eradicate the virus from the province but with the emergence of this new case, all efforts have been overshadowed.

ISLAMABAD: Federal Minister for States and Frontier Regions Abdul Qadir Baloch, while terming the ongoing war on terror in North Waziristan a war greater than those of 1965 and 1971, called upon the political parties to play their role in helping the displaced persons. Addressing a press conference here on Tuesday, Federal Minister for States and Frontier Regions Abdul Qadir Baloch said there was no room for failure in the war against terrorism. He added elimination of terrorists and their sanctuaries was not a difficult task. Abdul Qadir Baloch said the first major success in the ongoing battle against the scourge of terrorism would be the rehabilitation and return of the internally displaced persons (IDPs) to their abodes. "So the entire nation should come forward and reach out to them for extending help," he asserted. Federal Minister for States and Frontier Regions Abdul Qadir Baloch further said that terrorism caused a huge loss to the economy of the country, adding targeted crackdowns on criminals will be undertaken in major cities, including Karachi and Lahore. He said registration of one million IDPs had so far been completed while National Database and Registration Authority (NADRA) had verified 50,000 families.

Minister for States and Frontier Regions Abdul Qadir Baloch cautioned that there could be targeted operations in Karachi, Lahore, Islamabad and other major cities through police, Rangers and FC. He added the military could also participate in the operations if needed. The federal minister was of the view that after the completion of the operation, it will at least take three months for return and rehabilitation of IDPs. The minister said it was not difficult to eliminate the terrorists' hideouts, but the real challenge was honourable return of the affected people to their homes. The minister also urged the countrymen to play their role by taking an active part in relief activities for IDPs. However, he added, the government has ample resources to tackle this issue, no matter any person comes forward or not. Federal Minister for State and Frontier Regions Abdul Qadir Baloch denied that civilians were killed in last week's air strikes conducted in Shawal valley in North Waziristan. "There is a very small civil population in Shawal valley which has yet to be evacuated, but I assure you there were no reports of civilian casualties," Baloch told a news conference in Islamabad. He also said Mullah Fazaullah-led militants hiding in Afghanistan were planning attacks on the Bajaur tribal region. He added Pakistan Army would foil their plans of capturing Bajaur Agency. He admitted the government had failed to mobilise the nation over the IDPs issue, but said they would be rehabilitated through local resources. He opined the total number of IDPs from North Waziristan could reach two million. He urged the nation to play its role by taking an active part in relief activities to win the hearts and minds of the IDPs. Abdul qadir Baloch claimed the ongoing operation in North Waziristan was bigger than the wars of 1965 and 1971, and victory was the only option against the terrorists. He reiterated that Pakistan is an investment paradise, but due to this menace, neither international investment is coming, nor are local investors ready to invest.

Earlier, Adviser to Prime Minister on National Security and Foreign Affairs Sartaj Aziz chaired an inter-ministerial meeting to review the issue of rehabilitation of IDPs. The Economic Affairs Division secretary gave a presentation, outlining various options based on past experience. The representative of SAFRON told the meeting that FATA Secretariat was already in the process of preparing a damage-assessment report, on the basis of which needs in terms of rehabilitation and reconstruction would be assessment. The meeting was attended among others by the Economic Affairs Division Secretary, the NDMA chairman, representatives of SAFRON and the Military Operations Directorate.

MULTAN: A friendly cricket match between Multan Tigers and Pakistan XI helped collect about Rs20 million for the internally displaced persons (IDPs) of the North Waziristan Agency. Pakistan XI led by Faisal Iqbal won the toss and elected to bat first in the T20 match played at the jam-packed Multan Cricket Stadium on Monday night. The match not only provided a great festivity to fans here but also helped collect decent amount for the IDPs. Playing first, Pakistan XI made 195 runs from 20 overs at loss of five wickets. Faisal Iqbal and Sami Aslam were top scorers as they contributed 47 runs each to set a target of 196. Chasing 196, Multan Tigers, captained by Inzamam-ul-Haq, scored only 180 runs in the allotted overs, losing six wickets. Babar Ali was the top scorer. On the occasion, Faisal gave a cheque of Rs2 million for the IDPs while another cheque of Rs. 200,000 was given on behalf of Inzamam besides special persons' cheque of Rs100,000 was also donated to the IDPS. Provincial Sports and Law Minister Rana Mashood Ahmad Khan distributed prizes among players.

ISLAMABAD: As many as five new cases of polio have been confirmed by Virology Laboratory at the National Institute of Health (NIH) in the capital. This puts the tally of polio cases detected over the first six months of 2014 at 99. An official from the Prime Minister's Polio Cell told Dawn the cases had been reported from the Federally Administered Tribal Areas (Fata), Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Sindh. Two of the cases were reported from North Waziristan, one each from the Madakhel and Dattakhel areas. A third child from tehsil Wana in South Waziristan is said to

Tremors felt in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Daily Dawn, July 19, 2014

Heavy rain lashes Umerkot, Badin

Daily Dawn, July 18, 2014

River Kabul continues to flow in medium flood

The Statesman, July 18, 2014

Zarb-e-Azb, IDPs' rehabilitation to complete in 4 to 6 months: Mashhood

The Statesman, July 18, 2014

have contracted the poliovirus as well. All three children were not vaccinated because vaccinators have not been allowed to run their anti-polio drive in Fata by the Taliban since June 2012. Another young girl, from the Suleman Khel area in Lakki Marwat, was diagnosed with polio. Her family reportedly refused to administer the vaccine, the Polio Cell official said.

Eighth polio case detected in Sindh

The fifth case was detected in Karachi's Manghopir area in Gadap Town. Here too, parents refused to administer the vaccine to their child when a polio team went to their house. According to official figures, as many as 73 cases of polio have been recorded in Fata (North Waziristan 57, South Waziristan 6, Khyber Agency 8, Frontier Region Bannu 2); 17 cases have been recorded in KP (Peshawar 6, Bannu 9, Mardan 1, Lakki Marwat 1); and 9 cases have been recorded in Sindh including 8 from Karachi alone (Baldia Town 1, Orangi Town 1, Gadap Town 4, Site Area 1, Landhi 1, Sanghar 1). No case has been recorded in Punjab. Our Peshawar Bureau adds: Two-year-old Jaul Haq, son of Noor Dad Khan of village Madakhel in North Waziristan, has been confirmed as the new polio patient. The other patient from the area is 18-month-old Maryam, daughter of Khaliq Nawaz. Fiaz Mohammad, son of Abdul Ghafoor, is one-and-a-half years old. He is a resident of tehsil Wana in South Waziristan. Two-year-old Maria, daughter of Naimatullah, belongs to Lakki Marwat. The fifth new patient has been identified as 21-month-old Hamza, son of Zabihullah, a resident of Gadap town, Karachi.

PESHAWAR: Tremors were felt in several parts of the northwestern Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province on Saturday. The epicenter of the 5.4 magnitude earthquake was in the Hindu Kush mountains and its depth was measured at 60 kilometers. According to the meteorological department, there were no immediate reports of damage or casualties. The tremors from the quake were felt in Peshawar, Dir, Shangla, Takht Bhai, Malakand, Swat and adjoining areas leading to fear and panic among residents.

UMERKOT: Heavy rain preceded by strong winds and a dust storm lashed Umerkot, its adjoining areas and parts of Badin district on Thursday evening, bringing relief to water-starved people. The strong winds reportedly uprooted several trees and electricity poles, which resulted in suspension of power supply to Umerkot town and its adjoining areas. It also rained in the towns of Pangrio, Shadil Large, Khoski and their adjoining areas in Badin district. The rain coupled with thunderstorm continued for half an hour and turned the weather pleasant.

PESHAWAR: The Federal Flood Commission (FFC) on Thursday said that all main rivers including Indus, Jhelum, Chenab, Ravi and Sutlej were flowing normal while the River Kabul was in Medium Flood in Warsak-Nowshera reach. According to daily FFC report, today's actual river flows and reservoir elevations indicates that Tarbela and Mangla reservoirs are at elevations of 1472.17 feet and 1210.70 feet respectively, which are 77.83 feet and 31.30 feet below their respective Maximum Conservation Levels of 1550.00 feet and 1242.00 feet. The combined live storage capacity of Tarbela, Chashma and Mangla reservoirs is 7.667 MAF as compared to last year's 9.099 MAF.

According to Flood Forecasting Division, Lahore, yesterday's feeble trough of Westerly Wave continues to prevail over Kashmir & adjoining areas, whereas yesterday's Monsoon Low over Northeastern Madhya Pradesh (India) today lies over Northwestern Madhya Pradesh (India). Seasonal Low lies over Northern Balochistan. Moist current from Arabian Sea is penetrating into Kashmir upto 5000 feet. As predicted by the Flood Forecasting Division, Lahore, scattered thundershowers with isolated heavy falls are expected over Lahore, Gujranwala, Faisalabad, Sahiwal, Sargodha and Rawalpindi Divisions and Southeastern Sindh including Kashmir during the next 24 hours. Scattered thundershowers may occur over Malakand, Hazara, Multan, D.G. Khan and Bahawalpur Divisions including Gilgit-Baltistan, besides, upper catchments of rivers Indus, Jhelum, Chenab, Ravi and Sutlej during the same period. Significant rainfall events as reported by FFD, Lahore during the past 24 hours include Sehrkakota = 124 mm, Tanda Dam = 88 mm, Chakdara = 45 mm, Rawalakot = 44 mm, Bhakkar = 42 mm, Ja0ssar & Daggar = 41 mm each, Phulra = 38 mm, Kakul, Bannu & Toba Tek Singh = 37 mm each, Sialkot (Cantt = 35 mm & Airport = 30 mm), Warsak = 25 mm, Oghi, Malamjabba & Sahiwal = 24 mm each, D.I. Khan & Dir = 23 mm each, Kallar, Murree & Balakot = 20 mm each, Hattian Bala & Gujranwala = 18 mm each, and Saidu Sharif = 17 mm.

MULTAN: Punjab Law Minister Rana Mashhood said on Wednesday that operation "Zarb-e-Azb" and rehabilitation of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) would be completed within next four to six months. Addressing a press conference, he said that over 500 terrorists had been killed in the on-going operation and similarly, 80 percent area of North Waziristan had been cleared from terrorists. He observed that the whole nation was backing the government and army in operation against terrorists and was also aware of sufferings of the IDPs. He claimed that the government would send these IDPs back to their homes with a complete confidence. About help towards IDPs, Rana Mashhood stated that PM Relief Fund was introduced and the countrymen were extending donations to minimise sufferings of IDPs. He also informed the government was also organizing four cricket matches in order to raise funds for IDPs and these cricket matches would be played in Rawalpindi, Multan, Faisalabad and Lahore. The families of the soldiers who embraced martyrdom in the war against terrorism would be chief guest in the matches. He also added that 70,000 young volunteers had been registered to provide facilities to IDPs. To a question about Imran Khan's march and sit-in, Rana Mashhood said that reforms could not be made by staging sit-ins on roads. He added that parliament was best forum to make amendments in the constitution. Any step outside the parliament, would be extra-constitutional, he said and claimed that PML-N's long-march for the restoration of judiciary was entirely different from Imran Khan's proposed march. He, however, added that nobody would be allowed to make Islamabad hostage by gathering 40 to 50 thousand people. About call of revolution, the Law Minister stated that revolution call could create anarchy. He observed that

Drought continues?: 47 child deaths reported in Thar

The Express Tribune, July 17, 2014

Tsunami warning system not functioning for two years

Daily Dawn, July 15, 2014

Infections haunt IDP children as displaced number crosses 0.9m

Daily Dawn, July 13, 2014

revolution was a process of gradual change. He claimed that investigation process of Model Town incident was heading forward in a transparent manner and those who were found guilty, would be awarded punishment. He, however added, the elements who were pointing fingers at country's security institutions, were actually working on foreign agenda. To a question about CM announcement of Multan as big city, he claimed that Chief Minister Punjab would lay foundation stone of Metro Bus Service on August 14 and also announce some big packages regarding big city status. About corruption of last government, he stated that NAB, FIA and other institutions were carrying out investigation in this regard.

HYDERABAD: The Tharparkar drought, which continues after claiming more than 200 lives of children by March this year, is again taking a toll on infants with 47 deaths reported in a month. Health authorities, however, dispute that these deaths are related to the drought and they also question the figure. The mortality spiral in the desert region re-emerged after a lull of over two months as April brought scanty showers that lasted a few days, turning the weather pleasant. But the government's relief distribution also ended in May. "Deaths of children have continued in Thar," said the Sindh High Court's relief-inspecting civil judge Mian Fayaz Rabbani. The judge visited Mithi Civil Hospital on Tuesday when three newborns died in the hospital. Five-month-old Shakila, daughter of Anwar Rahimo, also died in the hospital on Wednesday. Up to 18 of these recent deaths have reportedly occurred in July. Currently, as many as 40 children are admitted in the paediatrics ward. Talking to the local reporters, the judge also criticised the provincial government saying that it is not taking serious measures to address the situation. He said he brought several instances of corruption to the government's notice but it did not take action against any of its officials. "A food inspector who was removed after he was found stealing wheat that was kept for distribution among drought-hit people has been made in charge of the same godown (warehouse) again." He said he wrote to the provincial government to take action against the food officials involved in wheat misappropriation but no action has been taken so far. A total of 259,945 families were to be provided subsidized wheat bags of 50 kilograms each. However, widespread complaints about bags weighing much less than the announced weight and a large number of families being deprived of aid were reported during the distribution. Meanwhile, some doctors claimed that the recent deaths have nothing to do with the drought. "Most of the infants who have died in the hospital were newborns. Hence, the media reports about malnutrition-related deaths are unfounded," Dr. Sahib Dino Janji, a paediatrician at the Mithi hospital, told The Express Tribune. The children from across Tharparkar district are brought to his hospital for its better paediatric facilities as the health facilities in the affected area lack child specialists. The huge district, which is spread over 20,000 square kilometres, has an estimated population of about 1.5 million people who live in scattered and far-off towns and villages. After declaring drought in Tharparkar in early March, the Sindh government announced that it would appoint doctors to fill vacancies and provide adequate health facilities in all parts of the district.

At the time, 181 posts of doctors were vacant in Tharparkar. Health authorities transferred 27 doctors from different districts to the district in March but less than half of them joined duty. Subsequently, 52 new doctors were appointed on regular jobs with the government offering double the salary, accommodation and other incentives. However, the newly appointed doctors say they have not been paid for three months, which is affecting their work.

GWADAR: A tsunami warning system installed in Gwadar in 2012 has not been working for the past two years. Official sources said that the control of the system installed in collaboration with the United Nations was handed over to the Met Office in 2012. The system has not been working because the Met Office has not paid service charges to the satellite company which was hired to issue warnings of tsunami. A new building of the Met Office was constructed in Gwadar two years ago, but it is not in operation because only one official is deployed there. Besides, it lacks required equipment and other facilities. According to the sources, it seems senior officials concerned are not interested in making the tsunami warning system functional.

BANNU: The number of internally displaced people (IDPs) registered with the Fata Disaster Management Authority (FDMA) reached 910,040 on Saturday and those fleeing from North Waziristan Agency face health related challenges. As the registration of the internally displaced persons (IDPs) continued for the sixth day in Peshawar, 4,500 people were added to the list, which according to the FDMA has reached to 80,122 families, among them 235,499 are male and 261,734 are female, and the rest 393,636 are children who are faced with severe health hazards and ailments. Almost half of that number, mostly children and women, face serious health hazards due to poor hygienic conditions, in addition to severe hot weather which has increased ARI (Acute Respiratory Infection), gastro infections, skin and other water borne diseases. Hundreds of patients mostly children, women and elderly tribesmen are arriving at hospitals with gastroenteritis, ARI infections and diarrhea infections but further, the hospital conditions and facilities are inadequate to cope with the situation. Many of the IDPs are complaining that the children are the most affected as many of them are malnourished as well. Living in highly unhygienic conditions has multiplied their problems and the infection ratio is very high due to poor sanitation. Yousaf Shah of Mirali, who brought his two children to the Khalifa Gul Nawaz Hospital now run and managed by the army stated that rashes and break outs of the skin have appeared on his children who are also suffering from stomach ailments. He said that most people are suffering from diseases as they are living in highly congested environment with at least 20 to 25 people living in one room. Furthermore, he said the drinking water and toilet facilities at the host families houses and schools were really poor and could not cater to their needs. Akran Wazir from Dattakhel who was visiting the District Headquarters Hospital for treatment had a severe heat stroke, while his children were also suffering from gastro infection. He said that the people living beyond Miramshah belonged to colder areas and the heat here (at the IDP camps) was beyond tolerance. Dr. Sartaj Khan DMS women and children Hospital

660,000 children to get polio drops in KP

The Statesman, July 12, 2014

Moderate quake jolts Northern Areas

The Statesman, July 12, 2014

Water crisis forces fisher families to migrate to towns

Daily Dawn, July 10, 2014

Bannu says that mostly children are coming with cases of diarrhea, vomiting and severe heat strokes, adding that cases of malaria and typhoid were also on the surge. He said that since May 16 so far the hospital has treated more than 21,780 patients out of which more than 5000 are children, while the remaining are women. He also said that about 532 deliveries have taken place out of which 85 were through surgery and the remaining were normal births. He said that earlier they were faced with shortage of medicines and vaccines but now because of the support provided by the army and the donors, the supplies are sufficient to cater to the needs of the patients. The load shedding he said had also added to their problems, however, now the authorities have provided a direct line which has solved that problem. Medical Superintendent of District Headquarters Hospital Bannu, Dr. Nazir Ahmed says that the hospital OPD treated at least 77 IDP patients with gastro and Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI) on Friday while the number was around the same on Saturday. He further said around 250 to 300 patients have also been treated by the PIMS doctors at the District Headquarters Hospital for gastro and ARI infections, adding the other hospital are also receiving patients for similar ailments due to severe hot weather and poor hygienic conditions. Health experts are also of the view that severe heat, congested environment, unhygienic food and water besides the dust and environmental contamination is also causing respiratory diseases among the IDPs, especially in children and elderly patients with low level of immunity. The World Health Organisation has already cautioned about the health of the IDPs population and called for medicine supplies for water borne diseases, besides the availability of trained staff to cope with the growing health problems of the IDPs. The displaced of North Waziristan residents began with the Pakistan Army's announcement of a grand operation named 'Zarb-i-Azb' against Taliban militants in the stronghold following a Tehreek-i-Taliban Pakistan-claimed attack on Karachi airport and failure of peace talks between government and Taliban negotiators.

PESHAWAR: The Health Department is planning to vaccinate about 660,000 children in seven districts of the province where Internally Displaced Persons (IDP) from North Waziristan Agency (NWA) have relocated in the wake of Operation Zarb-i-Azb. Almost half of the numbers of youngsters who will be vaccinated are likely to be children displaced from NWA. The Fata Disaster Management Authority (FDMA) data shows that the total number of IDPs so far registered with the authority is 787,888. Of these, the number of children is around 339,456, according to the FDMA data. Talking to Dawn News, Deputy Director EPI Programme Dr. Raheem Khattak said that the NWA children have been at a higher risk as polio vaccination could not be carried out in the areas there since 2012. "The moving population, mostly children have low immunity level, has also put the host population at risk. We are hoping to vaccinate some 660,000 host and IDPS children in seven districts of the province," he said. He said that North Waziristan had been a challenge for the authorities. "Of the 88 polio cases in 2014, 60 are from the North Waziristan. Now an entire population has migrated and this is a chance to vaccinate them," he added. Five polio cases were recorded from Peshawar, one from Mardan, two are from Bannu and another five from South Waziristan Agency. Dr Khattak informed that Bannu is the first point of entry and the IDPs movement and relocation is mostly through this district. "All union councils of Bannu will be covered under the programme which can be termed as 'Sehat ka Insaf 2'," he said while referring health initiative of the ruling Pakistan Tehreek-i-Insaf in KP. He said that selected union councils in Dera Ismail Khan, Lakki Marwat, Hangu, Karak, Tank and Kohat would also be covered under the drive. To a query about the exact number of children likely to be vaccinated, he said segregating locals and tribal children would be difficult. The provincial health department will complete polio vaccination during Ramazan in five phases, Dr Khattak said. He added that two phases have already been completed and the third one will start from July 12. He further informed that measles campaigns and vaccinations for other diseases in these cities will also start from August 4, soon after the Eidul Fitr and will cover all the host and guest children. As most of the tribal population is on the move, the polio virus is circulating between the Fata and the KP cities bordering the tribal areas. Dr Khattak said this is a golden opportunity given the fact that the authorities were facing a hard time in vaccinating children in NWA. Now, the same children who missed out on vaccination will be able to get polio drops, he said.

CHITRAL: Country's northern parts jolted by earthquake tremors on Friday. There were no reports of casualties in the early morning earthquake, local officials said. Hindu Kush mountains were the epicentre of the 5.1 magnitude earthquake at the depth of 73 kilometres, a meteorological department official said. The tremors of the quake were felt in Chitral, Malakand and adjoining areas. People rushed out of their homes due to fear and panic. Pakistan straddles part of the boundary where the Indian and Eurasian tectonic plates meet, making the country susceptible to earthquakes.

THATTA: More than 200 fisher families have migrated from 195 villages of union councils Kar Malik, Kothi and Gul Mohammad Baran in Jati taluka towards urban areas and wetlands because of acute shortage of water in their areas. A survey conducted by Dawn on Wednesday found that the water crisis which, according to locals, was going from bad to worse by each day, had forced the villagers of Haji Dandhal, Shafi Dandhal, Umar Borio, Ishaque Themor, Hassan Samejo and Ibrahim Borio to leave their ancestral abodes for wetlands of Keenjhar, Jamshoro, Jhimpir and Sanghar and barrage areas of lower Sindh. The villagers said that all sources of water in these villages had either dried up or turned brackish over the past nine months and people had to sell out their cattle, their major source of income, because they had no water to keep them alive. Besides, farmers could not cultivate 180,000 acres of their fertile land during paddy sowing season because there was no water in canals in the coastal belt, they said. Local growers Zahid Soo-mro, Ghulam Abbas Mal-kani, Khulqul Rehman Soo-mro and Yousuf Memon complained that despite passage of three months to Kharif season water had not been released into the tributaries of Pinyari Canal, including Sher Khana Shaakh, Jati Minor, Gadap, Karoondh, Tango Minor, Goongri Large, Maliha and other water channels, which had caused

4 more polio cases in Khyber Agency, Sindh
The Express Tribune, July 09, 2014

Disaster management authority to finally get a helicopter
The Express Tribune, July 09, 2014

drought like conditions in the area. They said the situation had worsened because the already hyper saline underground water level was destroying the standing crop. The irrigation department had not released water to the area for months which had turned brackish the little water stored in the reservoirs in a number of villages and wells, they said. The only option left to the villagers was 25 to 30 km away water supply system of Jati town, an unaffordable task for the poor fishermen, they said. One of the main reasons, the villagers said, behind persistent water shortage was that corrupt bureaucrats of irrigation department had allowed illegal cuts and installation of water pumping machines in the tributaries of Pinyari Canal either under political pressure or after receiving bribe. Growers Amir Bux Sam-ejo, Abdul Karim Khaskheli, Loung Rachho, Ghulam Ali Rachho, Ibrahim Chalko and Essa Chalko told this correspondent that they had moved a petition in the district and sessions court of Thatta against the man made water shortage and cited in it as respondents executive engineer irrigation of Sujawal and Jati. The growers would launch a campaign if they were denied their legitimate water of share in Jati villages and coastline, they warned. They said if the government did not accept their genuine demands they would be forced to take the extreme steps including self-immolation because their patience had reached the end of their tether. The families which had migrated from the villages were forced to live dingy camps in subhuman conditions and were compelled to beg to keep body and soul together, they said. They appealed to the chief minister to take notice of the situation and do them justice. Sujawal Deputy Commissioner Shoukat Jokhio said the situation was getting worse not because of water shortage at the upstream but because of rampant favoritism and nepotism by the irrigation authorities. No responsible irrigation official was available for comments.

HYDERABAD / PESHAWAR: Three new polio cases surfaced in Khyber Agency on Monday, taking the count to 92, only one case away from last year's tally of 93. Separately, in Sindh's Sanghar district, one child was diagnosed with polio. The cases from Khyber Agency have been confirmed by the Polio Virology Laboratory at the National Institute of Health (NIH), Islamabad. An official of the Federally Administered Tribal Areas (Fata) Expanded Programme on Immunisation (EPI), on the condition of anonymity, said the children from Khyber Agency had not been immunised due to the worsening situation in the area and the militants' ban on immunisation for the last three years. The first polio affected child is named Sumbul, daughter of Waris Khan. The five-year-old girl is a resident of Aka Khel, tehsil Bara. The second polio victim is one-year-old Samran, daughter of Khan Alam, who showed symptoms of paralysis on June 9. The child is a resident of Aka Khel Tirah, tehsil Bara. Eighteen-month-old Ibrahim, son of Shakeel, who is from Kanday Miran Khel, also in tehsil Bara was diagnosed with poliovirus as well. Separately, in Sindh, a 22-month-old infant was diagnosed with the polio in Sanghar district. Rehamatullah, son of Gul Muhammad Brohi, was tested positive with the virus in a report issued by the National Institute of Health. The local doctors received the report on Saturday. Brohi, a livestock breeder, lives in Peru Mal locality in union council Sethar, some 30 kilometers from Sanghar. He has ten children and Rehamatullah is the second youngest among them. All his siblings will now be checked for the virus. "We were satisfied that no case had surfaced in Sanghar for over three years. But this occurrence has shaken us," said Dr Tahir Kalyar, the district focal person of polio campaign. He told The Express Tribune that the child has been administered six polio doses since his birth but he still caught the virus. "The overall results from the last three years campaign show that the health teams were effectively carrying out the immunisation drive. But this development has worried us with the possible gaps perhaps in keeping the drug in coldstorage." Health officials are also tracing the origin of a virus in Khuzdar, Balochistan, and some other parts of Sindh like Mirpurkhas. According to him, Brohi frequently travelled to these parts of the country to trade livestock animals. The World Health Organisation's teams also reached Sanghar and took part in the mapping process within five square kilometres of the Peru Mal area. The last case in Sanghar surfaced in May 2011, when a four-year-old child, Muhammad Ismail, was diagnosed with polio. The doctors claimed that Ismail had also received routine polio doses after his birth. Of the total 92 cases this year, at least 69 have been reported from volatile Fata and 15 children were diagnosed with polio in Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa. Similarly, eight cases were reported from Sindh, seven of which are from Karachi.

KARACHI: The Provincial Disaster Management Authority (PDMA) is set to purchase a brand new helicopter to cope with emergencies. The authority has floated international tenders for the procurement of the helicopter. Officials of the provincial government told The Express Tribune that Rs1.6 billion have been allocated for the new helicopter. It would have the seating capacity for 17 people and would bear a minimum of 600 kilogrammes at the time of take-off. "Since we don't have our own helicopter, we borrow it from the navy or the Askari Aviation of Pakistan Army Trust," a finance department official told The Express Tribune. "If we hire a helicopter from private firms, it costs us more than Rs0.3 million per day." The government has formed a committee, headed by the finance secretary to ensure that the procurement is carried out in a transparent manner. Other members of the committee include the PDMA director-general, the chief pilot of the chief minister's helicopter, general administration secretary and two representatives from the civil aviation authority as well as another technical firm.

PDMA DG Suleman Shah told The Express Tribune that the necessity to procure a helicopter was felt after the fire that had raged through the 15-storey Pakistan National Shipping Corporation building in 2007. The idea, however, remained on paper due to the lack of will as well as funding. "We need a state-of-the-art helicopter," said Shah. "We will look at the specification of the helicopter, especially the fuel consumption rate, maintenance costs, rate of climb at take-off and operating temperature range," he said, citing a few examples of the specifications that will be checked. Shah said that the department was being revamped and would be equipped with latest equipment. A sum of Rs500 million has been earmarked to deal with emergencies in the province. "Usually, our department faces a lot of difficulties due to the

Medical help for IDPs: Federal hospitals asked to mobilise resources

The Express Tribune, July 09, 2014

More displacement: Relief work in Darel Valley hindered by counteraction

The Express Tribune, July 09, 2014

Flood damages 14 houses in Chitral valley

The Statesman, July 08, 2014

Earthquake tremors felt in Abbottabad and surrounding areas

The Express Tribune, July 08, 2014

High-risk areas:

lack of funds," lamented Shah. "These funds are usually released after the calamity has struck. This year, however, we have received the funding beforehand and purchased all the necessary equipment." The provincial government had purchased two helicopters in the early 1990s. Both were being used for VIP movements and emergencies until they were grounded in 2010. According to officials, around Rs106 million were estimated for the repair of these helicopters. However, the chief minister had rejected the proposal to spend more funds on the repair and maintenance of these helicopters. In 2012, a summary was approved to purchase a new helicopter at a cost of Rs1.3 billion. This time, however, it was officials of the finance department who had raised eyebrows, suggesting the CM to spend Rs450 million to hire a copter for the time being, given the financial constraints. Before the monsoon season last year, the federal government had turned down the Sindh government's request to temporarily provide it with a helicopter. Subsequently, the provincial government had proposed to hire the helicopter from Askari Aviation Private Limited for a period of two months. Under the agreement, the government would have to bear expenses of more than Rs0.3 million per day. This, however, did not happen. In the current budget, the government has increased the funds for the chief minister's helicopter from Rs42 million to Rs77 million. The CM hires these helicopters from private firms, utilising government funds on its repair and maintenance, which is said to be more than the cost of its fuel.

ISLAMABAD: State Minister Usman Ibrahim has directed the Pakistan Institute of Medical Sciences (PIMS), Polyclinic and National Institute of Rehabilitation and Medicine administrations to mobilise all available resources to extend medical help to internally displaced persons (IDPs).

Ibrahim, who was recently appointed as the minister for the Capital Administration Development Division (CADD), issued the directives at a meeting on Monday, said a press release. The meeting was told that PIMS has already dispatched two mobile hospitals comprising an operation theatre of six beds, toilets, medicines and 65 staff including doctors and nurses to Bannu. Furthermore, 15 quarters and a makeshift apartment have also been arranged for senior staff to carry out relief work. The meeting was also informed that command and control systems have been established at CADD and PIMS to monitor all relief activities. A committee has also been formed to conduct weekly audit of relief activities to be submitted to the prime minister. The minister lauded the PIMS staffers' performance and announced bonuses of one month's salary for all PIMS staff working in Bannu. He also directed CADD officials to ensure a proper need assessment is carried out to provide the required items to the IDPs as soon as possible.

GILGIT: Villages hit by a flash flood in Darel Valley on July 4 continue to suffer in the absence of relief as operations against militants take priority in the area, making it hard for aid workers to reach those affected. Floods triggered by heavy rains swept away 73 houses, and damaged another 102, leaving dozens of families homeless. Calamity hit the area soon after its police station was ransacked by militants, who tied up officials on duty and robbed them of uniforms and weapons. An operation spearheaded by the police and supported by the Gilgit-Baltistan Scouts followed and has acted as a roadblock for aid work in Darel, located more than 150 kilometres from Gilgit. "Those affected couldn't be reached because of an ongoing operation," said Tahir Rana, an employee of Al-Khidmat Foundation, on Wednesday. The non-government organisation, associated with the Jamaat-e-Islami, assessed the damage soon after the disaster and but was unable to go ahead with aid work. Al-Khidmat now plans to set up camps in Gilgit, starting Friday. We have submitted the assessment report to our main office. Very soon we will be able to deliver some assistance to affected families," said Rana. Mushtaq, a resident of Darel Valley, said displaced families were dependant on their relatives for food and shelter. The flood had swept away most of their belongings, including cattle and other livestock. "The situation is grave and people are looking for assistance from the outside world, but it is difficult for it to reach at the moment," said Mushtaq, referring to the operation. On Tuesday, police conducted a door-to-door search operation in Darel and arrested several suspects. The same day, in Chilas, military choppers pounded hideouts of suspected militants in Muspar Forests and arrested suspects. An official at the Gilgit-Baltistan Chief Minister's Secretariat claimed the chief minister has taken notice of the plight of the villagers hit by the flood. "He has asked the chief secretary to ensure aid reaches as a priority," said Sajjadul Haq.

CHITRAL: Flood in river Chitral has caused disaster in remote valley Orghuch Lasht of Chitral. While snow on the mountain is melting rapidly due to extreme temperature, water level in the river has risen causing flood and severely damaging the river side population. Fourteen families living on the river bank have come under water. Riverside protective barrier has broken due to rising level of water and water has entered these houses. Talking to INP correspondent, the residents said that though they know that their lives are in danger and any time gushing water could sweep them, they cannot leave because every side of their houses is under water. Also they said no arrangements have been made by the government for their temporary stay. The administration has provided us one tent without any thing to lay on surface and this tent is insufficient for us we have to rescue ourselves or our cattle or our luggage, they said. Ex-chairman union council Orghuch told that till now no sound help has been provided by the government and the affectees are waiting for relief. A retired army man while carrying his two kids told that we are residing here since last 30 years , even last year the flood has damaged our houses, standing crops, cattle but the government is still sleeping and no help is coming.

Earthquake tremors were felt in different parts of the country including Abbottabad, Mansehra, Nankana Sahab and surrounding areas on Tuesday, Express News reported. According to the Meteorological Office, the earthquake measured 5.3 on the Richter scale. The epicenter of the quake was north-west Kashmir, and occurred 10km deep. The tremors were also felt as far away as Gilgit and Hunza. There was no immediate report of any damage.

RAWALPINDI: A three-day polio vaccination drive will be carried out in high-risk areas of

Vaccination drive begins today

The Express Tribune, July 07, 2014

Rawalpindi from Monday (today). Under the special campaign, more than 200,000 children will be given polio drops, informed health officials. Polio teams will cover high-risk areas in 27 union councils of Rawalpindi city, cantonment areas and Taxila tehsil, Executive District Officer (EDO) Health Dr Zafar Iqbal Gondal said on Sunday. He said the influx of a high number of people from North Waziristan and other parts of Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa, coupled with reports about the presence of polio virus in some areas, has led them to launch the special drive. Gondal said the health department was tracing whereabouts of internally displaced persons in Rawalpindi but they are facing problems in locating them due to lack of coordination among various departments. The EDO said around 1,365 mobile teams have been formed to carry out door-to-door vaccination. "Special teams will also be deployed at entry points and bus terminals to make the drive a success," he said, adding that sufficient vaccine supplies have been placed at the disposal of the polio teams. In the recently concluded regular campaign, he said, 711,744 children were given polio drops.

Double whammy: Floods wreak havoc in Darel Valley of G-B

The Express Tribune, July 06, 2014

ISLAMABAD / GILGIT: Flash floods triggered by rain have swept away homes, farm animals and orchards in Gilgit-Baltistan (G-B)'s Darel Valley, leaving many families homeless. The floods hit villages in the picturesque valley at about 2:00am on Friday, an hour after armed men stormed the police station, tied up police personnel and looted arms and ammunition. According to sources, the situation is quite disturbing. "The gushing water swept away 73 houses, partially damaged another 102 houses and displaced cattle in the valley," Tahir Rana, programme manager at Al-Khidmat Foundation told The Express Tribune. The charity organisation sent its teams to the valley to assess the damage and organise relief efforts. The flood, triggered by heavy rainfall, was followed by an earthquake which measured 5.3 on the Richter scale that struck the region about 1:45am. "At least six houses have been washed away by the flood while 35 others have been partially damaged," said Umar Khan, a resident of the Chilas town. He added that hundreds of livestock, roads and fruit trees had also been damaged. While the administration was busy tracking down the militants who attacked the police station, residents launched their own rescue operation.

According to Khan, a resident of the valley, the rescue operation was orchestrated on a self-help basis, because nobody was paying attention to their plight. Meanwhile, experts are trying to assess whether the flood was the outcome of a glacial lake outburst (GLOF) or the earthquake that struck the region. According to a survey conducted in 2013, up to three dozen lakes in the region have been declared hazardous for settlements downhill. 'Milder monsoons Rains during this year's monsoon season are expected to be normal, not torrential, during the month of July, with rainfall in Gilgit-Baltistan, northern Punjab and Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa, predicted Pakistan Meteorological Department's director general Arif Mehmood. Talking to The Express Tribune on Saturday, he, however, added that rainfall will increase gradually during August and September in the northern parts of the country. But the forecast of floods was simply not possible, informed Mehmood. The north-eastern parts of the country are expected to receive slightly above normal precipitation during the monsoon season, while the areas of southern Pakistan are likely to receive below average rain fall, he added. Earlier, National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) chairman Maj Gen Muhammad Saeed Aleem had also said that the monsoon season is predicted to be milder this year than usual and areas expecting rain will not experience heavy or major losses. Nevertheless, precautionary arrangements are being made due to unusual climate patterns worldwide. However, when NDMA officials were contacted on Saturday to learn about the authority's contingency plan in line with the meteorological department's forecast, they did not respond.

Special control room set up for IDPs

Daily Dawn, July 06, 2014

PESHAWAR: A control room has been set up at the office of the commissioner Bannu to facilitate the internally displaced persons of North Waziristan Agency in getting help of the relief organisations and volunteers. The control room has been set up at the special directives of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Chief Minister Pervez Khattak. The basic purpose of the control room is to share with the concerned quarters fresh reports and information about the affected people of North Waziristan Agency, monitor the registration of IDPs and relief activities, address complaints against any federal or provincial government departments like police, National Database and Registration Authority, Water and Power Development Authority, and municipal services, according to a handout issued here on Friday. The control room would address on emergency basis the complaints of the displaced persons. Similarly, the control room would also provide guidelines to the IDPs about the non-government and relief organisations for assistance both in cash and kind and about volunteers. Assistant commissioner revenue, Bannu, Mohammad Asghar Marwat, has been appointed as the in-charge of the control room. Complaints can be lodged at phone numbers: 0928-9270044, 9270220, 62621144. Complaints can also be faxed at 9270041 and 9270220. Moreover, commissioner Bannu Syed Mohsin Shah could also be contacted at his office for any complaint or guidance in this regard. Media briefing for local and foreign journalists has also been arranged on daily basis at the control room, according to the handout.

Rain submerges management

The Nation, July 04, 2014

LAHORE: Like other parts of country, the ongoing rainy spell have flooded most of the busy areas of the provincial capital with rainwater and turned roads into pools. Heavy rains started in noon and continued in most of city areas for hours on Thursday in episodes as mostly city roads submerged and homes in many parts of the city flooded with water which exposed the performance of the authorities concerned regarding monsoon arrangements. Many low-lying areas of city have been inundated by ongoing heavy rains, paralysing the daily routine life of the residents. Long queues of vehicles at roads were also witnessed during rain because of stagnant rainwater on these roads, uncovering the poor arrangements made by district administration for flushing out rainwater. Amongst the most rainy areas are Sanda Road, Lower Mall, Samanabad, Chauburji, Ichra, Mozang, Lakshmi Chowk, Garhi Shahoo, Misri Shah, Ram Garh, Circular Road, Chah Miran, Shadbagh and Baghbanpura. According to the Meteorological

Department, maximum rain in Lahore was recorded at 166 millimeters at Jail Road. In this regard, the DCO Capt. (retd) Usman put the authorities of WASA, Town Administrations and Lahore Waste Management Company (LWMC) on high alert after rains and directed them to ensure drainage of rainwater from the low-lying areas of the city in order to restore movement in such areas. After strong winds, the city is experiencing heavy rain falls. Owing to the continued heavy rains, more than 70 power feeders in the provincial metropolis tripped on Thursday due to weak transmission system and heavy rains, causing power breakdowns for several consecutive hours.

According to details, 70 power feeders tripped due to the rain, causing 3-4 hours of loadshedding in addition to the routine power outages of 7-8 hours. The areas where feeders remained out of order included Railway Colony, Sharifpura, Muslim Town, Garden Town, Muslim Park, Rahmanpura, DHA, Shalimar and McLeod Road, Ferozpur Road, Walton Road and Ghazi Road. Meanwhile, residents of these areas protested at various parts of the city against complete failure of Lahore Electric Supply Company in smooth provision of electricity. They blocked the vehicular movement in the area, before ransacking the electrical equipment of LESCO. According to local Metrological Office, the new spell of monsoon rains has begun in Lahore and other cities of Punjab, which is expected to last for the next three days. The forecast also includes a mix of clear and cloudy skies with a few showers, chance of a thunderstorm and 4 to 7 mm of rain. Further, the met office forecasted that rain was likely to continue for couple of days as rainy clouds had entered in the north side of Punjab. The rain has broken the heat wave in the city and people are enjoying the pleasant weather. However, the Mall road, Court Road, Empress Road, Bilal Gunj, Ravi road, Bhati Gate, Nisbat Road and Lakshmi Chowk are those areas where rainwater accumulated, leading to traffic delays. Further, Lahorites witnessed a cool rainy day, which was a bit hot till the noon but clouds covered the sky later on and it rained with pleasant breeze that changed the climate of the City.

According to Met officials, widespread rain-thundershower associated with gusty winds is expected in central Punjab (Sargodha, Faisalabad and Sahiwal divisions), while at scattered places upper/south Punjab (Rawalpindi, Gujranwala, Lahore, Multan, DG Khan and Bahawalpur divisions), KP, Kashmir and Gilgit-Baltistan. While in other parts of the country, hot and humid weather is expected. Rains received and recorded in different parts of the country were Rawalakot 77mm, Gujrat 62mm, Barkhan 58mm, Malamjaba 40mm, Murree 36mm, Saidu Sharif 30mm, Joharabad 28mm, Balakot 23mm, Peshawar and Chirat 20mm, DG Khan 19mm, Astore 15mm, MB Din 13mm, Sialkot and Bannu 11mm, Jehlum, DI Khan and Gujranwala 10mm, Lahore 09mm, Jhang, Parachinar and Pattan 8mm, Gilgit 07mm, Noorpur Thal, Lower Dir and Bunji 06mm.

PESHAWAR: Jamaat-e-Islami Amir Sirajul Haq has demanded that FATA and KP be declared calamity hit areas and special concessions be announced for the people there in view of the military operation in North Waziristan. Addressing a press conference here Tuesday, the JI Amir claimed that thousands of Tribal Muslims have been martyred in the operation while tens of thousands have been rendered homeless. He said the operation in NWA has once again made people homeless and according to him these people were facing unbearable problems.

Sirajul Haq asked the Prime Minister that instead of sitting in his office in Islamabad, he should visit the IDPs camps in Bannu frequently and personally supervise the relief activities. He also demanded that during the month of Ramzan, each IDP family should be given Rs 50,000 to meet his requirements. He said the religious parties were not taken into confidence about the operation while no arrangements were made in advance to look after the IDPs. For its part, he said, Jamaat-e-Islami has started its relief work and established nine big relief camps with the facilities of twenty five ambulances and three field hospitals. He said Al Khidmat Foundation has deployed 2050 volunteers and established three big kitchens for Sehr and Iftar of the IDPs. He said the arrangements made by the federal government so far are insufficient. He also demanded a time frame for the operation and permission to the IDPs to go any where in the country. He said there would be dangerous consequences if the operation continued for an indefinite period. The JI Amir proposed the establishment of a task force comprising all parliamentary parties in the national assembly to monitor the relief and rehabilitation activities. Asked about the statement of Imran Khan regarding dissolution of Khyber Pakhtoonkhwa Assembly, the JI amir said his party and the people of KP would not support that step. He said Imran has the power to decide whether to remain in government or not but he has no authority to dissolve the assembly.

Siraj for declaring FATA and KP as calamity hit areas
Rs50,000 compensation for each IDP family for Ramazan sought
The Statesman, July 01, 2014

DRR/ DRM SECTOR FRAMEWORKS NEWS

German Government

Germany announces €1m aid for NW IDPs

Daily Dawn, July 31, 2014

ISLAMABAD: The German government has announced one million Euro in immediate assistance to support the relief activities of the World Food Programme (WFP) in the north-west of Pakistan through a project 'Enhancing Food and Nutrition Security and Rebuilding Social Cohesion for Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) of North Waziristan tribal agency. "The ongoing military operations have displaced significant parts of the population in that area; a fact which is exhibited in the recent exodus from Federally Administered Tribal Areas (Fata)'s North Waziristan Agency," a spokesperson for German embassy in Islamabad said.

"The assistance would ensure the food security and nutrition of IDP in the north-west, support their return and facilitate recovery and would restore and stabilise the nutritional status of vulnerable populations in Pakistan's most food-insecure areas," the spokesperson said.

Meanwhile, sources in the World Health Organization (WHO) said that the organisation has provided medicines worth USD 250,000 for internally displaced persons (IDPs) from North Waziristan tribal region. The sources further said that the medicines were sufficient to cater the needs of over 114,000 patients and added that necessary equipment was also provided to District Headquarters Hospital Bannu. Pakistan's military launched Zarb-i-Azb operation against Taliban militants in North Waziristan Agency following a brazen attack on Karachi International Airport and failure of peace talks between govt and Taliban nominated negotiators. Around one million IDPs belonging to 90,750 families had been registered since the beginning of the operation.

Fata Disaster Management Authority (FDMA)

FDMA to address grievances of displaced families

Daily Dawn, July 28, 2014

PESHAWAR: Fata Disaster Management Authority (FDMA) is establishing Grievance Redressal Mechanism (GRM) to redress the grievances of hundreds of displaced families of North Waziristan Agency by ascertaining reasons for rejection of their cases by National Database and Registration Authority (NADRA). Officials said that FDMA had initially registered 90,039 displaced families from the troubled area and the data was sent to NADRA for verification. The authority after scrutiny verified 52,986 families as genuine and rejected 37,053 cases owing to duplication or invalid number of the Computerised National Identity Cards. They said that grievances' desks would be set up in Bannu and other IDPs hosted areas in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa to review the rejected cases and provide quick relief to the affected families. NADRA has rejected thousands of cases during the verification process.

Vulnerable groups especially widows have been facing problems in getting registration cards because of non-availability of their identity cards. The local people have set up action committee to help widows and other affected people, who have yet to get registration cards. Total eight grievances desks including four at the World Food Programme's distribution hubs in Bannu would be set up to address the complaints of the displaced families. Staff of the FDMA, UNHCR and implementing partners would be deputed at these desks. Officials said that data of 37,053 claimants was required to be addressed through a robust GRM. They said that FDMA also tried on its own to redress grievance of 11,227 displaced families, who had provided invalid Computerised National Identity Cards numbers by manually checking the original registration data. After scrutiny by FDMA confirmed data of 5,190 families and sent it to NADRA again for validation process. The remaining 6,037 were being processed to provide relief to genuine displaced families.

FDMA would share final database of the rejected cases with protection cluster and proper guidelines would be developed for the awareness of displaced families. FDMA will also contact rejected cases through SMS on the SIMs of the cellular company, which is transferring cash assistance to affected families.

UNHCR will expand the number of grievances desks and also the number of staffers, who will be equipped with the database of rejected cases and procedural guidance note. It has been proposed that all grievances desks will be jointly attended by UNHCR, implementing partners and FDMA staff for its accountability.

Over 49,000 displaced families verified by NADRA, says FDMA

Daily Dawn, July 21, 2014

PESHAWAR: The National Database and Registration Authority (NADRA) has verified 49,857 of 85,065 displaced families of North Waziristan Agency, the record of which was sent to it by the Fata Disaster Management Authority. This was stated by FDMA director general Abid Majeed at a press conference at Peshawar Press Club on Sunday. He said that the registration process was stopped on July 15 and till that time some 49,857 families of 85,065 had been verified by NADRA. However, he said that the total number of displaced families manually registered at various registration points was 92,702. Of the verified families, record of 49,736 families had been sent to Zong while payment drawn by displaced families as reported by Zong was 15,031. Mr. Majeed said that the internally displaced persons (IDPs) had been registered in two phases at three points, including Saidgai checkpoint FR Bannu, Peshawar and Kurram Agency. The cash grant disbursed through Zong (Pak-China Mobile) from July 8, 2014 to July 20 was Rs405.4 million.

IDPs missed to be compensated after verification

The FDMA DG claimed that the manual payment of cash assistance at three cash distribution points established at Bannu till July 6 stood at Rs358.24 million. He said that the number of total beneficiaries assisted at the rate of Rs12,000 each till the same date was 29,853. The total amount disbursed, he said, was Rs759.24 million. Giving further details about the displaced people, Mr. Majeed said that of total IDPs verified by NADRA about 140,718 were men, 156,030

women, and 228,318 children. He said that the variation between figures of data computerised by FDMA and sent to NADRA was due to weeding out of duplication or erroneous record at the FDMA level.

Zarb-i-Azb: DG FDMA suspended over inadequate facilities to IDPs

The FDMA chief said that total Rs1.2 billion had been transferred to Askari Bank Limited for release to Zong in lieu of payment of cash grant to the beneficiaries. The data sent to NADRA, he said, was final and there was no backlog on the FDMA side. However, he said that the FDMA was ready to compensate the families missed in the process or those who had recently returned from Afghanistan. He said that a total of 144 families of minorities were also verified by NADRA. He asked the people to contact the FDMA officials in case of any problem, saying that those having no computerised national identity cards could contact the relevant assistant political agent or tehsildar for verification. He said that some 9,000 families had not obtained the Zong SIM and they should come to get the same for cash assistance.

United Nation (UN)

UN agencies agree to provide basic facilities to IDPs

Daily Dawn, July 27, 2014

PESHAWAR: The United Nations agencies and its partners will assume a bigger role in days ahead to cater to the needs of internally displaced persons (IDPs) of North Waziristan Agency, sources said. They said that the UN agencies had agreed in principle to provide basic facilities to the newly arrived IDPs if international norms and guidelines were followed. Under these norms, rights of IDPs will be protected. Right to personal safety, food, shelter, education and access to work offers vital protection during such displacements. The government has agreed to expand the scope of humanitarian agencies to IDPs. In this regard, a meeting of the stakeholders was held in Peshawar on Saturday which was presided over by Chief Secretary Amjad Ali Khan. Provincial Disaster Management Authority (PDMA) director general Tahir Orakzai was appointed focal person of the coordination committee. Officials said that approximately 500,000 IDPs from North Waziristan Agency had settled in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and now PDMA with the assistance of UN agencies would look after the displaced people.

PDMA to look after displaced people with UN agencies' assistance

The Fata Disaster Management Authority (FDMA) said that the number of IDPs had reduced from one million to 500,000 after verification by the National Database and Registration Authority. Tribal people had fled homes after the Pakistan Army launched operation against militants in North Waziristan Agency on June 18. Civil Secretariat, Fata, has put staff of the line departments in North Waziristan, including education and health, at the disposal of the administration of the IDPs hosting districts, particularly in Bannu. The Bannu district having one million people has been overburdened with the arrival of the huge influx of IDPs. An official source said that the UN agencies and its partners would intervene to provide assistance in health, education, drinking water, sanitation, hygiene and nutrition. He said that the government could not fulfil needs and requirements of the IDPs without engaging the UN bodies. "Malnutrition among children is a major issue and the UN has the capacity and resources to fulfil nutrition requirements of children, especially new born babies," the official said.

UNITED NATIONS: Pakistan is ranked at 146 - the same spot as in the previous year - among the 187 countries in U.N.'s 2013 Human Development Index (HDI)'s annual rankings that is worked out by combining indicators of life expectancy, educational attainment and income. The HDI forms part of the Human Development Report (HDR) 2014, a flagship study produced annually by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). It was released in Tokyo on Thursday. The report, entitled: "Sustaining Human Progress: Reducing vulnerabilities and Building Resilience" is 23rd in a series which began in 1990. The first UNDP Human Development Report (HDR) was prepared and launched under the leadership of the late Dr. Mahbubul Haq, a former Pakistan finance minister. The HDR especially notes that over 200 million people are affected by natural disasters and 45 million, the largest number in 18 years, were displaced by conflicts at the end of 2012. These factors contributed to denting the improvement in human development. In other South Asian countries, India ranked 135, one step up from last year, Bangladesh rose four steps to 142, while Sri Lanka ranked 73, a big rise from last year's 92, Maldives: 103, up one step, while Nepal rose to 145 from 157. Bhutan finished 140, up four steps. Oil-rich Norway was the country with the best quality of life and is ranked number 1 on the 2013 HDI, as it did last year. Australia and Switzerland followed at the top of the standings. Burkina Faso, Eritrea, Chad and Mozambique are at the bottom of the annual ranking. Netherlands, United States, Germany, New Zealand, Canada, Singapore and Denmark are placed among the top 10 countries in the 2013 HDI. With nearly a third of humanity poor or vulnerable to poverty, governments need to put a higher priority on creating jobs and providing basic social services, the United Nations Development Program said in the report. It warned that improvements in longevity, education and income, which are the three main components of the UNDP's influential index of human development, are slowing due to worsening inequality and economic disruptions, to droughts and other natural disasters and to poor government policies. But the agency also said the solutions are not complicated. "As this report says, it's not rocket science," UNDP head Helen Clark said before the report's release. "Where people do address these things, development can come along very, very nicely. Where they haven't addressed a lot of vulnerabilities and development deficits, as in Syria, it all comes spectacularly unstuck." "Eradicating poverty is not just about 'getting to zero,' Clark said, "but about staying there." Most people in most countries are doing better than ever before thanks to advances in education, technology and incomes, the report said. But it notes a "widespread sense of precariousness in the world today in livelihoods, the environment, personal security and politics." - APP

UN's Human Development Index Report 2014

Pakistan ranked at bottom in South Asia

The Statesman/APP, July 25, 2014

UN seeks \$99 million for North Waziristan IDPs

ISLAMABAD: Funding constraints continue to pose fresh challenges to the provision of humanitarian assistance for over a million Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) of North Waziristan Agency (NWA), as the United Nations requires \$ 99 million to effectively respond to the

The Statesman, July 20, 2014

unfolding emergency in the north-west. Launched by the UN and humanitarian partners under the umbrella of Humanitarian Country Team (HCT), in consultation with the Government of Pakistan, the Preliminary Response Plan (PRP) requires \$ 99 million for vital humanitarian assistance to support 500,000 IDPs for six months while the world body says it has not lately received any funding. So far, the donors have pledged or contributed only \$ 22.5 for the affectees of military action in NWA whose number has reportedly exceeded 1,050,000.

Separately, the Pakistani government initially released 500 million rupees for the IDPs in Bannu of which over Rs 400 million have been spent, sources in the Ministry of States and Frontier Regions (SAFRON) said. "Major chunk of this money has been spent on ration and shelter," the officials said adding that the SAFRON Ministry has requested the Prime Minister Secretariat for releasing additional funds. "The existing funds are exhausting and additional funds are needed to enable IDPs meet basic challenges such as payments for rented accommodations and provision of monthly cash assistance entitled to the registered IDPs families," the sources said.

PM Secretariat's Spokesman and Information Minister Senator Pervaiz Rashid said the government's funds for IDPs do not cover the humanitarian assistance provided by the UN agencies and are part of overall Rs 6 billion earmarked by the PM secretariat for the IDPs help. "There is a huge amount of funds we have allocated for the NWA affectees to tackle the IDPs management in military operation and post-operation periods," he said. To a query, the minister said the Pakistani government did not seek funds from international community or foreign assistance for the IDPs. "If UN and humanitarian agencies seek funds from donors, it's a separate thing. It's in line with their standard procedure, the way humanitarian organisations operate. The government has not requested for funds from the world community and we are rendering every possible support to humanitarian agencies working here." According to the UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) Pakistan, priority needs remain around food, health, protection, and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) activities. Urgent funding resources are needed to continue scaling up the humanitarian response, suggests a recent report from OCHA on the NWA IDPs. The OCHA seeks immediate provision of additional funds from the UN's Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF). These funds are pending reportedly due to the allocation of funds for humanitarian emergencies worldwide. "On 10 July, a CERF application for priority clusters was resubmitted to the CERF Secretariat. Final approval is still pending," OCHA states in its report. No funds remain in the ERF for disbursement, it adds. A humanitarian official, requesting anonymity, said that the funding scenario for the NWA IDPs was marked with challenges mainly because the Pakistani government did not want the UN to launch a flash appeal for the IDPs and did not, therefore, made a related request to the world body. "There are certain obligations that bind the donors for generous humanitarian funding when flash appeal is launched in any given situation in any part of the world. But the Government of Pakistan has not so requested. The humanitarian partners are seeking funds outside the flash appeal which, in existing circumstances, is quite a challenge due to ongoing humanitarian emergencies worldwide, as in the Middle East and African regions," the source shared. The OCHA says lack of information on service, assistance and support available still remains a concern, particularly for displaced women, requiring urgent information dissemination/outreach through diversified communication tools. Protection rapid assessment indicates women have access challenges to health services including reproductive health (RH) services due to various constraints such as cultural barrier to visit male doctors, and a lack of information on available services, female health workers and transportation cost. "There is a need for expanded mobile health teams with female health workers. Health care services including RH are lacking specifically for gender based violence (GBV) survivors," the UN humanitarian agency suggests.

UN praises role of cooperatives amid focus on sustainable development

The Statesman, July 06, 2014

PESHAWAR: As the international community focuses on climate change, sustainable development and a new anti-poverty agenda beyond 2015, United Nations officials are highlighting the role cooperative enterprises can play in economic development, social justice and environmental protection. In his message for International Day of Cooperatives, marked annually on July 5, Secretary-General Ban Ki-moon said that this year's day falls at a "critical time" with the UN working to reach the 2015 deadline for the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), and adopt a long-range sustainable development agenda, as well as a new climate agreement. "Cooperatives are particularly important to agriculture, food security and rural development. In the finance sector, cooperatives serve more than 857 million people, including tens of millions who live in poverty," Ban said. He added that they are helping communities in both developed and developing countries to generate energy, manage water supplies and provide other basic services.

Ranging from small-scale to multi-million dollar businesses across the globe, cooperatives operate in all sectors of the economy, and provide 100 million jobs worldwide - 20 per cent more than multinational enterprises, according to 2011 figures from the UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), the UN International Fund for Agriculture Development (IFAD) and the UN World Food Programme (WFP). In 2008, the largest 300 cooperatives in the world had an aggregate turnover of \$1.1 trillion, comparable to the gross domestic product (GDP) of many large economies, the UN agencies said. "As member-owned, member-run and member-serving businesses, cooperatives can put social justice and equity at the heart of economic progress," Ban said, adding that they also help to ensure that the production and provision of goods and services matches the needs and aspirations of communities. In his message, Guy Ryder, Director-General of the UN International Labour Organization (ILO), noted that cooperatives reach many of the poor and excluded who are out of reach from the government, and from conventional markets for goods and services, such as smallholder farmers.

There are an estimated 500 million family farms - those that rely primarily on family members for labour and management - across the developed and developing world, according to the FAO. In

many developing countries, family farms represent up to 80 per cent of all farm holdings. In an effort to highlight the potential family farmers have to eradicate hunger, preserve natural resources and promote sustainable development, the UN had named 2014 as the International Year of Family Farming. In his message, Ryder said that cooperatives and mutual are "enterprises of the future", which can complement conventional markets and government action.

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ILO initiates short-term job creation opportunities for North Waziristan IDPs

The Statesman, July 25, 2014

International Labour Organization (ILO)

PESHAWAR: The International Labour Organization has advised the Government of Pakistan to provide short-term jobs to North Waziristan IDPs on priority basis to avoid their long term protracted unemployment. ILO's reconnaissance mission to Bannu from 22-23 July 2014 revealed that a large number of IDPs were sitting idle most of the day either on the sidelines of the distribution hubs or in the city areas due to non-availability of any productive engagement for them. The mission also observed the prevalence of Child Labour in the area which seems inevitable due to economic stress on the families but this is not condonable and should be restricted by providing immediate alternate employment opportunities to adult family members. Due to lack of credible labour force statistics on FATA, it is also very difficult to assess the actual magnitude of job losses and plan for the workforce accordingly. In view of this situation, ILO in collaboration with other UN Agencies operating in the area i.e. (WFP and UNDP), has designed and funded a gender sensitive intervention to facilitate short-term employment for the internally displaced families and engage them in productive activities. This is with the aim of reducing vulnerabilities, burden on Government resources and improving the dignity of IDP's and their living conditions in the host communities. The ILO will set up Emergency Employment Information Centre (EEIC) and start registering IDPs for provision of employment under different work modalities. While some persons could be engaged in direct employment through cash-for-work, others would be supported through provision of work tools to look for work on their own and others could be facilitated in getting employment with other organizations or with well-off local families e.g. as domestic helpers or care givers. In addition to its available resources, the ILO is in process of mobilizing resources and developing partnerships for these interventions and will expand the scope of its interventions in future. A database of skilled workers would also be prepared to be shared with prospective employers in the local areas. The current strategy is an initial response plan designed in line with the initial priorities identified by the Community Restoration (CoRe) Cluster, co-chaired by the Government. The strategy is two-pronged and will lay the foundation for short-term employment and livelihoods by (i) providing immediate quick impact support to the affected communities to generate jobs and incomes and (ii) put in place the building blocks for long-term recovery.

Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever in Pakistan

Relief web, July 25, 2014

World Health Organization (WHO)

25 July 2014 - The disease early warning system (DEWS) of Pakistan has recently detected a seasonal spike of human infections of Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever. From 30 March to 20 July 2014, a total of 42 cases of Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever, including 10 deaths (case-fatality rate: 24%) have been reported across the country. Of these reported infections, 22 cases have been laboratory-confirmed. Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever is endemic in Pakistan. However, since last year, human infections caused by the virus have been occurring throughout the year and in wide geographic areas of the country. The WHO country office in Pakistan is working closely with the National Institute of Health in Islamabad and other provincial health authorities to contain the seasonal spike and prevent its spread from endemic foci to other non-endemic areas. Surveillance and laboratory diagnosis for early detection of cases, infection control measures in health care facilities and risk communication have been strengthened in traditional hotspots in the country.

United States Agency for International Development (USAID)

US gives \$9.3 million more for IDPs

The Nation, July 23, 2014

ISLAMABAD: The United States Embassy on Tuesday announced an additional contribution of \$9.3 million to help the government meet the health, water, sanitation and livelihood needs of internally displaced persons (IDPs) from North Waziristan Agency. These funds will be provided through the United States Agency for International Development (USAID). The US government will provide \$7 million to UNICEF/Pakistan to improve health, hygiene, water and sanitation services for IDPs with the remaining funds used to ensure the health of livestock. This new funding brings the total US contribution benefiting IDPs from North Waziristan to \$17.3 million. The United States announced \$8 million in food assistance for IDPs on June 26, 2014. Ambassador Olson said, "The United States stands ready to help the government of Pakistan prepare for and respond to the considerable humanitarian needs emerging in the Federally Administered Tribal Areas. Our additional \$9.3 million contribution reiterates the importance of the partnership among the government of Pakistan, development organisations and the United States." The UNICEF/ Pakistan will use the funds to strengthen the existing lady health workers (LHWs) programme and train new LHW staff in places hosting the IDPs to ensure timely and consistent delivery of essential medicine, oral dehydration solutions, and other essential health services. Funds will be used by UNICEF to repair and build water facilities and sanitation infrastructure in areas where the IDPs have relocated. The provision of potable water and hygiene kits, the monitoring of water quality and sanitary services, and practices among the displaced population to prevent outbreaks of epidemics will also be undertaken. To help ensure the livelihood and economic survival of the displaced population, a portion of the \$9.3 million will also be used to help maintain the health of animals belonging to the IDPs. Support will include ensuring access to feed, water and the provision of temporary shelter. A statement issued here said the United States has a long history of working together with the people of Pakistan to provide humanitarian assistance. From October 2013 to July 2014, USAID has provided over

\$60 million in food assistance to Pakistan. Since 2009, the United States has provided over \$1.4 billion in humanitarian assistance to the people of Pakistan, making it the largest bilateral provider of humanitarian support to the country.

National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA)

Toyota Motors Handed Over Relief Trucks to NDMA for IDPs

NDMA News, July 22, 2014

Toyota Indus Motors Company handed over relief consignment worth Rs 5million to National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) for the displaced persons (DPs) as a result of a military operation against terrorists in North Waziristan. On behalf of Toyota Indus Motors Company, Resident Director (Mr. Niazi) and General Manager HR & CSR (Tariq Hussain Khan) handed over humanitarian assistance to Chairman NDMA, Major General Saeed Aleem, as a gesture of solidarity and to contribute in the relief efforts to alleviate the sufferings of the DPs. The consignment comprised of ten truckloads with one thousand hampers of relief goods for the displaced persons. The humanitarian aid includes food items like flour, pulses, oil, salt and biscuits for displaced families living in camps in Bannu. While talking to media present on the occasion, Mr. Tariq informed that Toyota Company has been actively participating in the relief efforts during past years as well like during earthquake and floods. He also thanked NDMA for their support and assistance. Chairman NDMA thanked the Company for the compassionate gesture and generous contribution for the noble cause. While talking to media Chairman NDMA lauded the national spirit to stand by their brethren and supporting the displaced persons. He reiterated governments resolve to use all available resources to address the DPs issue and commitment to ensure provision of timely relief assistance in accordance with the needs of the affectees affected in the course of the military operation. He also assured of all out support to government and DPs in their hour of need.

Capacity building of school teachers and management in school safety and DRR

NDMA News, July 10, 2014

Large number of schools and training institutions were destroyed and damaged after Pakistan's 2005 earthquake, leaving thousands dead and injured. The floods of 2010 also destroyed over 10,000 schools, causing damages worth Rs. 26,464 million. Most of the school buildings and educational institutions do not comply with the hazard resistance designs, construction and have no preparedness and response plans, which are the major causes of loss and damages in wake of disaster. In this context, National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) is making an endeavor to build the capacity of school teachers and management through series of training courses planned by National Institute of Disaster Management (NIDM). In order to educate the Punjab Education Foundation (PEF) officials and school teachers, NIDM organized a two days training course on "DRR for School" from 9th to 10th July, 2014. The objective of training course was to acquaint the participants with basic understanding of disaster risk reduction and formulation of school safety and evacuation plan to minimize the losses in case of any disaster. The training course was attended by 26 individuals, representing different schools and PEF's management. Resource persons from the government and development sector having sound background experience in the field were invited to impart training. The training module consisted of lectures, group exercises, interactive discussion and practical work. The training concluded with the certificates to the participants on the final day of the training course.

Chairman NDMA Visit to DP Camp, Bakakhel

NDMA News, July 5, 2014

Chairman NDMA, Major General Saeed Aleem along with NDMA team, Commissioner Bannu and Comd 475 AEBG, Brig Aftab visited the IDP camp at BakaKhel and Distribution Points to assess the condition of IDP's and efforts made by the Army and Civil administration to ensure displaced persons were well looked after. During the visit Chairman and his team were briefed by Commissioner Bannu, Mr. Syed Mohsin Shah regarding the arrangements made to provide relief and measures undertaken to address issues related to camp management, security arrangements and necessary facilities provided to accommodate/ facilitate the DPs. Chairman NDMA also examined the registration procedure at the Bakakhel camp, Bannu and interacted with DPs to ensure their needs were met in a befitting manner. He assured to extend all possible assistance to FDMA so that timely relief to the DP families was provided. Moreso, instructed the District management to carry out the damage assessment in early time frame and asked the Commissioner to pull in resources from other Districts to capacitate the Deputy Commissioner in undertaking the assigned task. NDMA has already provided necessary tents, plastic mats and generators to FDMA for the DP families of North Waziristan. NDMA remains committed and forthcoming to address the needs of the DPs as best as possible.

United Nations Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (UNAIDS)

19m people with HIV unaware of having the virus: UNAIDS report

The Statesman July 21, 2014

PESHAWAR: A new report by UNAIDS issued from Geneva on Wednesday showed that 19 million of the 35 million people living with HIV globally do not know their HIV-positive status. Whether you live or die should not depend on access to an HIV test, said Michel Sidib, Executive Director of UNAIDS. Smarter scale-up is needed to close the gap between people who know their HIV status and people who don't, people who can get services and people who can't and people who are protected and people who are punished. The UNAIDS Gap report shows that as people find out their HIV-positive status they will seek life-saving treatment. In sub-Saharan Africa, almost 90% of people who tested positive for HIV went on to access antiretroviral therapy (ART). Research shows that in sub-Saharan Africa, 76% of people on ART have achieved viral suppression, whereby they are unlikely to transmit the virus to their sexual partners. New data analysis demonstrates that for every 10% increase in treatment coverage there is a 1% decline in the percentage of new infections among people living with HIV. The report highlights that efforts to increase access to ART are working. In 2013, an additional 2.3 million people gained access to the life-saving medicines. This brings the global number of people accessing ART to nearly 13 million by the end of 2013. Based on past scale-up, UNAIDS projects that as of July 2014 as many as 13 950 296 people were accessing ART. If we accelerate all HIV scale-up by 2020, we will be on track to end the epidemic by 2030, said Mr. Sidib. If not, we risk significantly increasing the time it would take adding a decade, if not more. By ending the epidemic by 2030,

the world would avert 18 million new HIV infections and 11.2 million AIDS-related deaths between 2013 and 2030. The report reveals that just 15 countries account for more than 75% of the 2.1 million new HIV infections that occurred in 2013. In every region of the world the report finds that there are three or four countries that bear the burden of the epidemic. In sub-Saharan Africa, just three countries Nigeria, South Africa and Uganda account for 48% of all new HIV infections. However, the report also shows that entire countries are being left behind for example, six nations Central African Republic, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Indonesia, Nigeria, Russian Federation and South Sudan are facing the triple threat of high HIV burden, low treatment coverage and no or little decline in new HIV infections. In the first report of its kind, the UNAIDS Gap report emphasizes the importance of location and population through an in-depth regional analysis of HIV epidemics and through analysis of 12 populations at higher risk of HIV. - PPI

Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Government

Rs44m disbursed among IDPs under Esaar Programme

The Statesman, July 20, 2014

PESHAWAR: The Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Government has disbursed over 44 million rupees among IDPs of North Waziristan Agency under "Esaar Programme". According to Radio Pakistan quoting the latest report of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Disaster Management Authority, 5524 families have received cash assistance through mobile SIMs in Bannu, Lakki Marwat, Dera Ismail Khan, Karak, Abbottabad, Mansehra and Peshawar. The authority has installed toll free helpline in its headquarters, Peshawar to facilitate the IDPs. The helpline number is 091-080080045. Meanwhile, Federal Government has accelerated disbursement of cash assistance among Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) of North Waziristan Agency. Talking to Radio Pakistan, Director FATA Disaster Management Authority (FDMA) Farman Khilji said that 109 million rupees were disbursed among the IDPs during the last twenty four hours. He said a total cash assistance of Rs 262.2 million has so far been given to the IDPs, registered at Saidgai Check Post located in Frontier Region Bannu. The authority has now started disbursement of cash assistance among IDPs in Bannu, Kurram Agency and Peshawar, he added. To a question, he said that Pak Army in collaboration with the United Arab Emirates distributed two hundred tons food items among one thousand five hundred families. United Nations Development Programme has established a new office in Peshawar to provide assistance to IDPs, he added. He said the new office will also provide assistance to the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Government in ongoing development projects in the province.

KPK government distributes Rs 16.8 million to IDPs

The Nation, July 14, 2014

PESHAWAR: Khyber Pakhtunkhwa government has disbursed 16.8 million rupees among IDPs under Eesaar Programme. Sources of Provincial Disaster Management Authority said that so far two thousand and one hundred (2100) IDPs families have received cash assistance under the programme. Each family is getting eight thousand rupees as cash assistance from Khyber Pakhtunkhwa government. World Health Organization has delivered seventeen emergency health kits to District Health Officer Bannu for the treatment of IDPs. The kits include medicines and medical instruments.

Food And Agriculture Organization (FAO)

FAO stresses need to address issues of livestock of IDPs

The Statesman, July 19, 2014

PESHAWAR: Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) has underlined the need to address the issues of livestock of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), stated in a press release issued here on Friday. As per the needs assessments by provincial Livestock Department and the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), around 70% of the IDPs have brought livestock with them. In most of the cases, IDPs with livestock walked for days on foot as they could not afford transport cost for their animals. These animals, at present, are very weak and need immediate assistance in terms of feed, shelter and health care to prevent spread of diseases and control mortality rate. It may be noted here that the military operations in North Waziristan have resulted in large scale displacement of local population reaching up to approximately one million individuals. Around 80 % of the Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) have settled in district Bannu while remaining 20% are scattered across districts of D.I. Khan, Lakki Marwat, Kohat and other parts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP). On request of Ministry of Food Security and Research, FAO has initiated efforts to mobilize resources to address priority needs of the livestock. In this regard, FAO has already provided 100,000 PPR vaccines to the Livestock Department from its existing resources.

FAO Representative in Pakistan, Patrick T. Evans, visited district Bannu on 15 and 16 July 2014 to look into the livestock issues and their priority needs. He was accompanied by the Resilience Coordinator, Francisco Gammaro, Assistant Country Representative (Programme), Nasar Hayat, and FAO Peshawar office staff. FAO team visited one of the eight mobile veterinary clinics set up by the district Livestock Department in Kotti Sadat village located at a distance of 15 km from main Bannu city. They met with about 50 IDPs who had brought their livestock for vaccination. The IDPs identified shelter, feed and water as their main priority areas for livestock assistance. IDPs further shared that they have lost about half of their animals during displacement as either they had to leave their animal behind while some died during travel.

FAO team also visited the sports complex in Bannu where they observed the IDPs registration and food distribution process. They also met with IDPs and discussed the registration process. FAO team also held meetings with the district Livestock Department and Commissioner Bannu Syed Mohsin Shah. The district Livestock Department shared that they have sufficient stock of vaccines however; they need support in animals feed and shelters and FMD vaccines. The Department further added that they need additional human resource to be able to reach out to large number of displaced population spread across the district. The Commissioner Bannu highlighted the need for livestock assistance and welcomed FAO support in this regard. The FAO team met with the Additional Chief Secretary FATA on 16 July 2014 in Peshawar. The Secretary Planning and Director General Projects were also present in the meeting. The ACS

FAO supporting IDPs to meet livestock needs

The Nation, July 18, 2014

highlighted the need for livestock assistance for North Waziristan caseload and shared that the operation may take some time and therefore FAO response plan focusing on both survival and production sides of the livestock is very important.

ISLAMABAD: Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) of the UN is providing support to the Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) of North Waziristan and also helping them in catering needs of livestock they had brought with them. According to FAO around 70 per cent of the IDPs have brought livestock with them and in most of the cases, IDPs with livestock walked for days on foot, as they could not afford transport cost for their animals. These animals, at present, are very weak and need immediate assistance in terms of feed, shelter and health care to prevent spread of diseases and control mortality rate. On the request of Ministry of Food Security and Research, FAO has initiated efforts to mobilize resources to address priority needs of the livestock. In this regard, FAO has already provided 100,000 PPR vaccines to the Livestock Department from its existing resources. FAO Representative in Pakistan, Patrick T. Evans, has recently visited district Bannu to look into the livestock issues and their priority needs. The FAO team visited one of the eight mobile veterinary clinics set up by the district Livestock Department in Kotti Sadat village located at a distance of 15 km from main Bannu city. They met with about 50 IDPs who had brought their livestock for vaccination. The IDPs identified shelter, feed and water as their main priority areas for livestock assistance. The FAO team also held meetings with the district Livestock Department and Commissioner Bannu Syed Mohsin Shah. The district Livestock Department shared that they have sufficient stock of vaccines however; they need support in animals feed and shelters and FMD vaccines.

Pakistan among six countries with higher iodine deficiency rates

The Statesman, July 18, 2014

Network for Consumer Protection (TN)

PESHAWAR: Pakistan is one among six countries where iodine deficiency rates are high. These six countries are home to 19 million of the 37 million newborn babies at risk of iodine deficiency in the developing world, and over 40 percent of the world's population not protected against iodine deficiency. It is time we come together as one voice. Healthcare providers must be the primary source to disseminate the health related messages as they are closer to the community. In his introductory remarks, Executive Coordinator The Network for Consumer Protection Nadeem Iqbal said iodization of salt was the most inexpensive way of preventing iodine deficiency disorders. "Previously, goiter was believed to be caused by iodine deficiency but now iodine deficiency is also being linked with mental impairment," said Iqbal TN in collaboration with UNICEF and District Health Department- ICT, organized an advocacy seminar on iodized salt consumption to prevent iodine deficiencies, here on Wednesday with healthcare providers at Tarlai. The seminar brought together the staff of BHU, RHC and dispensary including the doctors, medical assistants, lady health supervisors and lead health workers. Addressing the participants, he said health care providers could play a vital role in creating demand for iodized salt among people. TN has carried out a number of activities in rural areas of Islamabad and sensitized women, children and local population of the area. In the held sessions, people inquired if the use of iodized salt is so vital why it is not advised by the doctors. Therefore, there is a need to empower, inform, involve and educate patients from the doctors side on this issue. Making the presentation, TN team said that iodine deficiency was the single most common yet preventable cause of mental handicap worldwide. Iodized salt usage is the easy and sustainable solution to such disorders. Iodine is either available in the sea food or in iodized salt. There is a misconception that iodine affects fertility among its consumers instead its iodine deficiency that is causing complications including abortion among pregnant females. Mild iodine deficiency can result in a significant loss in learning ability. Other effects include increased risk of stillbirth, miscarriage, and goiter for women and learning difficulties for children. Thereby further emphasizing that Iodine Deficiency Disorders (IDD) threatens human and economic development of nations. After the briefing and question answer session by TN team, the participants expressed resolved to make iodized salt essential ingredient of their food especially that of the pregnant women in their community. Dr. Fawad Khalid, medical officer health department-ICT and Dr. Javaid Ali, Incharge RHC, Tarlai realizing the importance of this campaign appreciated the efforts of TN team for organizing this advocacy seminar. Highlighting the importance of the issue, Dr. Fawad said "All we can do is to focus on educating consumers, so that they demand iodized salt from the retailers. The community's refusal to buy salt without iodine will give producers a commercial incentive to change".

United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

UN to spend \$3.7 million on IDPs

Daily Dawn, July 15, 2014

ISLAMABAD: The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) will spend \$3.75 million to support the authorities looking after the people displaced by the military operation in North Waziristan and engage them in productive work through enhancement of livelihood opportunities to meet their immediate needs like cash for work, basic skills training and business grants. This will enable the internally displaced persons (IDPs) to diversify their earning sources and contribute to local economy, says the UNDP's preliminary response plan for Waziristan. The plan unveiled on Monday will help host communities improve their basic infrastructure being used by the IDPs to strengthen social cohesion among the hosts and the 'guests'. According to the agency, a community restoration cluster has been launched in the Federally Administrated Tribal Areas (Fata) as a joint venture of the Fata Disaster Management Authority (FDMA) and the UNDP. Prolonged stay of the displaced will create social, economic and political problems, warns UNDP. The agency is gearing up to facilitate the FDMA and the Provincial Disaster Management Authority (PMDA) of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in assessing the spread of the IDPs, their needs and gaps and mapping public services for improving them to meet additional demand, support district disaster management units through placement of human resource for coordination of relief activities and to set up grievance redressal systems. Given that the bulk of the IDPs choose to settle within host communities, the community restoration cluster will focus

on helping the provincial and local authorities to manage the off-camp displaced families and improving basic infrastructure to lessen the stress on public services. Only a few dozen families have turned up for registration at the IDP camp in the Frontier Region Bannu. Most IDPs have taken refuge in the buildings of schools and colleges and health facilities or are living with relatives. Those who can afford have rented houses and it has increased the demand for houses and their rents.

Pakistan Atomic Energy Commission (PAEC)

Our power plants are tsunami-proof: PAEC chairman

Pakistan Today, July 8, 2014

Pakistan Atomic Energy Commission (PAEC) Chairman Dr. Ansar Pervez has said that there was no threat to under-construction nuclear power plants in Karachi from Tsunami or earthquake adding that a mechanism was in place for controlling radiation in case of any accident. As the National Assembly Standing Committee on Planning, Development and Reform met on Tuesday under the chairmanship of Abdul Majeed Khan, the PAEC chairman briefed the committee about the Chashma Nuclear Power Projects (Units 3 & 4) (C-3/C-4), current status of Nuclear power at Chashma, its performance, unit cost of electricity project financing and PC-1 unit cost break-up. The PAEC chief said that the cost of electricity generated from these power plants would be Rs 6.75 and is the cheapest from the rest of the sources. He said after refuelling of the Chashma Power Plant C-1 is producing electricity with its full capacity. The PAEC chairman said that they will perform the duty of spending money on construction of C4 in 13 years and will expand the work further after the final safety report of C4. He told that C4 system would be connected to national system in 2016 and supply of electricity will be started. Dr. Ansar said that the material which was used in plant was imported from China however some material was self made. He said two new under construction nuclear plants were in last phases for producing 1,100 mega watts of electricity. He assured that nuclear power houses had no danger from tsunami and earthquake. He added that they did not obtain any subsidy from government for KANUPP power house. The FESCO chief executive briefed the meeting about grid stations of seven districts. He told that there was only one workshop under FESCO in which all the transformers of seven districts were repaired. The IESCO chief executive briefed the meeting regarding the newly-built grid stations and installation of new transformers into these stations and told that they are under grounding the cables where cables have been affected due to Metro bus project because due to Metro bus load shedding has been extended and it has become difficult to work.

Earthquake Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Authority (ERRA)

9,700 projects completed to facilitate 2005 quake affectees

Business Recorder, July 6, 2014

ISLAMABAD: The Earthquake Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Authority (ERRA) has so far completed 0.6 million houses and around 9,700 other projects to facilitate quake-hit communities of 2005 earthquake. These were completed out of total 14,513 projects planned for rehabilitation of affected persons. ERRA sources on Sunday said currently over 3,100 projects are under various stages of construction whereas about 1700 projects have not yet been launched due to funds shortage. It has been decided that projects having progress of more than 50 percent should be assigned priority. The sources said the funds allocated by government of Pakistan since 2005 were Rs.98.24 billion of which Rs. 59.48 billion were spent by foreign donors and sponsors on their projects and added ERRA facilitated and monitored their completion. They said donors and sponsors directly release payments to contractors and consultants. Moreover, in Rural Housing Programme international consortium provided Rs. 76 billion for reconstruction of about 600,000 houses as the funds utilization was under their supervision. The success of the Programme was recognized by United Nations through prestigious Sasakawa Award. The sources said the ERRA is holding ISO certification for the transparency of functioning and systems.

Economic Coordination Committee (ECC)

ECC approves release of 60,000 MT wheat for IDPs of NWA

The Statesman, July 05, 2014

ISLAMABAD: The Economic Coordination Committee (ECC) of the Cabinet Friday approved immediate release of 60,000 MT of wheat for distribution among the Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) in North Waziristan Agency (NWA). The ECC of the Cabinet met here under the chairmanship of Finance Minister, Senator Ishaq Dar at the PM's Office and was informed that the financial impact of the decision will be Rs. 2.28 billion. It further decided to set up a Committee, headed by Minister for State and Frontier Region (SAFRON) Abdul Qadir Baloch, to ascertain the distribution mechanism, being followed for distribution of wheat among the IDPs. The other members of the committee included Abbas Khan Afridi, Minister for Textile Industry, Secretaries, Ministry of National Food Security and Commerce and a representative of Governor KP. In his opening remarks, the Finance Minister said that the concerned Ministries should submit their summaries well in advance and necessary background information must be provided, enabling concerned departments to provide their considered inputs before decision making process. He said that the mover of the summary should be fully aware and updated to answer any supplementary questions. He added that inter-ministerial comments should be obtained prior to the ECC meetings.

The Finance Minister said that once a decision is taken, it is expected that the Secretary concerned will follow-up the decision till its logical conclusion. He further said that budgetary implications must be clearly spelt out in the summary and how will the additional amounts be adjusted in the budget.

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

UNHCR starts distribution of relief items among IDPs

PESHAWAR: The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) has started distribution of relief items among internally displaced persons from North Waziristan Agency on the request of federal government. Officials said that the UN agency distributed non-food items among displaced families residing in Bannu and other adjacent districts of the Khyber

Daily Dawn, July 02, 2014

Pakhtunkhwa. Distribution process was kicked off on Monday. An official said that 2,500 kits of non-food items were distributed among IDPs and the process would continue. Tents have not been included in the package because displaced are living off-camps.

Federal government had earlier announced that UN and other humanitarian organisations would not be requested for help as it would fulfil all the requirements of IDPs including food and non-food items from its own resources. The government had to revoke its decision of not seeking assistance from outside in the wake of large scale mass exoduses and ultimately sent a formal request to resident coordinator of the United Nations in Islamabad to assist IDPs from North Waziristan Agency.

Federal Ministry of States and Frontier Regions in a letter to the UN coordinator said that government was assisting IDPs through cash disbursement. However, there was a need for relief items such as tents, non-food items, food security, assistance in the health care and other related matters owing to displacement. "It is therefore requested that the UN may extend and replicate its operations for assistance of IDPs of North Waziristan in addition to their current assistance for uprooted populations of Khyber, Kurram and South Waziristan agencies," the letter said. However, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa government seems unaware of the federal government's letter as it became evident from a handout issued on Tuesday. It said that international non-governmental organisations and UN agencies were not involved in relief activities as per decision of the federal and provincial governments. An official dealing with the relief operation in Bannu said that provincial government was in a 'slumber.' He said that all international agencies of the UN and their partners were invited to assist the IDPs. The official said that UN had released \$7.7 million for IDPs of North Waziristan Agency. World Food Programme (WFP) has already started distribution of food items among IDPs in Bannu and five distribution points have been established for the purpose. Officials said that more than 460,000 IDPs were registered at Saidgi checkpost in Frontier Region of Bannu. A relief camp has been established in Bakakhel area but IDPs are reluctant to stay in tents. Officials said that the camp was likely to be closed because IDPs were not ready to stay there.

Aga Khan Planning and Building Service Pakistan (AKPBS)

**Awareness workshop:
'Rise of water in Indus
River may displace
communities'**

*The Express Tribune, July 1,
2014*

Thatta: Leading development professionals, policy makers and community representatives gathered in Thatta to attend the first workshop for 'Climate Resilient Communities in Coastal Lying Areas of Sindh' project organised by the Aga Khan Planning and Building Service Pakistan (AKPBS), an agency of the Aga Khan Development Network (AKDN). The interventions planned as part of the project are designed to create awareness about the impact of climate change on the lives of the local people living in the coastal areas of the country and equip them with the necessary knowledge and skills to cope with disasters related to climate change. "Studies by the WWF-Pakistan and National Institute of Oceanography show that sea water intrusion in the past 30 years has encroached over one kilometre of inland," said Sindh AKPBS programme manager Saleema Salim while briefing the participants of the event about the challenges the coastal areas face. "Studies predict an eventual rise of upto 6.5 feet, naturally displacing local communities."

HUMANITARIAN INTERVENTIONS IN DISASTER SECTOR IN PAKISTAN

International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) Assistance Updates

Activity
As of July 31, 2014

The ICRC allocated one million Swiss francs to support the Pakistan Red Crescent for the first three months in this relief operation, which is being carried out in close coordination with the local authorities and the other humanitarian organizations providing aid for displaced people.

Between 19 June and 28 July, with ICRC support, the Pakistan Red Crescent provided:

Health services

- Deployed six mobile health units that have already treated over 25,000 men, women and children. Two of the units are permanently deployed in Milad Park, in Bannu, while the other four move to different union councils according to need;
- Administered first aid to approximately 660 people at the beginning of the operation;
- Formed six two-person (one male and one female) volunteer teams to provide psycho-social support. The teams will be operational in August.

Water and sanitation

- Installed a water filtration plant at Milad Park to provide 32,000 litres per day of clean drinking water;
- Installed 59 pit latrines and repaired 14 latrines;
- Installed 17 water tanks.

Distribution of food and other items

- Provided cooked food for 23,000 people in the initial week of displacement;
- Distributed 700 food rations donated by the Punjab branch of the Pakistan Red Crescent;
- Provided an Iftar dinner for 1,000 displaced people;
- Distributed 500 food packs donated by the Turkish Red Crescent Society;
- Signed an agreement with the World Food Programme to distribute food packages to 8,000 families in August;
- Set up three distribution points in two union councils of Bannu to facilitate delivery of essential aid; distributed essential supplies to 8,000 families.

Restoring contact between family members:

Formed a team to assess the needs of family members dispersed by displacement. The team will begin its activities in August.

ICRC support for the Pakistan Red Crescent Society

- Provided one million Swiss francs in funding;
- Provided technical support to help draw up a comprehensive plan of action;
- Donated two kits to facilitate distributions;
- Sent several technical staff to join Pakistan Red Crescent personnel in the field;
 - Made available and installed an 80 kilovolt-ampere generator for the Pakistan Red Crescent operational hub in Bannu;
 - Sent a photographer to the field in agreement with the Pakistan Red Crescent Society to enhance the society's visibility.

The ICRC will continue to support the Pakistan Red Crescent and monitor the needs of displaced people. It will base its further assistance on settlement patterns of the displaced and on the needs of those who might choose to return to their home areas.

Source: ICRC Updates/<http://www.icrc.org/eng/resources/documents/update/2014/07-31-pakistan-internal-displacement.htm/> published on 31-7-2014

Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) Response Updates

Activity
As of July 31, 2014

Tens of thousands of people fleeing major military operations in the Pakistani region of North Waziristan have crossed the border into Afghanistan over the past months, seeking refuge in Khost, Paktia, and Paktika provinces. In response, teams from Doctors without Borders/Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) are providing medical and humanitarian aid in Gulan refugee camp, Khost province.

Most of the refugees in Khost province are being hosted by the local community, but an estimated 1,770 families have settled in Gulan refugee camp, a vast stretch of land some 12 miles (19 kilometers) from the Pakistani border. Since July 5, MSF teams have been running a clinic set up just outside the camp and have been working to improve poor sanitation within the camp.

North Waziristan, from where the refugees fled, has very low vaccination coverage, so MSF teams have prioritized vaccinating children between six months and 15 years old against measles, a deadly disease that can spread rapidly within camps. So far, MSF teams have vaccinated 2,965 children—an estimated 87 percent of all children in the camp—against measles, at vaccination points set up in the camp. They will continue to provide vaccinations in the clinic for new arrivals and for children who have slipped through the net. Meanwhile, teams of MSF health promoters have been going from tent to tent to encourage families to bring their children to be vaccinated.

Source: MSF Field News / <http://www.doctorswithoutborders.org/news-stories/field-ews/afghanistan->

Food Security Cluster (FSC) Assistance for NWA Displacement

Activity
As of July 31, 2014

- WFP distributions are currently ongoing at nine sites. Ever since WFP began distributions on June 22, a total of 54,910 households i.e. over 686,375 individuals have received assistance and a total of 4,995 MTs food has been distributed by Jul 24, 2014.
- WFP continues to implement through cooperating partners, PRCS, BEST and CERD, who operate in Bannu, Lakki Marwat, Karak and FR Bannu; and LHO which operates in D.I. Khan and Tank.
- The FAO has provided 100,000 doses of "Peste des Petits ruminants (PPR) vaccines to Directorate General Livestock and Dairy Development (L&DD), sufficient for 100,000 small animals. PPR is an acute contagious disease caused by a Morbillivirus which affects mainly sheep and goats. The immunity induced by the vaccines lasts for lifelong and this will greatly help to protect the small animals of IDPs.
- The FSC cluster's fortnightly meetings are routinely held in Peshawar and Islamabad. For better coordination, Asst Cluster Coordinator is being deployed in Bannu/DIK.
- The gov't has requested WFP to help it in distribution of food the gov't keep on receiving from charities, companies and philanthropists. To undertake this initiative, WFP will set up a Food Bank. WFP has shared about this initiative in the last FSC cluster members in Islamabad and KPK and invited them to become a partner in this.
- Led by OCHA & PDMA, the FSC has supported a multi-cluster initial rapid assessment is in the final stages of collecting data from IDPs areas. Its results will be available by shortly, which will give the cluster a better pictures vis-à-vis livelihood impacts and needs of IDPs to inform the humanitarian response.

Source: FSC-NWA-Weekly Updates (SitRip#5)/ By FS cluster shared via email / on 28-7-2014

Activity
As of July 1 to 24, 2014

Food Security Cluster Coverage from 1st to 24th July, 2014

District	Distribution Points	CP	Assisted HH	Food (MT)	Gender	
					Male	Female
FR Bannu	Bakka Khel IDPs Camp	BEST	12	1		
Bannu	Sports Complex (Bannu-1)	BEST	15,681	1,434	14,300	1,134
Bannu	WVTC (Bannu-2)	CERD	13,993	1,271	13,100	1,171
Bannu	Govt. Commerce College Towship (Bannu-3)	BEST	6,747	608	5,300	508
Bannu	RHC Domail (Bannu-4)	CERD	2,397	218	2,200	218
DI Khan	G B D College Pahar Pur	LHO	3,474	309	2,200	1,274
DI Khan	GHS Boys Shorkot DP	LHO	55	5	50	5
Lakki Marwat	GGDC Sarai Naurang DP	BEST	151	14	100	51
Total July 2014			42,560	3,864	38,600	3,864
Total June 2014			12,350	1,131	11,900	1,131
Grand Total			54,910	4,995	50,500	4,995

Source: FSC-NWA-Weekly Updates (SitRip#5)/ By FS cluster shared via email / on 28-7-2014

Alkhidmat Foundation

Activity
As of July 29, 2014

AL-Khidmat Foundation Arrange Eid Gifts Distribution For Orphan Children

Al-Khidmat Foundation Karachi arranged an Eid Gift distribution ceremony among registered orphan children. The distribution was arranged in coordination with Qarshi PVT. Senior Manager & Coordinator Al-Khidmat Orphan Care Program Mr. Manzar Aalam and Family Support Officer Al-Khidmat Orphan Care Karachi Mr. Mustafa Ali Qureshi oversaw the distribution and appealed to the public to help the orphan children.

Source: <http://al-khidmatfoundation.org/al-khidmat-foundation-arrange-eid-gifts-distribution-for-orphan-children/#sthash.39xKjT3y.dpbs>

Activity
As of July 21, 2014

Al-Khidmat Foundation Distribute Ramadan Food Packages Among 600 IDP Families

Bannu, 20-07-2014: Al-Khidmat Foundation Pakistan has distributed Ramadan Ration Packages among 600 IDP families of N. Waziristan. Each food package contained the following items: ghee, rice, lentils, dates, tea, and other daily routine usage eatables. A special distribution ceremony was arranged at Bannu, F-circle. President Al-Khidmat KPK Mr. Noor Ul Haq was the chief guest on the occasion while Relief In-charge Mr. Muhammad Waseem, Mufti Siftullah, Local President Al-Khidmat Azeez Ur Rehman Qureshi, and provincial representative Noor Ul Wahid Jadoon were also present on the occasion. Mr. Nool Ul Haq ensured the IDPs of every possible held. He said that Al-Khidmat Foundation will not abandon them at this hour of dire need. He said that Al-Khidmat Foundation has been arranging Sehri and Iftar for the IDPs and 10,000 families will receive Eid gifts from Al-Khidmat Foundation.

Source: <http://al-khidmatfoundation.org/al-khidmat-foundation-distribute-ramadan-food-packages->

among-500-idp-families/#sthash.q2AGCIFE.dpbs

Date	Response
24-7-2014	In order to provide greater relief to the North Waziristan IDPs, Al-Khidmat Foundation has been coordinating to collect donations. In the latest instance, President Al-Khidmat Dir handed over a donation cheque to President Al-Khidmat KPK. A special ceremony was arranged at Al-Khidmat House Peshawar in which the cheque was handed over with wishes and prayers.
22-7-2014	Al-Khidmat Khwateen (Women) Trust donated Rs. 1 million as well as an ambulance for the IDPs of N. Waziristan. A special ceremony was organized in the context in which the donations were handed over to President Al-Khidmat Foundation Dr. Hafeez Ur Rehman. Al-Khidmat Khawateen (Women) has been very active in providing assistance to the IDPs and has worked very closely for the welfare of their needy brethren with Al-Khidmat Foundation Pakistan.
22-7-2014	112 people including 58 children, 36 female, and 17 male received medical assistance from Al-Khidmat Foundation in the village of Hasani, District Bannu. Similarly in Kafshikhel a total of 95 people including 42 children, 45 female, and 8 male patients benefited from Al-Khidmat Foundation.

Source: Press release of AKF activities/ <http://al-khidmatfoundation.org/category/news/#sthash.BtkSdPHo.MJtgDsgf.dpbs>/accessed on 26-7-2014

NHN IDPs Qaumi Committee Activities

Activity
As of July 26, 2014

- NHN IDPS committee meeting held in NHN Camp office Bannu to discuss;

Evacuation of IDPs Families from Schools: IDPs committee will meet with Commissioner Bannu and Education Department to discuss alternate solution.

Land for Graveyard: Government has announced land for graveyard but further not notified and specified.

IDPS Committee will Conduct Survey: IDPs committee will conduct base line survey for IDPs profiling but external financial support is required.

- NHN meeting with Local Government and Revenue department was held in LG office Bannu Cantt to discuss:

NHN Local Government and Revenue Department Joint Preparation Meeting for Base line Survey: NHN, Local government and revenue department will conduct a base line survey in 49 UCs at Bannu. NHN will provide human resource in 49 UCs. AC Bannu requested NHN for POL support additionally. Revenue department and local government will also provide human resource and transportation for survey.

- NWA IDPs Committee visited In charge CM complaint cell Bannu to discuss following issues:

Land for Graveyard: Land for graveyard has announced but yet not notified by CM KPK.

NWA Government Employee Salary Issue: NWA 25,000 Government employee salary issue is forwarded to CM KP for consideration and to make sure that the salary shall be paid before Eid.

IDPs Children Education Issue: Second shift shall start in schools in Bannu and DP students should be exempted from fee and proper documentation as they left it behind.

Source: *NHN Daily Bulletin on NWA Displaced People, Update# 23/*
<https://pak.humanitarianresponse.info/system/files/documents/files/NHN%20Daily%20Bulletin%2025.07.2014.pdf>/ Published on 26-7-2014

EESAAR Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Programme Update as of 24-7-2014

UBL has reported that total 12,8123 beneficiaries have received cash assistance amount of Rs.102,496 million (@ Rs.8, 000/) from PDMA under the program till 01.00pm of 22nd July. Location wise summary is given in the following table;

Location	Count
Mingora	33
Havelian	10
Shakar Dara	6
Peshawar	1,072
Khwaza Khela	3
Matta	1
Karak	346
Bannu	8,554
Abottabad	120
DI Khan	876
SWAT	6
Hangu	16
Mansehra	48

Sarai Naurang	51
Charsadda	35
Lakki Marwat	1,635

SRSP Response to NWA-IDPs

Activity
As of July 24, 2014

NFIs Distribution with UNHCR in District Bannu

Total number of families facilitated was 25,491 (331,383 individuals) at below distribution points:

- Sport Complex: 24,014 families (312,182 individuals)
- Local Schools: 1477 families (19,201 individuals) received NFIs through our mobile teams in 160 schools
- Tent Distribution: 38 tents were distributed via mobile teams on need basis in different schools.

Detail Assessment of IDPs families in Schools

- SRSP's Assessment teams have conducted a detailed assessment in 224 schools throughout 24 UCs in district Bannu.
- Total 910 families have been notified including 892 registered and the rest of 18 are unregistered families.
- The assessment report highlights the residing intentions of the IDP's once the schools are re-opened.

Source: SRSR Updates/rsp.org.pk/srsp_new1/component/content/article/85-internally-displaced-people/225-updates-on-srsp-response-to-idp-crisis /Published on 25-7-2014

Muslim Aid Response Updates

Activity
As of July 23, 2014

Muslim Aid Pakistan with the financial support of its valuable donors from UK has arranged iftar dinners for internally displaced brothers and sisters (IDPs) of North Waziristan in District Bannu during this Ramadan. Muslims Aid arranged these iftar-dinners at Shamshi Khel, Mamash Khel, Township and Bharat, serving hundreds of IDPs at all 4 places.

Source: Muslim Aid Press Release/ <http://muslimaid.org.pk/muslim-aid-pakistan-organized-iftar-dinners-for-the-idps-of-north-waziristan/> /published on 23-7-2014

Activity
As of July 2, 2014

Muslim Aid Pakistan has launched a health emergency response for the IDPs of North Waziristan in district Bannu. Muslim Aid team comprising of a doctor, dispenser, pharmacist and LHV is providing emergency health aid to the internally displaced people of North Waziristan through this mobile health unit. The services provided are free of cost diagnostic and medical services and an ambulance is available to provide referral services.

Source: Muslim Aid Activities Updates/ <http://muslimaid.org.pk/> /Updated on 2-7-2014

PRCS Response Update

Activity
As of July 22, 2014

- PRCS relief operation commenced on 22nd June with initial response by providing immediate relief (cooked rice) to approx. 23000 IDPs, health care to 1,690 IDPs through deployment of 4 x Mobile Health Units and 05 Ambulances, provision of 22,000 liters of clean drinking Water. PRCS Staff and Volunteers with great zeal and dedication are on forefront to deliver the services to the affected people. PRCS in coordination with local government has been allocated 18 UCs to support 4,000 families initially. The District Govt. Bannu allocated the Public Library building for the establishment of PRCS FieldOffice (Office space, accommodation and warehouse).
- However, keeping in view the constantly increasing number of the IDPs figures, which is now beyond 900,000 individuals, PRCS governance has decided to increase the case load from initial 4000 families to 8000 families (It shall make about 10% of the total IDPs figure).
- To cater and assist 8000 families (revised caseload), registration of IDPs families in FR and District Bannu has been completed by PRCS Field Teams of KP and FATA. The registration of additional 4000 families as per revised caseload was done from 16 – 19 July, 2014.

Source: PRCS IDPs NWA operation Situation Report No.9/ by PRCS <http://reliefweb.int/sites/reliefweb.int/files/resources/PRCS%20NWA%20Sitrep%2009.pdf> / published on 21-7-2014

Social Organization for Development (SOD) Activities as of 19-7-2014

UC	Activity	Date of Activity	Description
Khudaabad	Construction of Roof	19-7-2014	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Last week SOD team successfully applied 35 vc's for 3rd tranche from which SOD received 3rd tranche of 32 vc's. • 9 villages have installed roof, and finishing on the shelters is in progress. • In other villages roof is under construction • Ring beam is properly checked in every ORS and

roof installation is done under SOD team supervision.

- The bamboos material availability in market is rarely medium but SOD team is trying best for the good material.
- Last week sheets were distributed in many villages including Abdul Gafoor Katohar, Haji Khan Katohar and Abdul Karim Balkani

Source: SOD Activity Report/ shared by SOD via email/on 23-7-2014

Sector wise UNICEF Response Updates

Activity

As of July 21 to 28, 2014

Wash	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNICEF, with the support of local partner, has provided 2,376,000 liters of safe drinking water through water trucking to the areas with high concentration of IDPs. • WASH implementing partner (IP) SABAWOON installed six hand pumps and nine ventilated improved pit latrines in the host communities of district Bannu, benefitting over 6,000 individuals including IDPs and hosting population. • WASH facilities in 136 schools benefitting 10,328 IDPs have been repaired/ rehabilitated so far. In addition, eight waste bins have been installed in eight schools for collection of solid waste and 9,303 individuals residing in schools have been reached with critical sanitation-related information. • WASH cluster has provided 5,301,000 liters of clean drinking water, distributed 10,909 bath soaps among 2,775 IDP families and conducted hygiene promotion sessions for 16,239 IDPs residing in schools and host community. 9,000 hygiene kits have also been distributed by OXFAM, NRC and UNICEF. • Water quality testing of the water filling points is regularly conducted by WHO and Disease Early Warning System (DEWS) report shared with cluster members to be ready for response to any outbreak in the area.
Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EPI services initiated in 20 UC's of district Bannu, with UNICEF support, vaccinated 825 under 2 years children with BCG, 1,287 children with Penta 1 and PCV 10, 59 children with Penta 2, 14 children with Penta 3, 1,428 children with measles 1 and 143 with measles 2 vaccine. Total 405 women including 34 pregnant women were vaccinated with TT 1 and TT2 respectively. • Jointly WHO and UNICEF are supporting the local administration to vaccinate 100 per cent of the displaced population irrespective of their age against polio. 234,885 displaced people including 97,647 children (0-5 years), 62,041 children (5-10 years) and 75,297 children above 10 years of age have been vaccinated for polio at permanent transit points. • A mobile health clinic 'Nonihaal' service launched in district Lakki Marwat on 24 July 2014 to facilitate health services in the community as well as EPI services. • UNICEF Polio communication team facilitated local radio channel BBC Urdu in KP to air radio programmes on polio vaccination of NWA IDPs. Information is being provided regarding various points set up for vaccination and strong messages to local communities for vaccination of their children to stop virus transmission.
Child Protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The two Help Desks in Bannu, set up by Child Protection and Welfare Commission (CPWC) with UNICEF support have so far identified and registered 2,368 vulnerable cases (897 girls) majorly including 1,660 orphan children (673 girls), 23 child labourers (4 girls), 87 separated children (35 girls), 27 out of school children (8 girls), 82 children with disabilities (19 girls) and 208 children with health issues (91 girls). So far needs/issues of 1,133 vulnerable children cases (536 girls) of total 2,193 referred to relevant service providers have been addressed successfully. A female psychologist deployed by CPWC at one help desk in Bannu district has provided 40 children (22 girls) with psychosocial support and counselling services. • GCC PDMA, supported by UNICEF, in collaboration with Social Welfare Office in district Lakki Marwat and local NGO identified 60 persons with special needs including adults and children. The identification and registration of vulnerable cases is in process.
Nutrition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • UNICEF in collaboration with WHO and WFP supported nutrition services in 20 health facilities of district Bannu have screened 223 children of 6-59 month age (boys: 106; girls: 117) and 100 pregnant and lactating women (PLW) for assessment of acute malnutrition. • In addition 182 mothers and care takers were provided with messages on infant and young child feeding, maternal nutrition and importance of hygiene.
Education	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A contingency partnership agreement with UNICEF partner BEFARE has been activated for three months from 24 July to 23 October 2014 to provide education services to 9,000 children (4,500 girls) in district

	Bannu.
Supply & Logistics	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> UNICEF Child Protection programme supplies worth USD 12,701 have been moved out of UNICEF warehouse for delivery to implementing partner in Peshawar for NWA displacement response

*Source: NW Displacement Update 2014, weekly situation update #6 / by UNICEF
http://www.unicef.org/appeals/files/UNICEF_Pakistan_Weekly_Situation_Update_NWA_Displacement_28July_2014.pdf / published on 28-7-2014*

Pakistan Islamic Medical Association (PIMA)

Activity
As of July 19, 2014

IDPs Relief: Medical assistance provided to 2140 patients

Bannu, 22 July 2014: PIMA started mobile medical camps for IDPs in Bannu & Laki Marwar from 19th July. Two doctors and 4 paramedical staff were dedicated to providing medical assistance to IDPs on their doorstep. According to PIMA spokesman, camps were held at Shadave Shahi, Norang, Domail and Lakki Marwat from 19 July to 21 July. Around 246 patients were examined including 99 children and 82 women. A total of 2140 patients were treated so far during PIMA relief operation for IDPs.

Source:http://www.pima.org.pk/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=664:ids-relief-medical-assistance-provided-to-2140-patients&catid=1:latest-news&Itemid=63

Activity
As of July 17, 2014

PIMA Hygiene Improvement Project in Rahim Yar Khan

Rahim Yar Khan, 17 July 2014: PIMA hygiene improvement program (HIP) has been started in district Rahim Yar Khan aimed hygiene promotion to help children less than five years with diarrhea disease preserve and reduce their mortality rate. This Project is initiated for the highly flood affected communities focusing in different union councils of Tahsil Khanpur and Rahim Yar Khan, and District Rahimyar Khan. Through hygiene education sessions, PIMA teams train the parents of young children to save them from diarrhea by changing the behavior and daily routine. The program was started from March 31 and 5 flood affected Union Councils of Khanpur and Rahim Yar Khan were selected for it. During the 4-month-long project, 20 thousand people will be contacted and their hygiene sessions will be held. Up until now, 700 hygiene sessions have been held, in which 14,191 people have been trained for diarrhea disease prevention, clean drinking water and the importance of personal hygiene. Moreover 3,961 hygiene kits have been distributed.

President Al-Khidmat Foundation Prof. Hafeez Rahman, PIMA General Secretary Dr Abdul Aziz Memon, Director PIMA Relief Dr. Shafqat Javed, PIMA Punjab President Dr Khabibullo Shahid and others visited Rahim Yar Khan on May 25. They participated in hygiene sessions and distributed hygiene kits among local community.

Source:
http://www.pima.org.pk/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=656:pima-hygiene-improvement-project-in-rahim-yar-khan&catid=1:latest-news&Itemid=63

Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS) Response Update

Activity
As of July 18, 2014

8000 IDPS families get food, and non-food items at 9 PRCS ration points

The PRCS in collaboration with International Committee of Red Cross (ICRC) has set up nine distribution points in different union councils of Bannu for provision of food and non-food items for 8,000 Internally Displaced families of North Waziristan. At the distribution points, the Society has started provision of food package and non-food items that include kitchen set, mosquito nets, tarpaulin sheets, jerry canes, wood burning stove and hygiene kits. The items were distributed by PRCS Chairman along with Secretary General at Milad Park, Amandi, Mamand Khel and Madrassa Haqqania, Azad Mandi. The PRCS KPK and FATA Branch staff and volunteers are in the field from the very first day to help the affected families. So far the Society's five mobile medical clinics have treated over 15,600 men, women and children. The common diseases among the patients treated are Gastroenteritis, RTI, Body Aches and Gastro-esophageal Reflux Diseases (GERD). The five mobile health units at a cost of Rs 10.5 million has been established consisting of a male doctor, female doctor, three paramedics, LHV, driver, ambulances and medicines. PRCS has also provided cooked food to over 23,000 IDPs and the distribution will continue for next three months. A water filtration plant has also been set up at Milad Park for provision of clean drinking water to the affectees with a capacity of 20,000 liters per day, as well as setting up 50 latrines. The deal with the ordeal of the affectees, a Restoration of Family Links counter has been set up to reunite the families. The Society has setup teams to provide Psycho-social support to the affectees. Food pack of 120 kgs will be provided for 3 months for 8,000 families at the cost of Rs. 400 million. PRCS is providing all out support to the branches and a relief hub has also been established for effective and well-coordinated relief efforts. The PRCS has also hosted Iftar dinner for 700 IDPs at Jamia Madrassa Haqqania, Azad Mandi. The Iftar Dinner was attended by a large numbers of IDPs living in the surrounding areas.

Source: *PRCS Press release/ [http://prcs.org.pk/prcs/?p=903#more-903/](http://prcs.org.pk/prcs/?p=903#more-903) / published on 18-7-2014*

Human Relief Foundation (HRF) Updates as of 18-7-2014

Activity
As of July 18, 2014

Emergency Response Program for NWA IDPs 2014

TABA Foundation is an umbrella organization that is bringing all welfare trusts of Pakistan to one platform. Over 80 organizations are members of the organization. Under the working group made from Health and Disaster Management Clusters, it has been decided to work collectively

in order to utilize the resources most efficiently. Kawish Welfare Trust and Human Relief Foundation have been selected as leading and implementing partners.

First phase is starting from 18th July 2014 and will come to an end on 20th July 2014. Under the first phase following activities will take place for IDPs of North Waziristan residing in District Lakki Marwat:

Non Food Items worth Rs. 748,050 would be distributed

Food Items worth Rs. 100,000 would be distributed

MHU would operate within the budget of Rs. 250,000 and would target 1,500 patients at their doorsteps and at two government hospitals. IDP desks would be created for 5 hours daily. Sarai Naurang Civil Hospital and Civil Hospital Lakki have extended their invitations. Water Purification Chemicals would be distributed as well. Planned Activities by TABA/HRF/KAWISH led consortium: 12 tonnes food distribution, 200 Clean Delivery Kits, 50 kits for TBAs, Mobile Health Unit in Lakki Marwat and Bannu, Reproductive Health Services and Medicine Donations for Public Health Facilities. A Rapid Assessment was conducted by HRF Officials and Volunteers. The details of the assessment is given below;

BANNU AND LAKKI MARWAT

Field Partner includes Community Advancement and Rural Empowerment (CARE)-Bannu, Kawish Welfare Trust facilitated in Lakki Marwat, YAROH and Unique Development Organization provided volunteer support for data collection.

HRF team visited two Union Councils of Bannu that were identified by the field partners. Out of 1,000 + families, HRF met with 50 families approximately. Methodology adopted to accumulate information was through focused discussion meetings.

In UC Bharat of district Bannu, 315 IDP families have resided, including 857 males, 1103 females and 1374 children i.e. females and children are 74.3 % of the total displaced.

Source: HRF SitRep# 3_NWA Displacement/ by HRF shared via email/ on 18-7-2014

World Food Programme (WFP)

WFP distributes 46,000 metric tons food items among IDPs

ISLAMABAD: A spokesman of World Food Programme (WFP) Amjad Jamal on Wednesday said that 46,000 metric tons of food items have been distributed among IDPs, Radio Pakistan reports. He said the World Food Programme is regularly distributing food assistance among IDPs families in Bannu and D.I.Khan. WFP is making utmost efforts to mitigate sufferings of the IDPs, he added.

Director FATA Disaster Management Authority (FDMA) Farman Khilji said that four thousand and ninety families comprising of twenty-five thousand one hundred and eight individuals were registered as fresh Internally Displaced Persons from North Waziristan Agency. These IDPs were registered in Bannu, Lakki Marwat, Karak and Dera Ismail Khan. The total number of IDPs has now reached nine lac eighty-one thousand one, he added. He said the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa government has deputed seventy- four doctors and para-medics in camps established for IDPs from North Waziristan Agency. He said that Provincial Health Department, twenty-eight doctors and para-medics are working in Bannu and twenty three each in Dera Ismail Khan and Lakki Marwat.. The doctors besides medical check-up are also providing free medicines to the patients, he said. Ten ambulances have also been arranged to shift serious patients to hospitals.

Source: <http://www.brecorder.com/pakistan/general-news/184170-wfp-distributes-46000-metric-tons-food-items-among-idps.html>

Overall all so far WFP has assisted 33,532 NWA IDPs HHs (Off-camp: 33,498 & Camp: 34) and distributed 3,023 MTs of food.

District/FR	# of Hubs/DPs	Assisted HHs	Assisted Beneficiaries	Distributed Food in MT	% of Assisted HHs in Total
Bannu	3	29,772	372,150	2,685	89%
DIK	1	2,326	29,075	207	7%
LakkiMarwat	1	1,200	15,000	110	4%
Tank	1	200	2,500	18	1%
FR Bannu-Camp	1	34	425	3	0.1%
Total	7	33,532	419,150	3,023	100%

Source: PDMA KPK Daily Situation Report /Shared by Protection Cluster/on 10-7-2014

WFP to spend \$6.7 million on nutrition, school feeding in FATA

PESHAWAR: The United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) will spend US\$ 6.7 million for nutrition and school feeding programme without a break in food supplies until December this year. This programmer will support more than 200,000 students in nearly, 1,200 schools in six agencies of FATA. A portion of the amount donated by the Canadian government will also be used for nutrition activities. In addition, the funds will support the milling and fortification with micronutrients of 2,905 metric tons of wheat donated by the Pakistan government to the WFP for its relief operation. "WFP applauds these contributions from Canada that will boost nutrition and education needs in Pakistan," said Lola Castro, WFP Pakistan Representative and Country Director in a statement on Saturday.

WFP is Canada's largest humanitarian partner and we will continue to work together to respond

Activity
As of July 16, 2014

Activity
As of July 10 2014

Activity
As of July 6, 2014

to Pakistan's emergencies and save lives by getting food to the hungry quickly, while also working to prevent hunger in the future. WFP's school feeding programme focuses on the conflict affected areas of FATA, which are highly food insecure and characterized by low literacy rates, especially among women. The Programme is targeting approximately 60 percent of the schools in six agencies with the aim of stabilizing enrollment and encouraging boys and girls to get an education. School meals help address short term hunger needs and low enrollment rates through onsite feeding, as well as providing take home rations which persuade families to send their children to school. WFP's interventions aim to treat malnutrition among women and children through providing supplementary foods an important step in achieving nutrition security among this community. The Government of Canada has provided WFP with much needed support amounting to almost US\$55 million over the past four years. These donations have been critical in sustaining relief food assistance for people affected by floods and insecurity.

Source: [http://www.thenews.com.pk/Todays-News-6-260168-WFP-to-spend-\\$67m-on-nutrition-school-feeding-in-Fata](http://www.thenews.com.pk/Todays-News-6-260168-WFP-to-spend-$67m-on-nutrition-school-feeding-in-Fata)

HANDS Pakistan Medical Camp Update as of 15-7-2014

Diseases	Total Patients	< 5 years		>5 years	
		Male	Female	Male	Female
Diarrhea	182	29	68	36	49
Dysentery	108	15	37	26	30
ARI	98	14	16	25	43
S. Malaria	108	19	35	18	36
Skin Disease	123	11	27	34	51
Heat Stroke	69	8	16	19	26
Eye Infections	41	13	14	6	8
Others	179	48	58	28	45
AFP Cases	-	-	-	-	-
S. Measles	-	-	-	-	-
Total	908	157	271	192	288

Source: HANDS Report on NWA DPs Updates/ by shared HANDS via email/ on 15-7-2014

PRCS Response Updates

Activity
As of July 14, 2014

Health Care and Ambulance Services

As of 11th July, a total of 12,057 IDPs (40 male, 241 female and 398 children) patients were given basic treatment at PRCS free medical camp. A total of 5 Mobile Health Units have been deployed so far, out of which two MHUs were deployed at the same location; Meelad Park, due to huge influx of IDPs.

Water & Sanitation Services

WatSan assessment has been completed in 08 UCs, targeting 18 villages and some 1,809 individuals. After the assessment some 09 x storage tanks have been installed while 11 are in progress. Some 11 water sources have also been repaired by PRCS WatSan Field Teams. The construction of some 30 latrines is in progress at 04 locations, while the construction work of 26 latrines has already been completed. In addition to latrines construction, 14 x latrines have also been repaired.

Logistics Services

The PRCS District Branch Bannu has received following NFI packages from NHQ, followed by proper storage at Rub Hall by PRCS field logistics team;

- Hygiene kits 780
- Tarpaulin Sheets 3,247
- Kitchen Sets 435
- Mosquito Nets 800

Source: PRCS (NHQ) Sit-Rep No.8 IDPs Response Operations, 14th July, 2014/ by PRCS/ Published on 14-7-2014

Ministry of States and Frontier Regions (SAFRON)

Activity
As of July 13, 2014

Rs346.152m distributed among IDPs by SAFRON

PESHAWAR: Ministry of States and Frontier Regions (SAFRON) has distributed a cash amount of Rs 346.152 million among the internally displaced persons (IDPs) of North Waziristan Agency. According to a recent report, cash amount to 28,846 families has been distributed so far. Furthermore, financial assistance would be distributed among IDPs through Zong SIMS only. So far 27,767 SIMS had been distributed and more than 15,000 SIMS were activated. All the federal institutions under the directions of PM were coordinating effectively for better IDP's management which included Ministry of States and Frontier Regions (SAFRON), Pakistan Army, National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA), FATA Disaster Management Authority (FDMA), National Database & Registration Authority (NADRA), Water and Power Development Authority (WAPDA) etc., said in a press release on Saturday.

The details of facilities at registration and facilitation points are asunder:

1. Waiting area for both males and females with shades -10
2. Registration desks - 20
3. Water and tanks - 20
4. Ambulances - 5
5. NADRA facilitation points - 4
6. Refreshment boxes with mineral water and dates for all arriving families
7. Provision of polio vaccination
8. Lavatories - 6
9. Availability of electricity
10. Establishment of IDP's Camp

Initially, the site of the camp was selected at Kashoo Bridge on Bannu-Indus Highway Link Road at a distance of 15km from Bannu city. Therefore, the activity was required to be managed by the Provincial Disaster Management Authority having their administrative jurisdiction. However, on the insistence of law enforcing agencies, the site has now been shifted to Baka Khel (Frontier Region Bannu) near Baran Dam.

After shifting of the site to new point, FDMA has carried out the following development work at the site of camp:

1. Ground levelling and other development work has been completed.
2. Six shelters with the size of 50'x20' separate one for male and female has been completed.
3. Ten water storage tanks each having 2000 gallons capacity installed.
4. Six additional waiting shades, one having size of 50'x20' and two 14'x12' are being installed.
5. Twelve latrines and washrooms
6. Two thousand tents are pitched
7. One thousand dry food ration of 90 kg each, whereas electricity, health and polio vaccination facilities are available in the camp.

Source: <http://thefrontierpost.com/article/183941/>

Activity

As of July 3, 2014

UNOCHA Updates

- Registration has re-opened for those families who could not register earlier for a variety of reasons.
- Grievance desks have been established to facilitate the families with documentation issues.
- As of July 2nd, FDMA reported the registration of some 470,000 individuals. Verification of the registered families is ongoing. No further new displacements have been reported from NWA since the ground operation started.
- UNHCR reported an estimated 112,000 people from NWA in Khost and Paktika provinces of Afghanistan.
- The priority needs remain food, health, protection and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) activities.
- Urgent funding resources are needed to continue to scale up the humanitarian response.

Statistical Overview

470,000+ Displaced from NWA to other parts of Pakistan as of 2 July

112,000+ Estimated displaced from NWA to Afghanistan as of 3 July

74 % of the NWA IDPs are women and children

930,000 Pre-existing displaced people in KP and FATA in need of humanitarian assistance

1.6 m Registered Afghan Refugees in all of Pakistan

US\$22.5 m pledged or contributed by donors

Source: *Pakistan: North Waziristan Displacements Situation Report No. 5 (as of 3 July 2014)*

<https://pak.humanitarianresponse.info/document/pakistan-north-waziristan-displacements-situation-report-no-5-3-july-2014/published-on-3-7-2014>

Muslim Aid Health Emergency Response to NWA-IDPs

Activity

As of July 3, 2014

Muslim Aid Pakistan has launched a health emergency response for the IDPs of North Waziristan in district Bannu. Muslim Aid team comprising of an MBBS doctor, dispenser, pharmacist and LHV is providing emergency health aid to the internally displaced brethren of North Waziristan through this mobile health unit. These units will provide free of cost diagnostic and medical services and an ambulance is available to provide referral services.

Source: *Muslim Aid Press Release/ <http://muslimaid.org.pk/health-emergency-response-for-the-idps-of-north-waziristan-is-adding-another-feather-in-muslim-aid-cap/> published on 3-7-2014*

DISASTER PROFILE: DISTRICT GWADAR

Gwadar, the coastal district of Balochistan, covers a geographical area of approximately 12637 sq. km. Gwadar is comprised of four tehsils i.e. Jiwani, Gwadar, Pasni and Ormara. District until 1958, Gwadar belonged to the ruler of Muscat, Oman. However, the Government of Pakistan bought it from the Oman in 1958. Gwadar name is composed of two Baluchi words, "Gwadar" and "Darer" meaning "Air" and "Door". Gwadar sea route has a great geographical significance for the international trade as it covers the largest portion of the coastal line (600 Km) of the country.

Hazards in the area

Major prevailing hazards in the area are Sea flood/ Tsunami (5 times) followed by flash floods/rain floods (3 times) and drought (2 spells). Three major cyclones (Yamin, Gonu and Phet) and two Tsunamis have been recorded over the past 66 years. This shows that the occurrence of these hazards is very infrequent and unpredictable. The trends of flash floods due to rains are also not frequent but occur with very high intensity. The severe floods came in 1969, followed by in 1998 and 2005.

Over the past decade, two major drought spells have influenced a population of 88,870 people in 13 UCs. In addition, the district is also prone to sand storms and mud volcanoes which happen every year. Mud volcanoes are unique features of Gwadar. These volcanoes have erupted as results of tsunami and earthquakes. Three mud volcanoes are still active and can be seen from Makran Coastal Highway, about 50 km before the Hingol River crossing. The largest one is "Chandragup" that rises to a height of about 300 ft. The other two, Ramagup and Ranagup, are smaller in size¹.

The tropical cyclone GUNO & 03B (YEMYINE), in the Arabian Sea, hit the coastal belt of Balochistan. These cyclones started from the first week of June 2007 and caused torrential rains and heavy flash flood in river DASHT, damaging coastal highway and public properties; livestock and government buildings.

The following losses and damages were caused by the tropical cyclone of June / July 2007:

Losses and Damages of Monsoon Rains in the Year 2007²

Monsoon Rains 2007	
Human Deaths	24
Houses Damaged	3,750
Agriculture Losses	4,520
Livestock Lost	10,484
Poultry Birds	7,829
School buildings	28
Link Roads	75 Km
National Highway	40 Km
Tube wells	350

PDMA Balochistan

Losses and Damages caused by Phet Cyclone 2010³

Phet Cyclone				
Casualties	Injured	Fishing boats lost	Fully destroyed houses	Partially destroyed houses
3	30	214	7,671	3,024

History of Natural Disaster⁴

Hazard	Year	Area affected	Population affected	Property affected
Tsunami/ Earthquake	1945	Pasni and Ormara Town	60% of the total population in both towns	Unknown
Flood	1998, 2002, 2005 and 2007	Pasni, Ormara and Suntsar Union Council	30% of Pasni and 90% of the Union Council Suntsar were affected	60% in Pasni and 95% in the Suntsar
Sea erosion	2005 onward	Surbander and Gwadar Town	20% of the Surbander area has been affected	40 houses has recently been washed away by the sea erosion which increasing day by day
Cyclone	1985, 2007	Dasht Area	10%	Unknown
Sea storm	1989, 1992, 1996,	Jiwani, Ormara and	11 people killed by sea	--

¹ Gwadar district, Hazard, Livelihood Vulnerability Baseline And Contingency Plan (Nov 2011)

² District Development Profile Gwadar 2011, P & D GoB in collaboration with UNICEF (Table: 20.1)

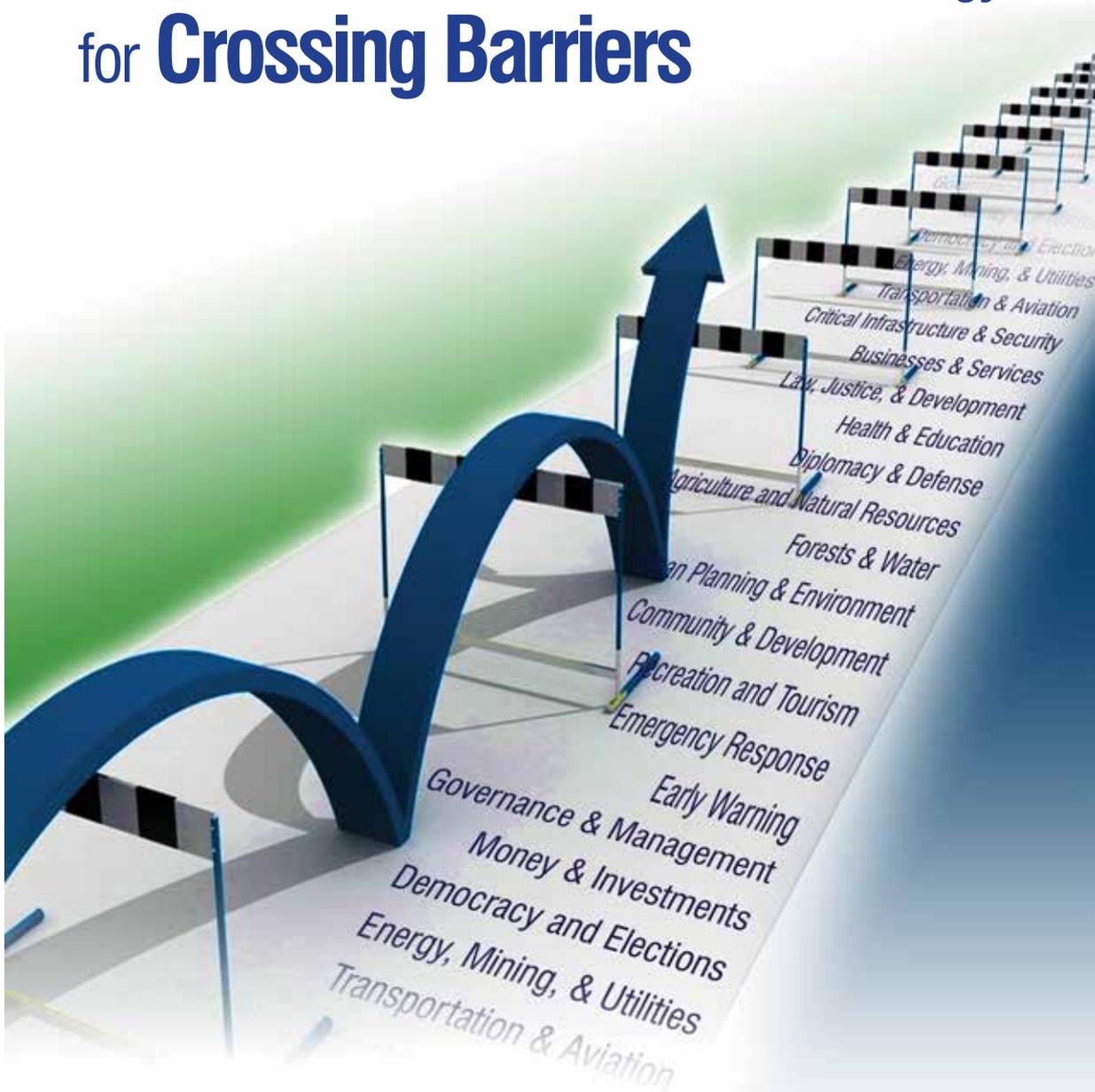
³ District Development Profile Gwadar 2011, P & D GoB in collaboration with UNICEF (pp. 15)

⁴ District Development Profile Gwadar 2011, P & D GoB in collaboration with UNICEF (Table: 20.2)

	1998, 2002, 2005, 2007	Pasni	storm near Jiwani	
Sand dune / sand storm	1990, 1995, 2001, 2006	Pasni Town	20%	Unknown
Drought	1997 to 2003 2007	Whole district	---	---

PDMA Balochistan

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District Gwadar

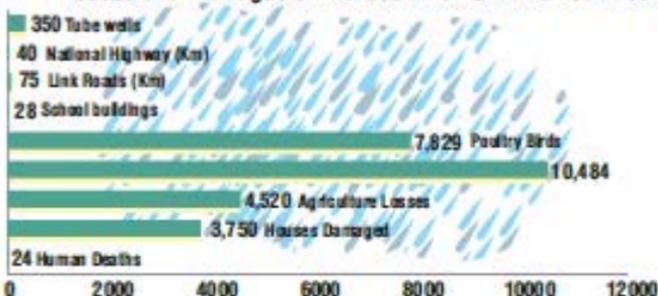
NATURAL DISASTER INFOGRAPHIC



Area
12,637 Sq. Km

Population
Estimated Population 2011 **269,843**

Losses and Damages of Monsoon Rains in the Year 2007



Losses and Damages caused by Phet Cyclone 2010



Houses Damaged by Phet Cyclone, 2010



GWADAR DISASTER EVENTS HISTORY 1945 - 2013



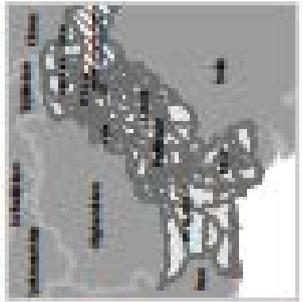
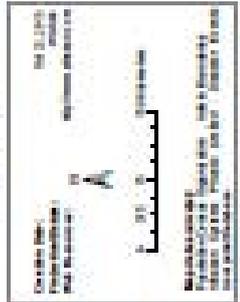
Legend

Earthquake Magnitude

- 0-4.9
- 5.0-5.9
- 6.0-6.9
- 7.0-7.9
- 8.0+

Depth

- 0-50 km
- 51-100 km
- 100-200 km
- 200-300 km
- 300-400 km
- 400-500 km
- 500-600 km
- 600-700 km
- 700-800 km
- 800-900 km
- 900-1000 km
- 1000-1100 km
- 1100-1200 km
- 1200-1300 km
- 1300-1400 km
- 1400-1500 km
- 1500-1600 km
- 1600-1700 km
- 1700-1800 km
- 1800-1900 km
- 1900-2000 km
- 2000-2100 km
- 2100-2200 km
- 2200-2300 km
- 2300-2400 km
- 2400-2500 km
- 2500-2600 km
- 2600-2700 km
- 2700-2800 km
- 2800-2900 km
- 2900-3000 km
- 3000-3100 km
- 3100-3200 km
- 3200-3300 km
- 3300-3400 km
- 3400-3500 km
- 3500-3600 km
- 3600-3700 km
- 3700-3800 km
- 3800-3900 km
- 3900-4000 km
- 4000-4100 km
- 4100-4200 km
- 4200-4300 km
- 4300-4400 km
- 4400-4500 km
- 4500-4600 km
- 4600-4700 km
- 4700-4800 km
- 4800-4900 km
- 4900-5000 km



Hazard Exposure Matrix

Hazard Type	Year of Occurrence	Area Affected	Population affected	Public and Private Property affected	Estimated population of the area at risk
Earthquake	1945	Parts of Ormara Town	10% of total population in both towns	Small damages to property	100,000
Flood	2003, 2005, 2008 and 2009	Parts of Ormara and North Union Council	10% of total population of the Union Council affected	Small to medium damages to property	100,000
Sea Erosion	2005-present	Surrounding and coastal areas	20% of the population in the Union Council affected	Small to medium damages to property	100,000
Hurricane	1981, 2007	South area	20%	Small damages to property	100,000
Storm surge / wave	1981, 1985, 2003, 2008	West Coast	20%	Small damages to property	100,000
Sea Storm	1985, 2001, 2004, 2008, 2009, 2009, 2009	West Coast and North	20%	Small damages to property	100,000

Major Disasters Occurred

Earthquake: 1945 - Parts of Ormara Town. 10% of total population in both towns. Small damages to property.

Flood: 2003, 2005, 2008 and 2009 - Parts of Ormara and North Union Council. 10% of total population of the Union Council affected. Small to medium damages to property.

Sea Erosion: 2005-present - Surrounding and coastal areas. 20% of the population in the Union Council affected. Small to medium damages to property.

Hurricane: 1981, 2007 - South area. 20%. Small damages to property.

Storm surge / wave: 1981, 1985, 2003, 2008 - West Coast. 20%. Small damages to property.

Sea Storm: 1985, 2001, 2004, 2008, 2009, 2009, 2009 - West Coast and North. 20%. Small damages to property.

DISASTER PROFILE: DISTRICT MULTAN

Multan District lies between north latitude 30.198381° and east longitude 71.468703°. Geographically it is located in a bend created by five confluent rivers. The Sutlej separates it from Bahawalpur District and the Chenab (passes on its Western side) from Muzaffar Garh district. Whilst, It is surrounded by the Khanewal to the North and North East, the Vehari to the East and Lodhran to the South. The total area of the district is 3,721 square kilometers.

District Multan comprises following four tehsils;

- I. Multan Cantonment/City
- II. Multan Sadar
- III. Shujabad
- IV. Jalalpur Pirwala

Major towns are Makhdoom Rashid, Qadirpur Ran and Basti Maluk.

District Multan is prone to different natural and man-made hazards i.e floods, heavy rains, droughts and technological hazards like accidents etc. The hazard matrix of the district shows the severity and frequency of the above mentioned hazards prevailed in Multan.

Hazard matrix of District Multan at a glance:

Hazard	Frequency	Area affected/union councils	Severity/ Force	Year
Riverine Floods	Monsoon	Entire district especially north eastern side of the district	Moderate	1993, 2010
Heavy rains	Monsoon	Entire district	Moderate	2012,2013
Epidemics	Seasonal	Entire district	Low	Every year
Heat wave	Seasonal	Entire district	Low	2007
Droughts	Rare	Entire district	Low	---
Windstorm	Rare	Entire district	Low	1994
Earthquake	Rare	Entire district	Low	2011,2013

Multan District: Losses/Damages Due To Flood- 2010

District	Villages Affected	Persons Affected	Area Affected (acres)	Crop Area Affected (acres)	Houses damaged		Persons Died
					Partially	Fully	
Multan	61	227,615	64,020	45,015	2,345	361	1

Source: Board Of Revenue Punjab, Relief & Crisis Management Department (26-09-2010)

Multan District: Flood- 2010 Tehsil wise Damage

Tehsil	Affected Population	Affected Area (Sq.km)	# of Damaged Schools
Jalalpur Pirwala	103,103	212	22
Multan Saddar	43,834	183	8
Multan City	27,447	40	4
Shujabad	53,431	160	13

Source: Pakistan Floods 2010, District Multan, (18 Feb, 2011)

District Multan

NATURAL DISASTER INFOGRAPHIC



Area
3,721 Sq. Km

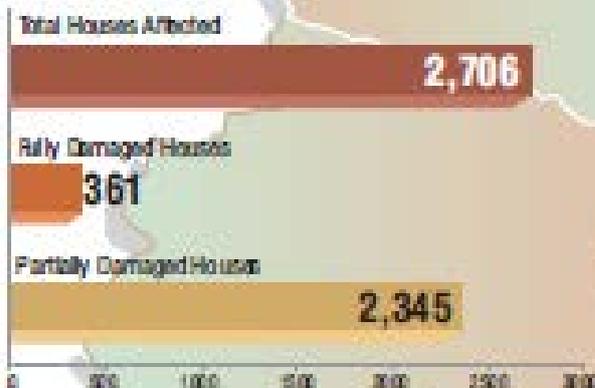
Estimated Population 2013
4,348,191

Population

Estimated Population 2013
4,348,191



Summary of Houses Damaged due to Rain and Floods 2010

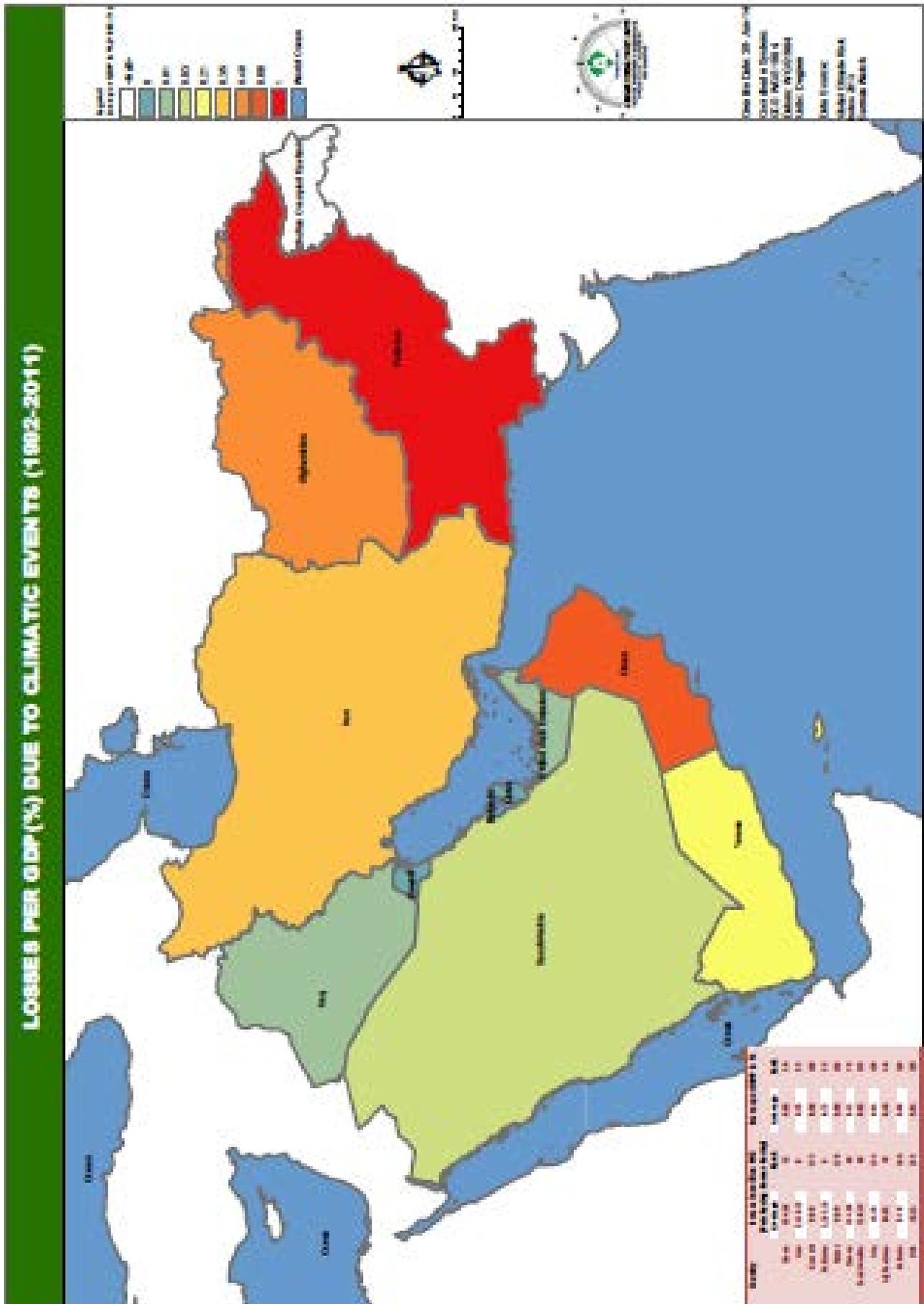


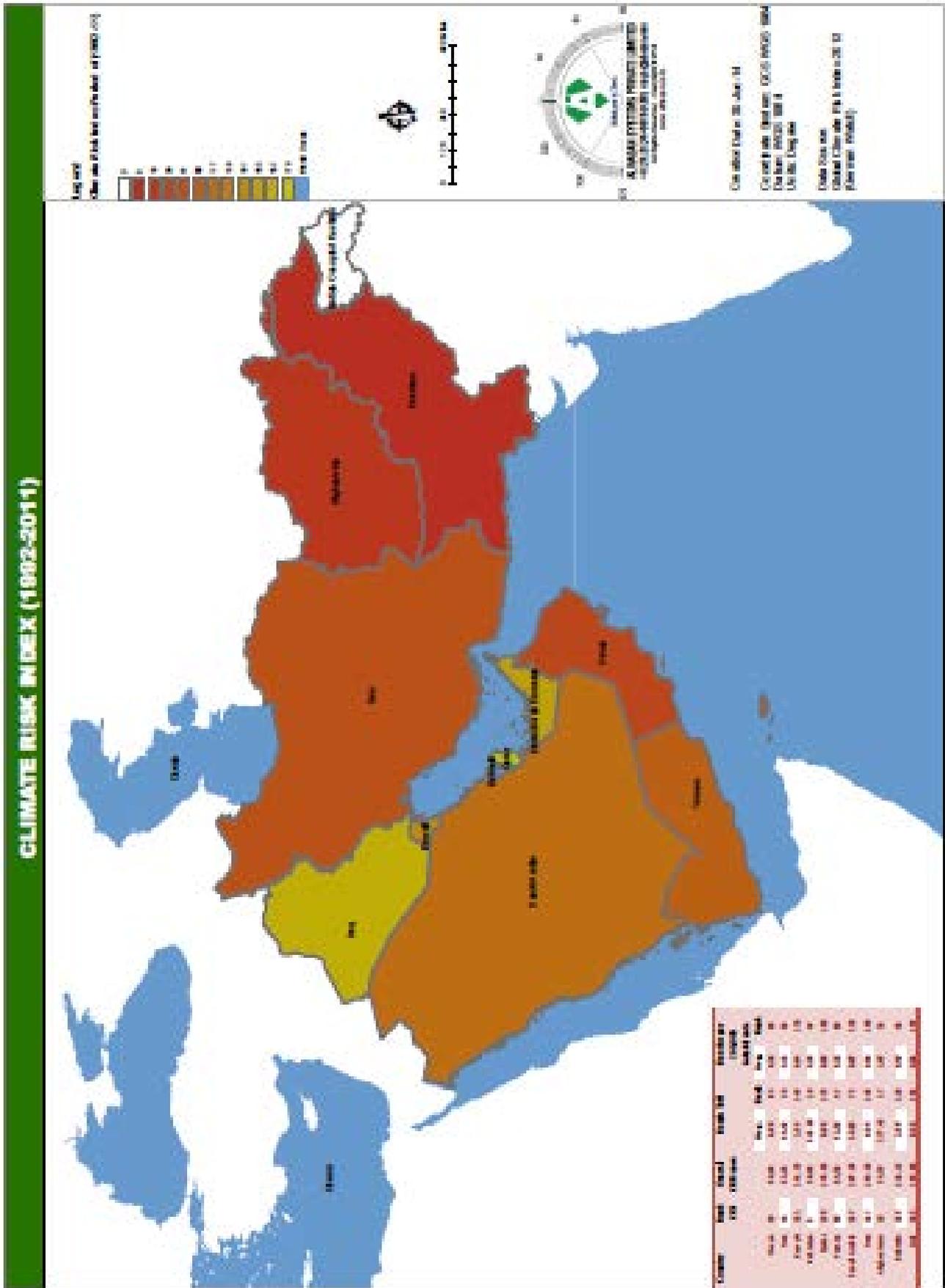
Summary of Educational Facilities Affected due to Rain and Floods 2010



Summary of Losses/ Damages due to Rain and Floods 2010







MAN-MADE DISASTERS NEED MAN-MADE SOLUTIONS

Atle Hetland

Dawn, July 27, 2014

Most problems in the world are man-made. That is quite obvious. Hence, it is also men - and women - who must find solutions to the problems," says Dr Zubair Ghouri, a director in Ministry of Information and Broadcasting and an anchor on PTV World. "The tragic Palestinian conflict - where Israel is bombing targets in occupied Gaza, killing more than eight hundred people, majority of whom are civilians, including women and children - is a ruthless man-made conflict. It is acute now, but it has gone on for years with several peaks in the past," he says. He refers to an Urdu saying which states that accidents happen when problems keep piling up for a long time. "The Palestine crisis is particularly depressing because we cannot see any solutions in the near future," Zubair says, adding, "Even if the two-state plan was implemented, as proposed in the Oslo Accord of 1993, it would just be the beginning of normal life. As it stands now, there is a deep-rooted trust deficit between the parties." "When peaceful solutions to the Israel-Palestine conflict will be found, the whole world will be better," says Dr Tughral Yamin, who is the associate dean at the Centre for International Peace and Stability (CIPS) at National University of Sciences and Technology (Nust) Islamabad.

CIPS was inaugurated last year by the United Nations Secretary General Ban Ki-moon. "We give special attention to the study of the tragic situation of the Palestinian people, as we do to the Kashmir conflict, which has also lasted since 1948. We should try to find solutions to both of these man-made conflicts," says Dr Yamin. "It is a scar on the world leaders, politicians and institutions that no solutions have yet been found. We all bear a share of the responsibility," he says. "If the world leaders, and especially Britain, had been more foresighted and had a less imperialist mindset after World War II, when the state of Israel was created, the current situation would have been different. Palestine lost most of its land that time. It had to lead to problems," says Dr. Yasin. Maryam Bibi

from Khwendo Kor, a large Peshawar-based NGO, agrees and says that the problems in her own home areas of North Waziristan would probably not have existed had the British colonial rulers not drawn the borders so arbitrarily between Pakistan and Afghanistan. "The causes for the problems in North Waziristan are man-made," she underlines. "Over the recent decades, we all have to share the responsibility for not having contributed more to finding peaceful solutions. We should have included the people in the tribal areas in mainstream Pakistan. "Some of us have tried to do what we could, and we may have contributed a little bit too. But since the current military operations were seen as needed by our leaders, we obviously didn't do enough," says the highly respected promoter of education for women and boys in Waziristan, and other projects for women. "It is indeed heartbreaking to see the myriads of IDPs outside Bannu. In my family's little two-room house, there are now fifty IDPs," says Maryam Bibi. "I believe it is only those who are very young today who will eventually be able to solve the Israel-Palestine tragedy," Maryam Bibi says. "Those who are in power in the world have failed to solve so many problems," she says. "In my home area, too, it will take decades for the people to enjoy prosperity like other people can." Afzal works in a restaurant in Islamabad and Tariq in a photocopy shop. They are both in their early twenties and say that they are very saddened by the Palestinian conflict and also the Waziristan IDP crisis. They say they cannot understand what Israel is doing towards the Palestinians and what it expects to achieve. "It is a war against Muslims, but not all Palestinians are Muslims; there are also many Christians among them, even Jews," Tariq says. "It is a crime against human beings at large, and many of those who die are young children and teenagers." "Let us pray especially for the Palestinian people this Eid, and for the IDPs in Pakistan," the young man says.

PAKISTAN FLOOD VICTIMS AWAIT UNFULFILLED PROMISES

IRIN, Humanitarian News and Analysis

July 14, 2014

ATTABAD- Four and a half years after a landslide and subsequent flooding in northern Pakistan's Gilgit-Baltistan State killed 19 people and displaced around 25,000, a solution to the plight of local residents seems as far off as ever. The area that used to house a handful of bustling communities is a 22km-long pool of water dubbed Attabad Lake. Looking out from its banks, the shells of dozens of homes rise up from the blue-green waters. In the aftermath of this disaster in the Hunza Valley, there were immediate commitments by the Pakistani authorities that they would drain the area and resettle the displaced families in new territory, but residents say nothing has happened, that compensation has been inadequate, and that the government is prioritizing the rebuilding of a nearby highway to China. Many of those who protested have been thrown in jail, with some awaiting trial in special anti-terrorism courts on charges of arson and sedition. The warning signs of the landslide had been noticeable for several months before the day of the crash, said Sahib Jan, a programme officer with Focus Humanitarian Assistance (FOCUS), an international group of agencies affiliated with the Aga Khan Development Network. Three months before the slide, they realized a crisis was coming. "We literally dragged people out of their homes, telling them their lives were in danger," recalled Jan. In the end the slide was more devastating than anyone had feared. "We evacuated several other villages, up to 100km downstream, out of fear the earthen dam created by the landslide would burst," Jan added. Residents whose homes were destroyed remain in temporary camps such as Altit. Among them is Gulfam, who lost her house in the slide. She lives in the camp and also teaches there at a makeshift school. Conditions are dire. Small one-room huts 10 foot by 15 host up to three families - over 15 people. "There is no space here, and it gets stiflingly hot in the summer," Gulfam said. Yet even this meagre existence is insecure. While much of the funding for the camps comes from the UN Development Programme, the Aga Khan Fund and other development agencies, Altit is technically on privately owned land temporarily given to authorities to house internally displaced persons (IDPs). "The owners threaten us daily, saying we should have left by now," Gulfam said. Many of the IDPs accuse the Pakistani authorities of neglect.

Profit before people's welfare?

"The original plan was to drain the lake and have villagers return to their homes. But this never happened," said Jan. Authorities instead gave priority to reopening the Karakoram Highway (KKH) - the only land route between Pakistan and China to the north - which was blocked by the landslide. Built by the Chinese and Pakistani militaries in the 1970s, the KKH is the world's highest paved roadway, and hundreds of trucks used it to travel across the Pakistan-China border every day, while it also provided a reliable route for the movement of troops and armaments. When the landslide hit, it formed a 2km-wide earthen dam across the Hunza river valley, blocking the KKH, while Attabad Lake also swamped parts of the road. As a result, trade has slowed to a trickle as trucks looking to cross the lake have to spend more than US\$150 to have their cargo loaded onto boats and ferried to the other side. The Pakistani government has focused on the strategically important road at the expense, critics say, of the thousands of displaced. Brigadier (retired) Nasrullah Abeer, a consultant with the Frontier Works Organization (FWO), a military-civilian organization contracted by Pakistan to build and maintain KKH, told IRIN his engineers made a proposal immediately after the landslide to the Pakistani government to drain the entire Attabad Lake and rebuild the highway along its original route, but their bid was set aside, and the China Road and Bridge Corporation (CRBC), a state-owned Chinese company, was instead contracted to realign the highway. FWO were in the end asked to implement some of the much scaled-back project. "Our task was [just] to lower the lake enough to allow construction of an alternate roadway, and reduce the risk of downstream floods," Abeer explained. Along with reopening the Pakistan-China trade route, lowering the lake's water level was meant to reduce the risk of a potentially catastrophic flood downriver if the earthen dam were to burst. Working in

temperatures that can fall below minus 15 C, FWO blasted a channel into the earthen dam, forming a spillway that has reduced the lake's water level by more than 30 metres. This has allowed CRBC engineers to access the cliffside along the valley, where hundreds of workers are constructing a series of tunnels and bridges, more than 22km long, to bypass the lake and reconnect the KKH.

An abandoned homeland

For the residents of Attabad and other destroyed villages, the government's decision to go around the lake amounts to an abandoning of their homeland. In total just 5sqkm of land, a tiny fraction of what the IDPs once lived on, has been recovered. The government has offered compensation of 600,000 rupees (\$6,000) to each displaced family. Yet this farming community has lost their livelihoods. "With no other incomes, we have long gone through that [the \$6,000]," said Gulfam. Zaheeruddin Babar of the Gilgit-Baltistan Disaster Management Authority agreed the compensation had not been sufficient. "[After the flood] 90 percent of the land in Hunza is not liveable, and only 4 percent is cultivatable, so the [loss of the] land is worth a lot more [in compensation] than the 600,000 rupees [\$6,000] given to families." Each Pakistani government since the slide - including the current one led by Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif - has also promised to rehouse the homeless but so far there have been no substantive moves. The delay has been due to a lack of funds from the federal government, according to Babar. "We are totally dependent on the federal government," he explained. "This is a huge amount just to resettle the IDPs; it's a huge amount for the Gilgit-Baltistan government." Despite repeated requests, officials from the central government were not available for comment.

Crackdown

Worse still for residents, the government has looked to quell their anger - sometimes violently. Ownership of Gilgit-Baltistan is, along with two neighbouring states of Jammu and Kashmir, disputed between Pakistan and India - with Pakistan being granted stewardship of Gilgit-Baltistan (called the Northern Areas before 2009) until a vote is held on the dispute to determine the future of the territory. The disputed nature of the territory means Pakistan's constitution is not applied there. For the IDPs this means that crucial rights, such as the ability to appeal Pakistani Supreme Court rulings, are not available for local residents. With legal channels impossible, the residents have taken to protesting. In August 2011, a year after the government announced the relief package, a few dozen families had still not received any funds, and hundreds of others had not received the full compensation. Hundreds of IDPs held a sit-in in front of the district headquarters in Aliabad, demanding quicker distribution of funds and the draining of the lake. The protest blocked the route of visiting Prime Minister Yusuf Raza Gilani. Police attempting to clear the protesters fired tear gas to disperse the protesters, eventually resorting, witnesses say, to live fire, killing two men. "[Live] fire is supposed to be the last resort," Iftikhar Hussain, a 34-year-old protester, told IRIN. "It was a peaceful protest, and people only reacted after the police started firing." The killing sparked violent riots which spread throughout the province, and protesters burned down dozens of government buildings - police stations, district offices, jails - across Gilgit-Baltistan. Authorities responded by imposing a rarely-used provision in Pakistani law that affords emergency powers to police, and more than 100 protesters, mostly IDPs but also some activists, were arrested, and many charged with crimes including terrorism and sedition, which could carry the death penalty. Hussain is one of 36 men still on remand for the protests, awaiting a verdict. He says he and two other activists were physically tortured during the first month of their confinement. Gilgit-Baltistan police have denied the accusations of torture. Today in the Attabad area, the sense of despair is overwhelming. Few believe they will ever get their homeland back and there is little hope of resettlement in the near future. Displaced residents of the Hunza Valley feel man-made decisions are as much to blame for their sorry state as nature's fury.

COMPREHENSIVE REPORT: GLOF RISK, DAMAGES INCREASE IN GOJAL VALLEY

Mountain TV

July 8, 2014

Since the last 6 years, Glacial Lake Outburst Floods (GLOFs) have been posing a serious threat to a number of villages in Gojal Valley besides damaging the Karakoram Highway (KKH) N35 and the bridges constructed on the highway near villages Hussaini and Ghulkin. The frequency of GLOFs at the site has increased over the last 2 years. Gilgit-Baltistan is surrounded by gigantic mountains and glaciers and the glacier water always poses threat to the inhabitants. Many times the GLOF has destroyed the infrastructure and in particular the road access to the lower part of the province. A glacier situated between Ghulkin and Hussaini villages is the most dangerous GLOF site which poses threat to both the villages as well as destroyed the KKH due to which the people travelling through the area face serious difficulties. It is worst in case of emergencies. Likewise another glacier which lies between Gulmit and Ghulkin is a serious threat for both villages. Many times the water has changed its flow towards the village and the villagers have taken measures to divert the flow at its original position. On May 25, 2014, an enormous GLOF caused havoc on the Northern side of the main bridge located at the site whereby the KKH, two bridges besides several culverts were inundated. The incident left commuters and locals of the area stranded on both sides of the flooded highway. No immediate response was taken by authorities; however, five days after the incident, authorities cleared the site and traffic resumed across the flooded highway. Officials of the National Highway Authority (NHA) and China Road and Bridge Construction Corporation (CRBC) eventually made an alternative way for vehicles to cross the GLOF site. On June 14, 2014, another massive GLOF hit the KKH on the Southern side of the main bridge located at the site, inundating three culverts and consequently blocking the highway. The voluble water utterly demolished the KKH. Yet again, relevant authorities failed to initiate any prompt measure to resume transportation on the KKH. Hundreds of passengers were left stranded on both sides of the blocked highway. However, local volunteers and boy scouts were seen making way for the passengers to pass the blockade. As this report is being posted, the highway remains severely damaged and flooded, bringing traffic to a standstill on the KKH. This has not only affected lives of people of the area, but also businessmen, tourists and travelers. Passengers, specifically vulnerable groups like the ailing, the elderly, women and children are most at risk. People are crossing the flood by foot and it is feared that any casualty resulting from the incident will compel locals of the area to point fingers to government authorities.

History of GLOFs in Hussaini Gojal

On condition that historic records have been on hand, facts have been showing that glaciers and glacial lakes have been a hazard to highways, bridges, people and property located downstream. Glacial Lake Outburst Floods (GLOFs) occur when glaciers condense and move forward and, in many instances, block side valleys causing river and meltwater to build up against an ice barrier. In some instances, as these glacial lakes grew, increasing hydrostatic pressure eventually causes the ice dam to lift or burst, resulting in heavy flooding towards downstream areas where it wreaks havoc by damaging highways, bridges and properties. GLOFs and the resulting blockage of the KKH at the site between Hussaini and Ghulkin villages in Gojal Valley are not new. Since the KKH has been constructed just over the Hussaini glacier, flooding has been witnessed at the site during the last 6 years. Local experts say that the last 2 GLOFs were comparatively powerful and damaging to public infrastructure and properties. Moreover, discharge of water from the glacier near Ghulkin village has also prompted fear among the community. According to experts, unlike the previous flooding that took place in summer, extreme water flow was also noted in the winter of 2013 when the temperature remains in the negative. According to FOCUS Humanitarian Assistance, the water in a lake formed on the Hussaini glacier has also increased to an alarming level. This could become a potential threat to the KKH, and bridges and culverts on the KKH in future. The GLOFs have damaged about two kilometers of the KKH so far.

Impact of KKH blockage on travelers, tourists and local community

The blockage of KKH has left hundreds of tourists, businessmen and travelers without any alternative route, forcing them to cancel their plans. This has adversely affected the local economy. It is pertinent to note that a majority of the local population of Gojal Valley is reliant on tourism for their income. The KKH serves as the only land route between China and Pakistan and accounts for trade worth billions of rupees. Blockage of the KKH has had adverse impact over the trade between the two countries and businessmen have started rethinking their plans to carry their goods via the KKH. The local community of Gojal Valley in general and residents of Ghulkin and Hussaini villages in particular have been suffering as a result of the blockage of the KKH and inaction on part of relevant authorities. Besides creating problems for local commuters, the KKH's blockage has negatively affected the local economy.

Response of authorities

On June 18, 2014, officials of the NHA visited the flood site after locals threatened to go on strike if immediate action is not taken to contain the situation. The NHA team was led by the General Manager for N35. The authorities took notice of the situation on ground besides meeting with the local population and taking note of their concerns. GM NHA assured the people that he would initiate immediate measure to provide them relief and resume traffic on the KKH. Authorities have yet to initiate measures for transportation of patients, women, children and the elderly across the KKH which is still under flooding. Local volunteers and community members are currently helping people cross the gushing water. It is worth mentioning here that thousands of people travel on the KKH each day. Crossing the affected site to go to Pak-China border and vice versa has made life risky for travelers.

Flood damage repairs

Since the China Road and Bridge Corporation (CRBC) is responsible for improvement of the KKH in the area, the company has yet to initiate damage repairs. CRBC has been progressively repairing the damage caused by the floods and the progress to date, including bridge replacements, has exceeded millions of rupees. However, the repairs can't withstand the powerful floods with gushing water and boulders.

People of Gulmit take precautionary measures

Regarding this problem the people of Gulmit took precautionary actions to build a safety wall on the edge of the flowing glacier water. This proposal was accepted by the FOCUS Humanitarian Assistance Pakistan and approved a grant for the building of the safety wall. This project is in progress under the supervision of Gulmit Organization for Local Development (GOLD) from March 2014. Digging of the foundation, which is 2km long, 5ft wide and 4ft deep, was done by the villagers on voluntary basis. The project has now been contracted out. The wall is still under construction and will be 10ft high. It was very encouraging for the people as Mr. Wazir Baig Speaker Legislative assembly Gilgit-Baltistan visited the site and appreciated the self taken initiative by the people. Mr. Baig announced further grant and cooperation for the extension and strengthening of the wall.

A CRY FOR HELP

Zubeida Mustafa

Daily Dawn; July 02, 2014

The latest avoidable disaster to visit us is that of the internally displaced people or IDPs — the hapless victims of Operation Zarb-i-Azb — who have been forced to leave their homes in North Waziristan. This was inevitable if Pakistan is to be saved from our self-created Frankenstein that was intended to provide the country with the questionable advantage of strategic depth. The crackdown has come, belatedly though, with no preparations for the aftermath. As a result we have the suffering of nearly 450,000 IDPs on our conscience. This phenomenon could have been anticipated. It just required greater sensitivity from those whose responsibility it is under international humanitarian law — specifically the Geneva Convention IV, 1949 — to protect the rights of civilians displaced by hostilities in war-affected areas. Under this convention one doesn't even have to cross an international boundary to become an IDP. And 75pc of those who have fled their homes are women and children. WITH the Pakistan Army's attack on the militants in North Waziristan, a human tragedy of gargantuan proportions has been unfolded. Unsurprisingly, the government failed to anticipate the consequences of this move and did not act in time to avert a catastrophe. It has only compounded the crisis the country faces. Shocking reports are emanating from Bannu and other areas receiving the IDP exodus from Fata. Stories are legion of hunger and thirst in the face of unsatisfactory food distribution programmes, transporters fleeing people desperate and fatigued, scarce shelter, inadequate healthcare for the ailing and women giving birth to babies unattended. The latest disaster to visit us is that of the IDPs. What we see today is a replay of what happened in 2009 when the army launched its operation in Swat/Malakand. Only this time the numbers and magnitude of suffering of the IDPs are much bigger. Unfortunately, the IDPs have not been provided what is their due in their hour of trial. It was in 2009 that a group of concerned citizens led by one of Pakistan's most vocal activists, Tahira Abdullah, got together to work with their Swat-based partners the Khwendo Kor to provide whatever relief they could. Their commitment took them to IDPs lodged in government-sponsored camps as well as with local host families. This humanitarian act of reaching out to people in distress touched many hearts. Now we have another crisis on our hands and this brave 2009+ Group, as it calls itself, is out again trying to stir up the public

conscience. The IDPs' need for financial and material help remains as dire as ever. Given their poverty and the underdevelopment of their region, the people of North Waziristan are by and large not in a position to help themselves. It is time people extended a helping hand in their hour of need. Worse still is the politicisation of the IDP crisis that is indicative of the perverse mindset of those in office. In a statement last week, the 2009+ Group deplored the inhumane approach of the Sindh and Punjab governments to slam the door on IDPs. There are unconfirmed reports of some district administrations — as of Islamabad and Charsadda — barring the entry of IDPs. This is not new. It has been attempted before and we are doing it again and the Group's statement terms it "inhuman, unconstitutional and illegal which will have long-term negative effects on our so-called 'national pluralist multi-ethnic identity' and our national image". This is the most disturbing aspect of this tragedy: the expression of disowning our own people when they need us most. We know that many of the fears articulated are unfounded and nebulous. In 2009, the IDPs from Swat faced similar barriers. It was argued that the ethnic composition of the province would change because the IDPs would never return home. They did. The family from Swat I visited in Baldia (Karachi) was helpless and unhappy with the change in environment. It even found the smells of the city unbearable compared to the fragrance of the green valleys of Swat. In Karachi it was argued that militants would smuggle into the city with the IDPs who were stereotyped as 'Pakhtun terrorists'. But we know that even without the IDPs the Taliban infiltrated Karachi. Only efficient intelligence could have pre-empted their entry. The will to wipe out the Taliban never existed. They were regarded as 'strategic assets'. Read Carlotta Gall's *The Wrong Enemy* to understand where we went wrong. To blame the IDPs for Karachi's woes is sheer crassness. Karachi has seen a lot of violence and we know that the Taliban are not the only ones to have inflicted it on the city. Political parties, including those in the government, have sought control over their fiefdom not through statesmanship but by resorting to violence, extortion and blackmail. The Taliban have contributed their share in this turf war. But not the IDPs who are trapped in a situation not of their making.

DRM DIRECTORY

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ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS

<p>Centre for Disaster Preparedness & Management Peshawar (CDPM) Program(s) Offered: Degree Programme in Disaster Management Director (091) 5853536 cdpm@upesh.edu.pk www.cdpm.upesh.edu.pk University of Peshawar</p>	<p>Disaster Research Institute, (DRI), Preston University Program(s) Offered: Diploma in Disaster Management Tel: +92 51 44300597 Ext. 251, 247, 248, 209 Fax: # 92 51 4430648, Email : driaq@preston.edu.pk, dri@preston.edu.pk www.Preston.edu.pk H No 85, Street 3, Sector H-8/1, Islamabad.</p>
<p>Higher Education Commission Phone: (051) 9040 0000 www.hec.gov.pk/ Head Office, Islamabad Sector H-9, East Service Road, Islamabad</p>	<p>MILITARY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, NUST Program(s) Offered: MS Disaster Management +92-923-631127 FAX: +92-923-681233510 mailto:commandant@mce.nust.edu.pk Commandant, Military College of Engineering (MCE), Risalpur Cantt (KP), Pakistan</p>
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LOCAL NON GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

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<p>Community Empowerment and Development Organization (CEDO) 0092-91-346-9129093 0092-91-345-9369580 cedo.org2010@yahoo.com Near Rehman Hotel Khar Bajaur Agency, FATA</p>	<p>Community Research and Development Organization (CRDO) 0092-91-5852202 0092-91-5852282 info@crdopk.org imraninam@mystery.pk House No. B-2, New Arbab Colony, Abdara Road Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Doaba Foundation (DOABA) 0092-61-6213256 0092-61-6213256 doaba.foundation@doabafoundation.org H. No.1, Street No.2, Behind Toyota Showroom, Shalimar Colony, Bosan Road, Multan, Punjab</p>	<p>Dosti Development Foundation (DDF) 0092-91-5606204 0092-300-592-5322 0092-91-5606205 info@ddf.org.pk 1st Floor, Noor Allied Heights, Near Qayyum Stadium, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Environmental Protection Society (EPS) 0092-946-9240254 0092-946-721062 info@eps-swat.org Environmental Protection Society, Darbar, Swat Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Integrated Community Development Initiative (ICDI) 0092-91-5842744 0092-303-8815551 FAX: 0092-91-5845411 icdirub@gmail.com corneliusasghar@gmail.com House No. 4, Street No. 1, Near Buraq Education System, Tambuwan Stop, University Road, Peshawar</p>
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<p>Sungi Development Foundation (SDF) 0092-992-385710</p>	<p>Swat Participatory Council (SPC) 0092-946-721296</p>

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Pakistan Fisherfolk Forum (PFF) 0092-213-5092862/0092-213-4534463 0092-21-35090543 FAX: 0092-213-5092862 pakistanfisherfolk@hotmail.com Sachall Hall, Ibrahim Hyderi, Bin Qasim Town 75190, Karachi Sindh	Organization for Social Development Initiatives (OSDI) 0092-213-2446208 0092-213-2446209 FAX: 0092-213-2410723 contact@osdi.org 9th Floor Business Centre, Mumtaz Hassan Road, Sindh
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Participatory Development Initiatives (PDI) 0092-21-35842762 0092-21-35842763 FAX: 0092-21-35842763 pdi@pdi.org.pk PDI House, 2nd Floor, Plot # 34-C, Street # 10, Badar Commercial, DHA Phase- V, Karachi, Sindh	Tameer-e-Khalq Foundation (TKF) 0092-81-2870124 FAX: 0092-81-2823497 info@tameerekhalaq.org House No. 80-A, near LGS School, Jinnah Town, Quetta Balochistan
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<p>Rural Support Programs Network (RSPN) 0092-51-2829141 , 0092-51-2829556 0092-51-2822476 , 0092-51-2821736 FAX: 0092-51-2829115 info@rspn.org.pk House No.7, Street No. 49, Sector: F-6/4, Islamabad</p>	<p>Roshni Pakistan 0092-61-6539293 FAX: 0092-61-6539293 roshnipakistan@yahoo.com House No. 94-A, Street No.7, Al Quraish Housing Society, Sher Shah Road, Multan, Punjab</p>
<p>Society for Sustainable Development (SSD) 0092-91-5843414 0092-300-9003181 FAX: 0092-91-5843414 awake23@yahoo.com SSD House No. 13-B, Rehman Baba Road, Opposite British Lodge, University Town.Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Pakistan Rural Initiatives for Emergency Preparedness, Response and Development (PREPARED) 0092-91-5843644 0092-301-5602469 Info@prepared.com.pk gkhan@prepared.com.pk House No.41, Gulshan Iqbal Town, Arbab Road, Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Community Development Network Organization (CDNO) 0092-722-650216 FAX: 0092-722-650991 cdno.org@gmail.com Near Pir Bukhari, Jamia Mosque , Jacobabad, Sindh</p>	<p>Watan Development Organization (WDO) 0092-243-528466 FAX: 0092-243-641352 watandevlopment.org@gmail.com info@watan.org.pk House .No. 2570, Station Road, Gambat, Khairpur, Sindh</p>
<p>Association for Betterment of Oppressed Pakistani People (BOPP Association) 0092-300-3011259 0092-321-3024240 FAX: 0092-332-2624454 info@bopp.org Association for Betterment of Oppressed Pakistani People, Near Yasrub Hotel, Goods Naka, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>	<p>Cavish Development Foundation (CDF) 0092-51-2212434 FAX: 0092-51-2100954 info@cavish.org House No. 266-B, Street No. 31, Sector F-10/1, Islamabad</p>
<p>Serve Foundation Pakistan (SFP) 0092--333-2753432 0092--313-2226858 aftab@servefoundation.org.pk Near Hassan Ali Shah Imam Bargaha, Shahdadkot, Sindh</p>	<p>Life Development Foundation (LDF) 0092-51-2352834 0092-345-5897493 FAX: 0092-51-2355901 info@lifedevlopmentfoundation.org House No. 200, 3rd Road, Sector G-10/4, Islamabad</p>
<p>Samaj Development Foundation (SDF) 0092-301-5105788 samajdf@gmail.com First Floor Muslim Commercial Bank, Gulshan Iqbal Branch, Rahim Yar Khan, Punjab</p>	<p>Aga Khan Rural Support Programme (AKRSP) 0092-51-2100645 0092-345-5904947 info@akrsp.org.pk House No.343, Street No. 32, F-11/2, Islamabad</p>
<p>JAGGARTA Social Welfare Organization (JO) 0092-233-866391 0092-334-3553908 ,0092-302-3319533 FAX: 0092-233-866391 info@jaggarta.org jaggarta@yahoo.com House # 1440 / 29,Karimabad, Mirpurkhas, Sindh</p>	<p>Education Awareness and Community Health (EACH) 0092-41-5504488 0092-333-6116872 FAX: 0092-41-2404488 each@nexlinx.net.pk info@each.org.pk Main Bazar Masoodabad, Near Sultan Chowk, Samanabad, Faisalabad, Punjab</p>
<p>Human and Enterprise Development Institute (HEDI) 0092-5811-450302 0092-306-8000679 FAX: 0092-5811-450302 hedi.glt@gmail.com Naveed Shaheed Road, Near Sedna School, Gilgit</p>	<p>Aakash Welfare Society (AWS) 0092-22-2654055 0300-2371853 FAX: 0092-22-2654055 aaksahwshyd@gmail.com khalidshah_a@yahoo.com H-100/10, HDA Banglows Near Marvi Lawn, Banglow E-446, Gulistan-e-Sajad, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>
<p>AASAAN Foundation</p>	<p>Action Against Poverty</p>

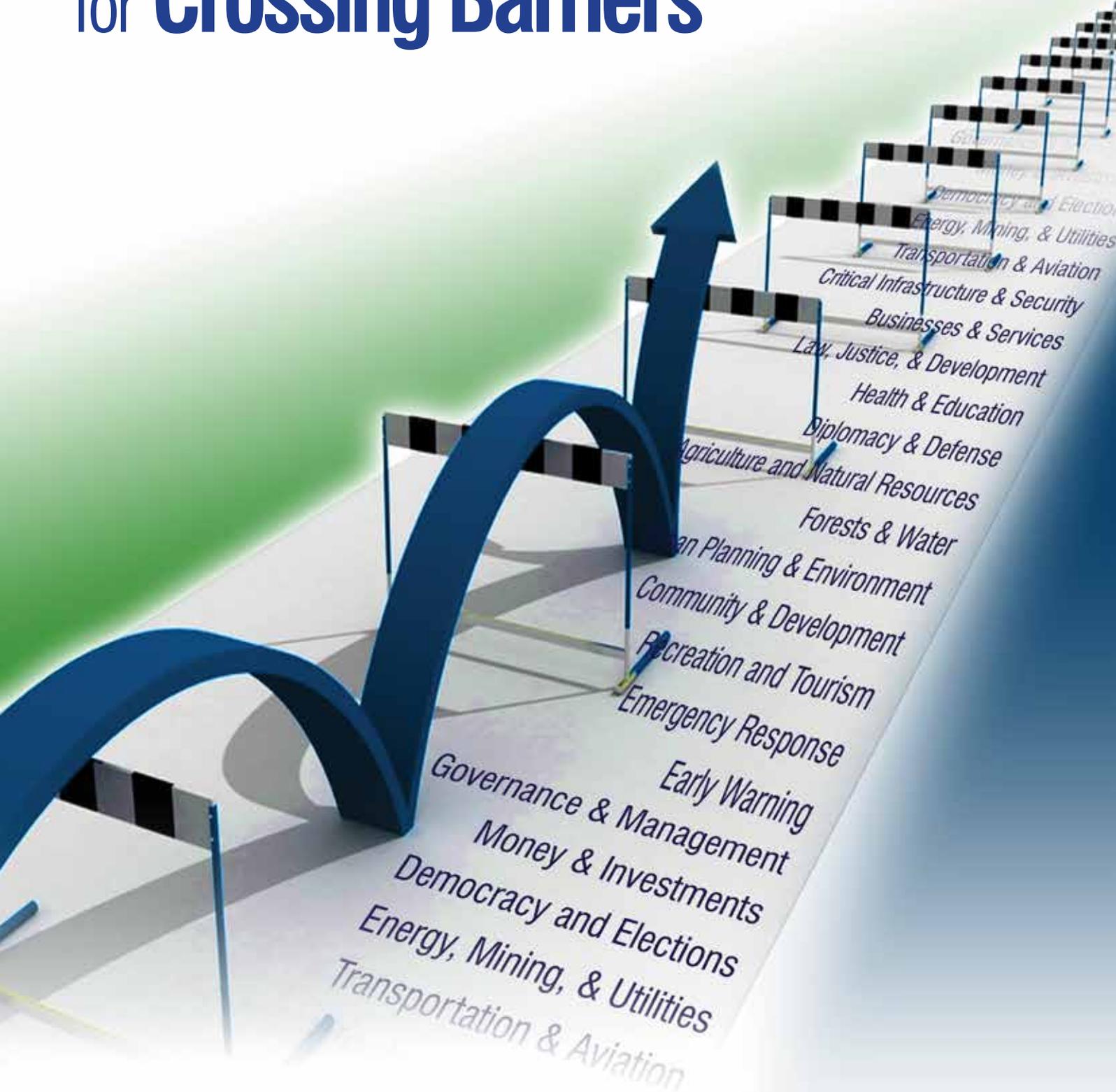
<p>(AF) 0092-51-4449891 0092-51-4447416 FAX: 0092-51-4447415 info@aasaan.org House No. 236, Street No. 29, Sector: I-9/1, Islamabad</p>	<p>(AAP) 0092-61-4541799, 0092-300-6307403 0092-313-6306666 sarfraclement@gmail.com aappk@brain.net 60 La Salle Colony, Behind Naqashband Colony, Khanewal Road, Multan, Punjab</p>
<p>Social and Educational Environment Development Society (SEEDS) 0092-333-3898330 0092-837-430027 rasheed_magasi2002@yahoo.com seedsjhallmagasi@yahoo.com Basti kamal Shah, Post Office Gandawa, Jhall Magasi, Balochistan</p>	<p>Jeejal Foundation Sindh (JF) 0092-723-684019 0092-3018319019 FAX: 0092-723-684019 jeejalfoundation@gmail.com ghotojaved@gmail.com Jawad Colony, Street # 01, Banglow # 01, By-Pass Road, Ghotki, Sindh</p>
<p>Participatory Development Initiative (PDI) 0092-937-875810 0092-300-9176198 pdi.org2010@gmail.com miralishahh@yahoo.com House No. 171, Street No.6, Sector-D, Sheikh Maltoon Town, Mardan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Pak Rural Development Programme (PRDP) 0092-336-5250036 0092-997-310216 prdpbtg@gmail.com iivcbtg@gmail.com Dr. Zareen Building, Police Colony, Back side Young Muslim School College, Battagram, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Dehi Samaji Taraqiati Council (DSTC) 0092-346-6443091 0092-302-6443091 FAX: 0092-604-690003 dstc.org@gmail.com Kla NoorTown Band Road, Rajan Pur, Punjab</p>	<p>Center of Excellence for Rural Development (CERD) 0092-91-5851801 Fax: 0092-91-5851802 cerd.nwfp@gmail.com xmasyp@gmail.com House No. 27-A, Syed Jamaludin Afghani Road, University Town, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Development Concerns (DC) 0092-333-9964742 0092-300-5791330 d.concerns@gmail.com nthahem@gmail.com Malik Inayat Ullah House, Khayaban-e-Iqbal Town, Near Alizai Daal Mill, Multan Road, D.I.Khan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Innovative Development Organization (IDO) 0092-81-2834917 0092-81-2834642 Fax: 0092-81-2838823 ali@ido.org, info@ido.org ido_qta@yahoo.com House No. 69-A, Chaman Housing Scheme, Quetta, Balochistan</p>
<p>Integrated Rural Awareness and Development Organization (IRADO) 0092-345-3789946 Fax: 0092-22-3830301 irado54@yahoo.com info@iradosindh.org Banblow # B14, AlMustafa Town, Phase 2, Qasimabad, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>	<p>Mehran Rural Development Society (MRDS) 0092-306-2339743 0092-333-2782102 mehran.mrds@yahoo.com info@mrdsindh.org Ahsan Shah Colony, Near Marvi Hospital, Hyderabad Road, Matli, Badin, Sindh</p>
<p>Association for Human Development (AHD) 0092-51-2890020 0092-333-5026459 FAX: 0092-51-2890020 ahd.pakistan@yahoo.com main@ahd.org.pk Office No.2, Block 25, PHA Near ZTBL, Sector: G-7/1, Islamabad</p>	<p>Organization for Participatory Development (OPD) 0092-55-4232165 0092-55-4232166 Fax: 0092-55-4232166 opd_ho@yahoo.com, Rehmat Pura, Near Al-Janat Bakers, Noweshra Road, Gujranwala, Punjab</p>
<p>Society for Environment Action Reconstruction and Humanitarian Response (SEACRH) 0092-25-4710299 0092-300-3250826 Fax: 0092-25-4710299 info@search.org.pk Housing Society, Dadu Town, Daro Road, Dadu, Sindh</p>	<p>Rights and Rights Social Society (RRSS) 0092-333-7405060 0092-333-6009884 rightsandrights@yahoo.com Rehman College Near Nothren Railway Crossing Mini Bypass, Muzafargarh, Punjab</p>
<p>Sangat Development Foundation (SDF) 0092-334-3475360 Fax: 0092-244-362011</p>	<p>Building Advanced Society through Integrated Community (BASIC) Development Foundation (BASIC DF) 0092-222-652301</p>

<p>sangatsindh@gmail.com nisarbrohi@yahoo.com Flat # 07, Sharif Building Market Road, Nawabshah, Sindh</p>	<p>Fax: 0092-222-652301 info@basicdf.org.pk House No. C-06, Prince Town, Phase-II, Wadhu Wah Road, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>
<p>Sustainable Development Organization (SDO) 0092-5822-203397 0092-300-9773466 info@sdo.org.pk khurram@sdo.org.pk Near WWF Office, Opposite Jamia Masjid, Old Chungi Chowk, Domail Syedan Garipan, Muzaffarabad, AJ&K</p>	<p>Community Social Welfare Council (CSWC) 0092-51-5538578 0092-51-2561611 Fax: 0092-51-5538578 cswc66@gmail.com khalideo@gmail.com House No. 1-A (Family Health Clinic), Mohallah Eidgah, Opp. TB Hospital, Rawalpindi, Punjab</p>
<p>AL-KHIDMAT 0092-969-352395 Fax: 0092-969-352395 alkhidmat.org@gmail.com alkhidmat.org2001@gmail.com House No. 494/B, Nawab Street, Bannu, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Neelab Children and Women Development Council (NCWDC) 0092-333-6476588 0092-312-6476588, 0092-306-6476588 neelabranjanpur@gmail.com aftabmastoi@gmail.com Mohalla Mohsin Shah, Ward No.12, Rajanpur, Punjab</p>
<p>National Development Organization (NDO) 0092-300-9058550 0092-91-5843951 Fax: 0092-91-5852659 ceo.ndo@gmail.com asgharali@consultant.com NDO 3- Jhandagai, Opposite Usmania Restaurant, University Road, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Sustainable Development Foundation Sindh (SDF) 0092-235-541666 0092-333-2912837 Fax: 0092-235-541666 sdfsindh@gmail.com House # 946/34, District Council Colony, Sanghar, Sindh</p>
<p>Aurat Association (AA) 0092-997-303010 0092-301 8170632 Fax: 0092-997-303010 auratassociation@hotmail.com House No. A-117 Ghazi Kot Township, Main Road, Mansehra Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Islamia Educational and Welfare Society (IEWWS) 0092-838-613722 0092-300-3426500 Fax: 0092-331-3426500 sdip29@yahoo.com nazir.iewws@gmail.com Ali Gohar Chowk Civil Hospital Road, Usta Muhammad, Jaffarabad, Balochistan</p>
<p>Foundation for Women and Children (FWC) 0092-254-730015 0092-333-2700306 fwc.sindh@gmail.com mangi_saleh@yahoo.com Street # 4, Hatta Mohalla, Mehar City, Dadu, Sindh</p>	<p>Rural Development Foundation Sindh (RDF) 0092-300-3055698 rdf_jamshoro@yahoo.com ssdosindh@gmail.com Plot#A-95, Syedabad, Near Sandoz Company, Taluka Kotri, Jamshoro, Sindh</p>
<p>Society for Environmental and Social Enhance (SENSE) 0092-838-612523 0092-302-2368906 Fax: 0092-838-612226 sensenpo@gmail.com moazzam_s@hotmail.com New Saleem Colony, Usta Muhammad, Jaffarabad, Balochistan</p>	<p>Strengthening Participatory Awareness for Community Empowerment (SPACE) 0092-333-2925440 0092-300-2419158 space.sindh@gmail.com House # C- 156, Makli Housing Society, Thatta, Sindh</p>
<p>Al-Khidmat Welfare Association (AKWA) 0092-969-707773 0092-333-9855545 alkhidmat.welfare.org@gmail.com Ayub Market, G.T Road, Serai Naurang, Lakki Marwat Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Bhittani Welfare Organization (BWO) 0092-333-9855545 0092-333-9721010 bhittani.org@gmail.com Muhammad Ayub Market ,G.T Road Serai Naurang, Lakki Marwat, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Social Mobilization Advocacy Research and Training (SMART) 0092-81-2864104 0092-300-3815644 smart.cso@gmail.com House No, 01-B/R, Chaman Housing Scheme, Airport Road, Quetta, Balochistan</p>	<p>Falak Development & Welfare Association Sindh (FDWA) 0092-301-3293483 0092- 334-2010767 falak_development@yahoo.com Drib Mohalla, Near Noor Muhammadi Primary School, Shahdad Kot, Sindh</p>
<p>Pak-Consultants International (PCI)</p>	<p>Sir Syed Welfare Society (SWS)</p>

0092-51-4864916 0092-346-5391712 Fax: 0092-51-4864916 drghayur@yahoo.com adnan_qureshi888@yahoo.com House No.718, Street No.82, Sector: I-8/4, Islamabad	0092-333-6476588 0092-333-6450505 aftabmastoi@gmail.com Ghazali House, Near Raheem School, Jampur, Punjab
Good Thinkers Organization for Human Development (GTO) 0092-49-2009890 0092-322-6812700 waqasabid@gtopak.org good_thinkers@yahoo.com Daily Muashrat Building, Tehsil Road, Kot Ghulam Muhammad Khan, Kasur, Punjab	Haleema Development Organization (HDO) 0092-66-2240932 0092-300-7483109 Fax: 0092-66-2242252 hdo_2002@yahoo.com haleema1122@gmail.com Fareedi City Service, G.T Road, Muzaffargarh, Punjab
Human Development Initiative Pakistan (HDI) 0092-22-2106212 0092-336-6879609 Fax: 0092-22-2106213 info@hdipakistan.org House.No. A-198/1, Al-Raheem Villaz, Qasimabad, Hyderabad Sindh	Human Dignity Society (HDS) 0092-81-2870543 0092-300-8388363 dignity_human@hotmail.com director_hds@gmail.com House No. B-47, Jinnah Town, Near Labour Colony, Quetta Balochistan
Humanitarian Assistance and Development Foundation (HADF) 0092-333-2699409 0092-300-3002292 hadf.development@yahoo.com House No: A-03, Sumera Noureen Cottages, Near Boys Degree College, QasimTown, Hyderabad, Sindh	Management and Governance Network Society (MAGNETS) 0092-71-5633832 0092-300-3181146 Fax: 0092-715633832 sindhmagnets@gmail.com magnets@magnets.org.pk Military Road Bi-pass Near Blue line Bus Stop Bashirabad, Sukkur, Sindh
Human Oriented Poverty and Education Foundation (HOPE) 0092-333-5958405 0092-321-9840200 naveed_ps@yahoo.com info_hopef@yahoo.com Block No. 56, 1st Floor, Suit No. 2, INT Center, Sector: G-10/4, Islamabad	Rawadari Development Organization (RAWADARI) 0092-307-7373005 0092-300-9877211 rawadari.ngo@gmail.com salibukhari@gmail.com 12-A, City Square Plaza, Near Chungi No. 7, Multan, Punjab
Rural Area Development Society (RADS) 0092-345-3922404 0092-332-7892545 rads.society@yahoo.com P/O Jia khan Tehsil Jhatpat, Jaffarabad, Balochistan	Network for Human and Social Development (NHSD) 0092-51-2851418 0092-345 5396417 Fax: 0092-51-2851418 nhsdpak@gmail.com House. No.693, Street No.112, Sector: G-9/3, Near Karachi Company, Islamabad
Smile Welfare Organization (SWO) 0092-343-8787929 0092-307-4111228 smileswo@gmail.com drive.pakistan@yahoo.com House # 504/A-Abbas Block Mustafa town Wahdat Road.Lahore, Punjab	Young Relief Service & Development Organization Sindh (YRSDO) 0092-300-3170257 yrsdo@hotmail.com zahid.yrsdo@gmail.com Near Naik Muhammad Suhriyani Banglo Eid gah Mohala, Kashmir, Sindh
Community Support Concern (CSC) 0092-42-35123623 0092-42-35120410 Fax: 0092-42-35114363 cscpk@brain.net.pk Building # 319 Block 4 Sector D1 Green Town, Lahore, Punjab	Teacher Empowerment Centre (ABES) 0092-55-3866014 0092-55- 3845491 Fax: 0092-55-3258314 gwaabes@brain.net.pk webmaster@abestc.org Teacher Empowerment Centre, Civil Lines, Daska Road,, Gujranwala, Punjab
Dhartee Development Society (DDS) 0092-22-3667141 0092-333-2682088 info@dds.org.pk, dhartee.org@gmail.com	Handicap and Orphan Children's Charity Society (HOCCS) 0092-41-8716658 0092-300-9662555 hoccs@hotmail.com

<p>dds@dds.org.pk, dhartee_org@yahoo.com A-73, Al-Rehman Cottage, Oppsite Honda Palace, Bi-Pass, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>	<p>P-123 /A, Main Colony, Near Sultani Masjid, P.O. Box 1093, Faisalabad, Punjab</p>
<p>Sindh Agriculture Development Association (SADA) 0092-333-2978960 sada.agri@yahoo.com Sindh Agriculture Development Association Office Near Taluka Agriculture Extension Office Thar Bazar, Umerkot Sindh</p>	<p>Humanitarian Rural Development Society (HRDS) 0092-300-0289710 hrdsbadin@gmail.com hrdsbadin@yahoo.com HN 52, Ali Town, Near Session Court, Badin, Sindh</p>
<p>Shaheed Bhutto Foundation (SBF) 0092-51-8431450-5 0092-51-8431456 info@sbf.org.pk sbfpak@gmail.com House No. 12- B, Street No. 54, Sector F-7/4, Islamabad</p>	<p>Strategy to Empower People (STEP) 0092-604-335291 0092-333-6434554 Fax: 0092-604-335291 step.orgpk@gmail.com Bodla Colony, Street No. 6, Near Zikray Public School, Rajanpur, Punjab</p>
<p>The Center for Communication and Development (CCD) 0092-332-3321560 tccdpc@gmail.com House No. C-123, Revenue Cooperative Housing Society, Near City School, Jinnah Campus, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>	<p>Rural Uplift Program (RUP) 0092-997-312291 0092-333-5444673 rup_nwfp@yahoo.com RUP Ghfar Khan Market, near Pepsi Agency, Battagram Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Women Welfare Organization Poonch (WWOP) 0092-58244-26570 0092-58244-25863 wwopoonch@gmail.com P.O. Paniola, Tehsil Rawalakot, Poonch Azad Jammu Kashmir</p>	<p>Rising Organization for Social Works and Education (ROSE Pakistan) 0092-333-9862738 0092-300-9142258 rose.org.pk@gmail.com sakhijan81@gmail.com House No: 2-A, Wali Colony, the Mall, Nowshera, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Human Empowerment to Lead & to Progress Foundation HELP Foundation 0092-604-317806 Fax: 0092-604-317806 jamshaid@helpfoundation-pakistan.org Ataa Street, Ward No.4, Kot Mithan, Rajanpur, Punjab</p>	<p>Association for Behavior and Knowledge Transformation (ABKT) 0092-51-2100853 Fax: 0092-51-2100853 info@abkt.org abkt.pakistan@gmail.com House 103, Street 41, F-10/4, Islamabad</p>
<p>Environmental Relief Service (ERS) 0092-62-2283064 0092-62-2283064 ers_org@yahoo.com House # 5, Street 3, New Muslim Town Near Darbar Mehal, Bahawalpur, Punjab</p>	<p>AL HASSAN SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LTD Tel: +92.51.2820449/ 835.9288. Fax: +92.51.835.9287 E-Mail: connect@alhasan.com 205-C, 2nd Floor, Evacuee Trust Complex, Sector F-5/1, Islamabad, Pakistan 44,000</p>

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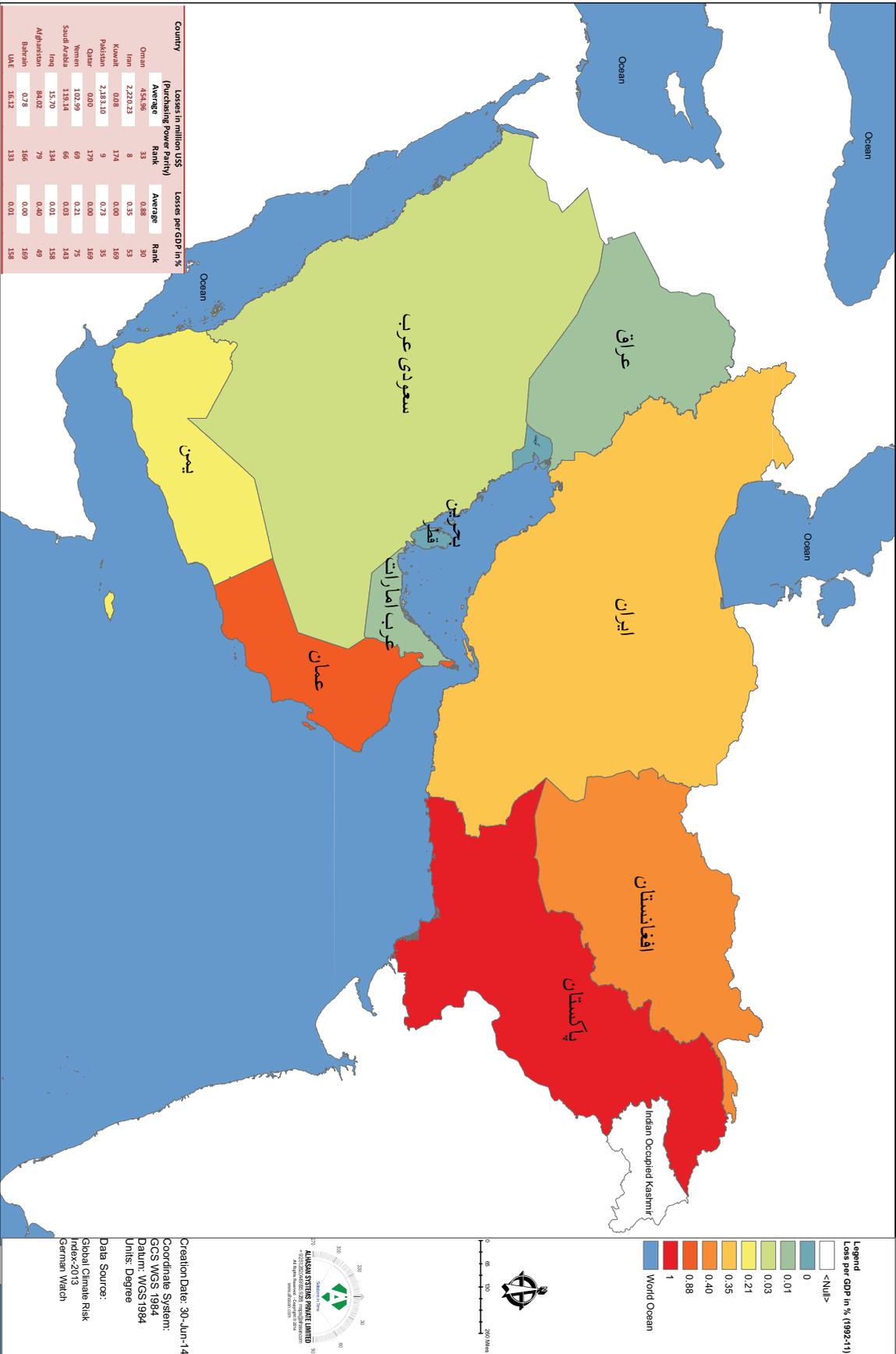
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Fax: +92.51.835.9287

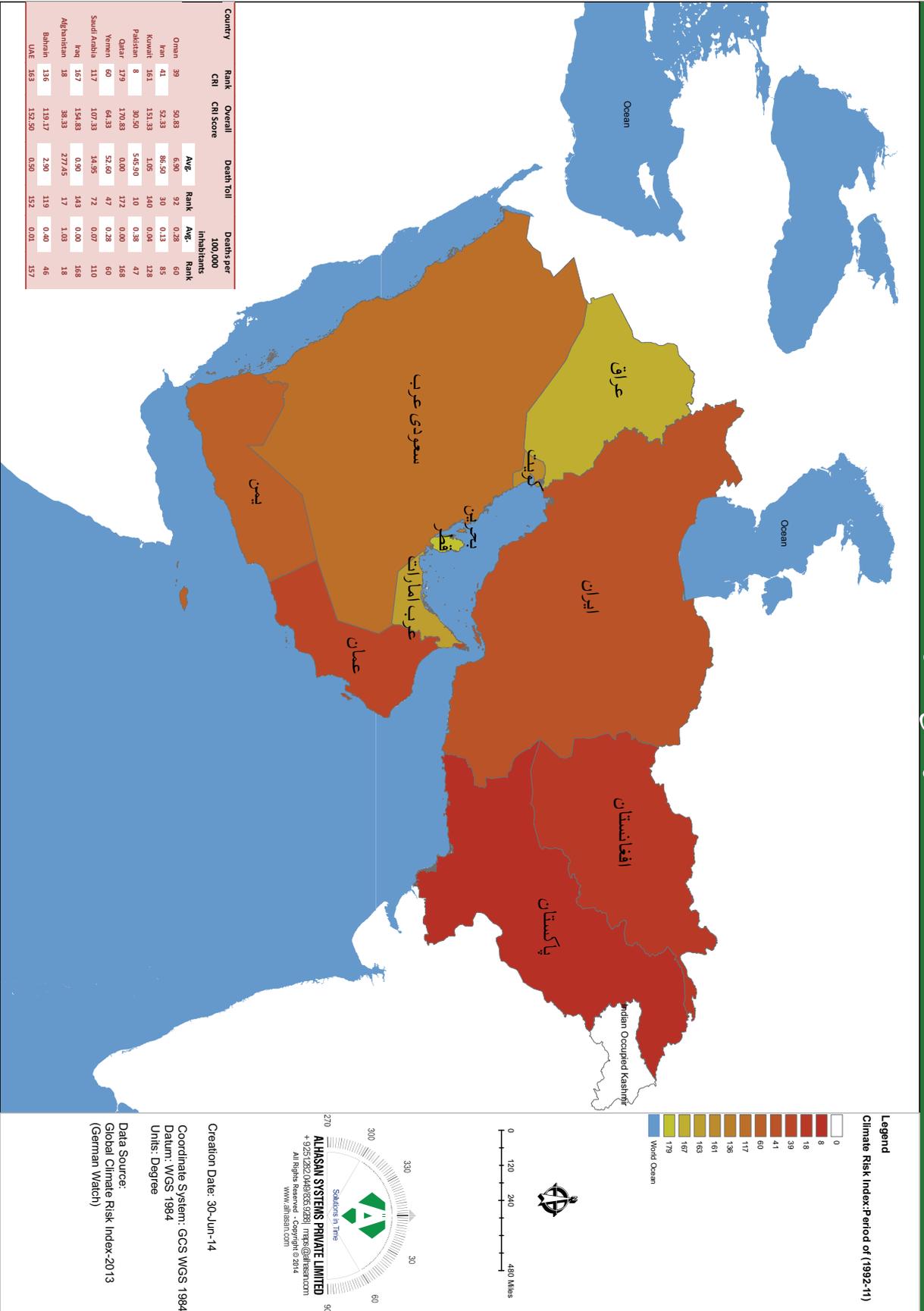
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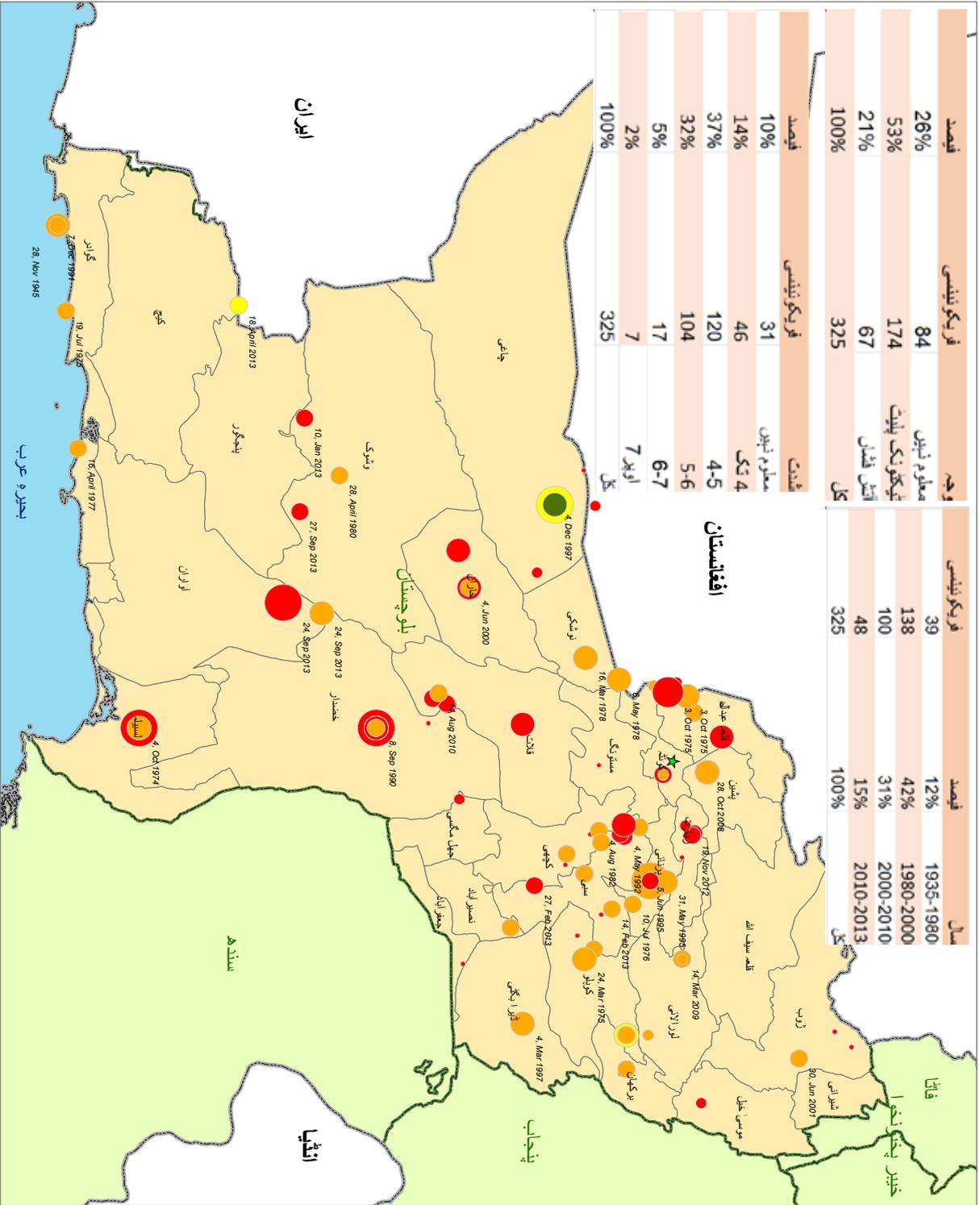
(%) (1992-2011) ماحولیاتی تبدیلی کی وجہ سے نقصانات فی جی ڈی پی



ماحولیاتی خطرہ انڈیکس (1992 - 2011)



بلوچستان - زلزलों کی تاریخ 1945 تا 2013



فیصد	فریکوینسی	وجہ	فریکوینسی	فیصد	سال
26%	84	معلوم نہیں	39	12%	1935-1980
53%	174	ٹھیکریک ہیٹ	138	42%	1980-2000
21%	67	اتش فٹان	100	31%	2000-2010
100%	325	کل	48	15%	2010-2013
			325	100%	کل

فیصد	فریکوینسی	شدت	فریکوینسی	فیصد
10%	31	معلوم نہیں	31	10%
14%	46	4 تک	46	14%
37%	120	4-5	120	37%
32%	104	5-6	104	32%
5%	17	6-7	17	5%
2%	7	7 اور	7	2%
100%	325	کل	325	100%



Map data sourced from:
 Population Census Organization ; Admin Boundaries
 Aghasan Systems Private Limited ; Disaster Events
 Geospatial Database

Creation Date: Oct 22 2013
 Projection: WGS84
 Web Resources: <http://www.alhasan.com>

Scale: 0 37.5 75 150 Kilometers

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علامات

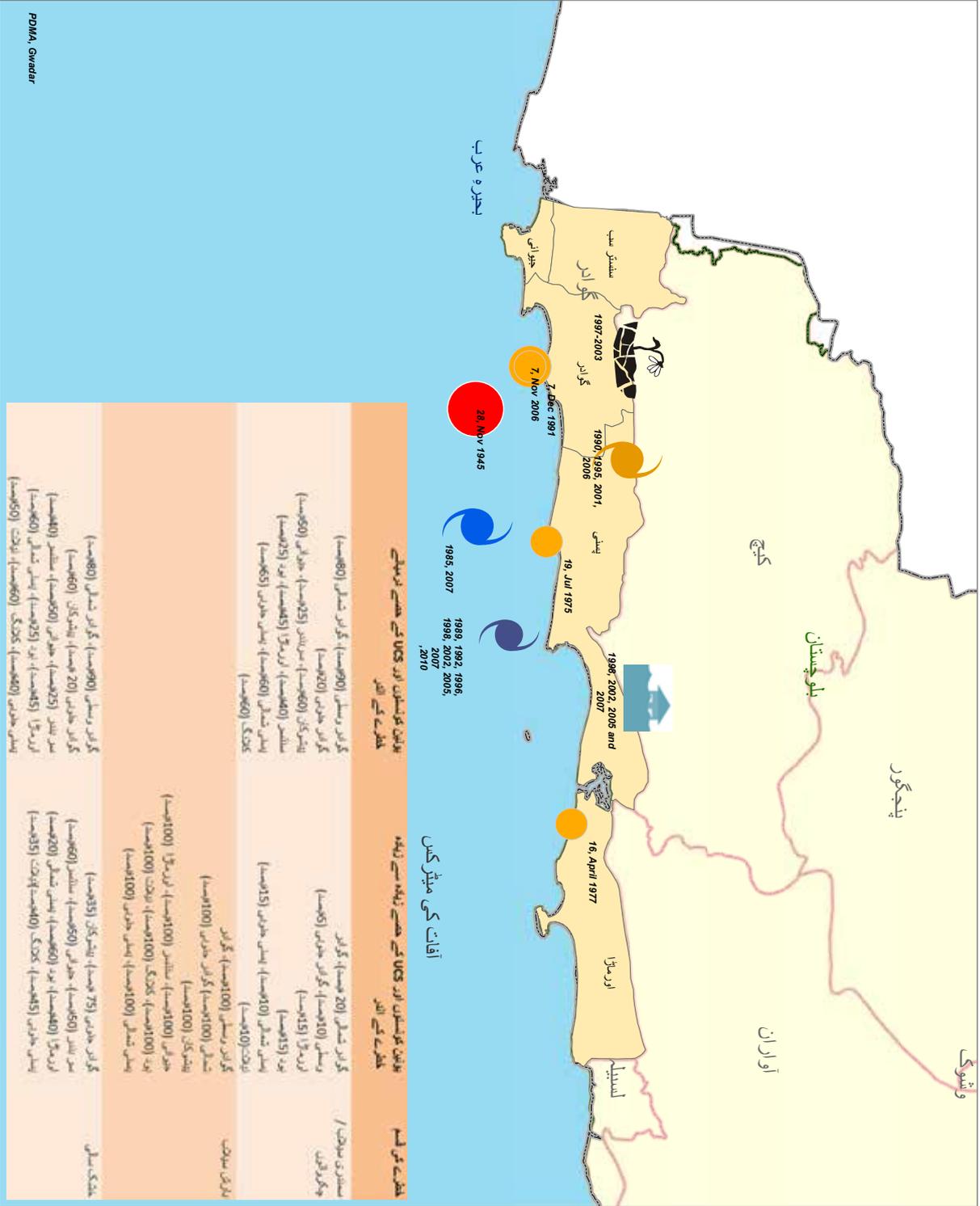
- ☆ صدیقی نارنگی صورت
- شہت
- ریگڑا تہیں
- <4.5
- 4.5-5.5
- 5.5 - 6.5
- 6.5- 7.0
- 7.0 - 7.7

گہرائی

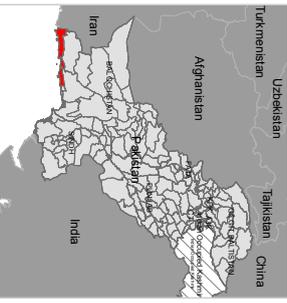
- 0-20 km
- 21-50 km
- 51-100 km
- 101-160 km

□ بین الاقوامی حدوں
 □ صوبائی حدوں
 □ ضلعی حدوں

کوادر - قمرتی آفت کی تاریخ 1945 تا 2013



تاریخ	مقام	مقام کی تفصیل
20 Nov 1945	گجرات	گجرات وسطی (80) (گجرات)
7 Nov 2006	گجرات	گجرات وسطی (20) (گجرات)
19 Dec 1991	گجرات	پشاور (50) (گجرات)
19 Jul 1973	پنجاب	پشاور (50) (گجرات)
16 April 1977	پنجاب	پشاور (50) (گجرات)
1989, 1992, 1996, 1998, 2002, 2005, 2007, 2010, 2017	پنجاب	پشاور (50) (گجرات)



Map data source:
 Population Census Organization ; Admin Boundaries
 Alhasan Systems Private Limited ; Disaster Events
 Geospatial Database

Creation Date: Oct 22, 2013
 Projection/Datum: WGS84
 Web Resources: <http://www.alhasan.com>

Scale: 0 37.5 75 150 Kilometers

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علامت

زبانے کی شدت

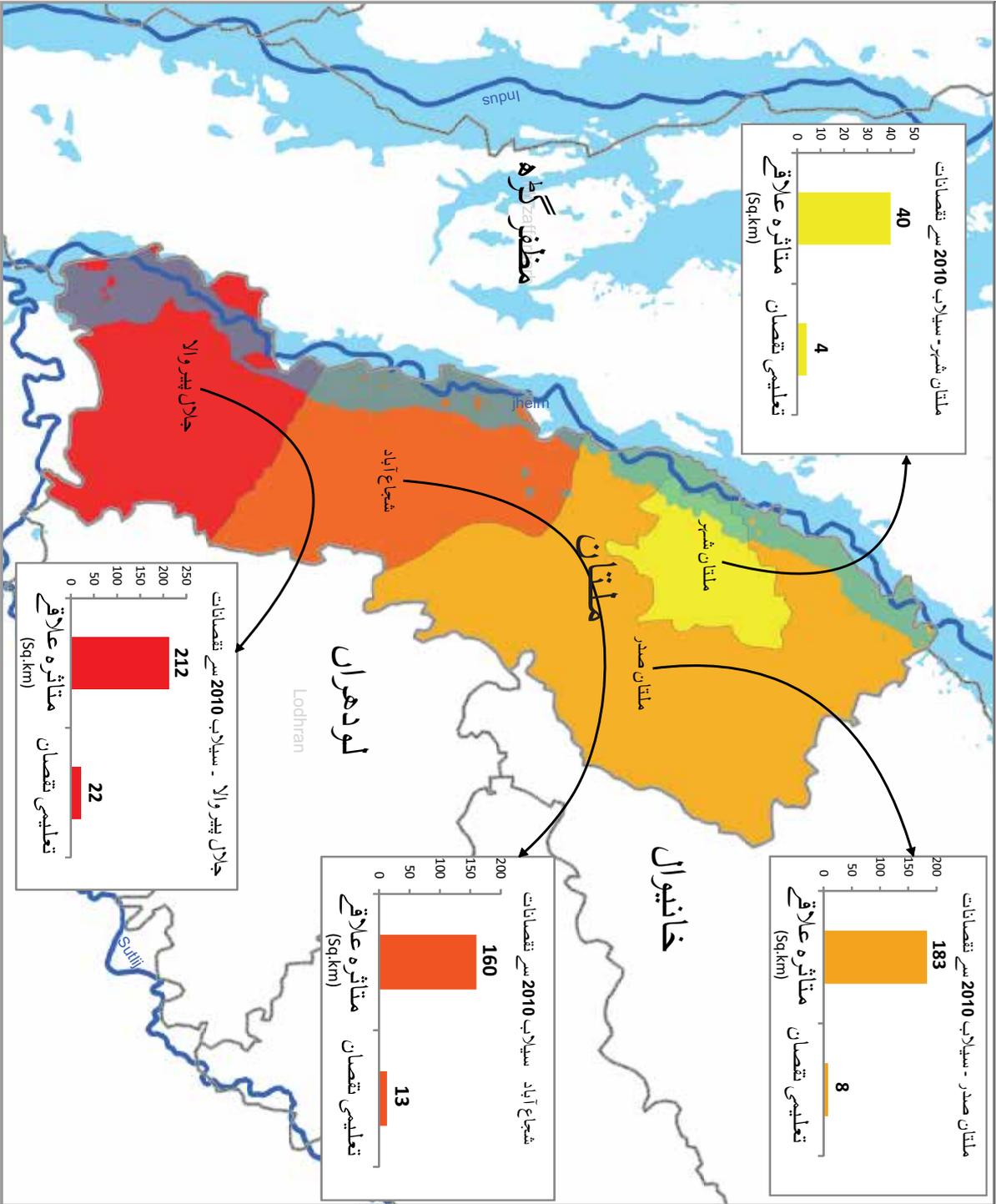
- 0-20 km
- <4.5
- 4.5-5.5
- 5.5 - 6.5
- 6.5- 7.0
- 7.0 - 7.7
- 8.1

گہرائی

- ریکارڈ نہیں
- 21-50 km
- سبلاہ
- سندھری طوفان
- سندھری طوفان
- سینٹری طوفان
- ریت کے طوفان
- خفگی سلی

ملتان- سیلاب 2010 سے نقصانات کا نقشہ

July 2014



Legend

- Rivers
 - Flood Extent (2010)
 - Tehsil boundary
 - District boundary
 - Flood Affected Population (2010)
- | Population Range | Color |
|------------------|----------|
| 0 - 27,447 | Yellow |
| 27,448 - 43,834 | Orange |
| 43,835 - 53,431 | Red |
| 53,432 - 103,103 | Dark Red |



Map Doc Name:

Multan-Flood2010 Damages Map_A3L

Creation Date: June 06, 2014

Projection/Datum: WGS84

Web Resources: <http://www.immap.org>



Data Source: Census Organization (PCO); Admin

Boundaries: World Food Programme (WFP)

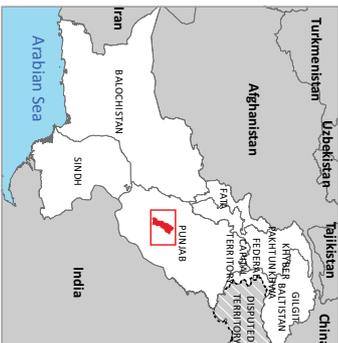
River: UNOSAT

Flood Extent 2010: UNOSAT

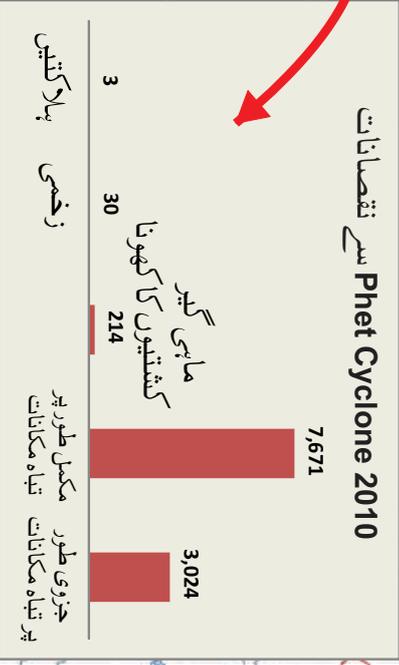
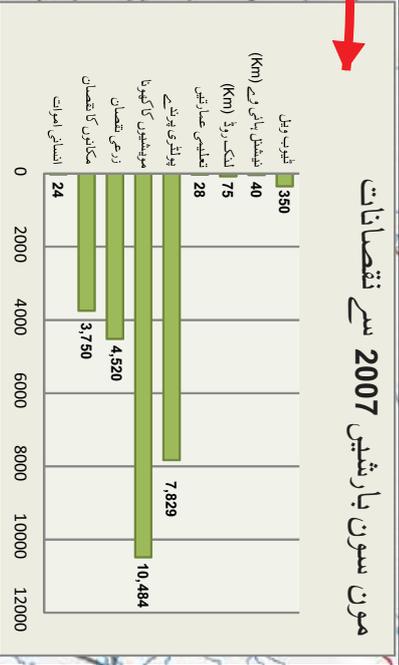
District Profile Multan-2010 (UN-OCHA): Flood 2010

Damages data

Disclaimers:
 The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the IMMAPP or USAID concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Jammu and Kashmir, boundaries and demarcates the administrative control of Pakistan and India. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties.



گوادرن- مونسون بارشیں 2007 اور 2010 Phet Cyclone سے نقصانات کا نقشہ



Legend

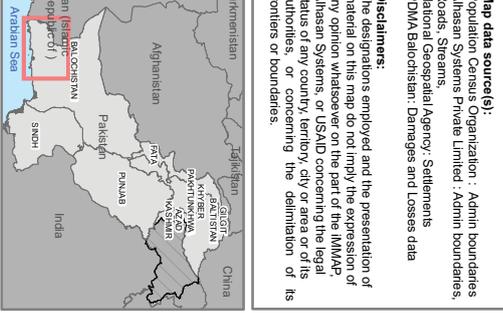
- Streams
- Motorways
- Highways
- Regional Roads
- Streets
- International boundary
- Province boundary
- District boundary
- Tehsil boundary
- Gwadar

IMMAP - Solutions in Time ALHASAN SYSTEMS

Map Doc Name: MMAP_Pkt_Gwadar_Damages and Losses Map_V01_07282014
 Creation Date: July 28, 2014
 Projection: WGS84
 Web Resources: <http://www.immap.org>

Map data source(s):
 Population: Census Organization ; Admin boundaries: Alhasan Systems Private Limited ; Admin boundaries, Roads, Streams: PDMA Balochistan; Damages and Losses data

Disclaimers:
 The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the IMMAP, Alhasan Systems, or USAID concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.



خاندانوں پر مشتمل 468048 لوگوں کی رجسٹریشن ہوئی ہے رپورٹ کے مطابق بڑی تعداد میں لوگوں کی رجسٹریشن نہیں کی جاسکی ہے کیونکہ انہوں نے نقل مکانی کے لیے غیر معروف راستے استعمال کیے ہیں یا پھر ان کے پاس شناختی دستاویزات ہی نہیں ہیں۔ حکام نے ان خاندانوں کی بھی رجسٹریشن کی اجازت دی ہے دوسری طرف نادرا رجسٹرڈ خاندانوں کی تصدیق کر رہا ہے جس کے بعد متاثرین کی تعداد میں تبدیلی آسکتی ہے اقوام متحدہ کے مطابق 95 ہزار افراد نے شمالی وزیرستان سے افغان صوبے خوست میں نقل مکانی کی ہے جن کو افغان حکومت اور دوسرے ادارے امداد فراہم کر رہے ہیں جبکہ تقریباً 10 ہزار افراد نقل مکانی کر کے افغان صوبے پکتیا پہنچے ہیں جن کو ابھی تک امداد نہیں دی جاسکی ہے رپورٹ کے مطابق آئی ڈی بیز کی سب سے بڑی تعداد بنوں کے ضلع میں رہائش پذیر ہے جبکہ اس کے علاوہ ہنگو، لکی مروت، کرک، ڈیرہ اسماعیل خان، چارسدہ، ٹانک، کوہاٹ کے اضلاع سمیت ملک کے دوسرے علاقوں بھی متاثرین نقل مکانی کر گئے ہیں رپورٹ کے مطابق حکومت نے متاثرین کے لیے نقد رقم بڑھا کر چالیس ہزار کر دی ہے جو رجسٹریشن کے موقع پر متاثرہ خاندانوں کو فراہم کی جا رہی ہے متاثرین کو طبی امداد، کرائے کی رقم اور دوسری اشیاء ضروریہ بھی فراہم کی جا رہی ہیں جن میں رمضان تکینج بھی شامل ہے ہر متاثرہ خاندان کو 1500 روپے ماہانہ ادا کیا جائے گا جس کے لیے 29 جون تک 11 ہزار سیمین ایکٹیویٹ کی جا چکی ہیں۔ پاک فوج متاثرین میں راشن کے 30 ہزار پیکٹس تقسیم کر چکی ہے جن میں ہریکٹ کا وزن 10 کلوگرام ہے جبکہ ورلڈ فوڈ پروگرام نے 8 ہزار سے زائد خاندانوں کو خوراک مہیا کی ہے اس کے علاوہ بے شمار امدادی تنظیمیں بھی ریلیف کی کاروائیوں میں مصروف ہیں رپورٹ کے مطابق 30 جون تک امدادی اداروں نے 2 کروڑ 10 لاکھ ڈالر سے زائد کی امداد فراہم کی ہے یا وعدہ کیے ہیں حکومت پاکستان کی طرف سے ورلڈ فوڈ پروگرام کو 2500 میٹرک ٹن گندم فراہم کر چکی ہے متاثرین کے لیے ماہانہ 3670 میٹرک ٹن خوراک کی ضرورت ہے خوراک لے کر جانے والے ٹرک سیکورٹی چیک پوسٹوں پر تلاشی کی وجہ سے تاخیر کا شکار ہو رہے ہیں صحت کے شعبے میں عالمی ادارہ صحت نے دو لاکھ 56 ہزار 466 متاثرین کو پولیس سے بچاؤ کے قطرے پلا دیئے ہیں صحت کے شعبے میں فوری طور پر متاثرین تک رسائی دینے کی ضرورت ہے جبکہ علاقے میں خواتین کے علاج و معالجے کے لیے لیڈی ڈاکٹرز کی تعداد بھی انتہائی کم ہے رپورٹ کے مطابق 82 ہزار بچے بے گھر ہوئے ہیں جن کے لیے تعلیمی سہولیات کی ضرورت ہے جبکہ آئی ڈی بیز کے لیے سرکاری سکولوں میں کیپ قائم کیے گئے ہیں جس کی وجہ سے سکولوں کے انفراسٹرکچر اور سہولیات کے متاثر ہونے کا خطرہ ہے۔ رپورٹ کے مطابق رجسٹریشن کے حوالے سے متاثرین میں معلومات کی اشد کمی ہے جس کی وجہ سے رجسٹریشن کا عمل متاثر ہو رہا ہے۔

ادا کی جارہی ہے۔ موبائل میڈیکل سینٹر موجود ہیں جہاں متاثرین کو 24 گھنٹے میڈیکل کی سہولت فراہم کی جارہی ہے۔ ان کا کہنا تھا کہ ڈی پٹی کیپ میں خواتین کے لئے ووکیشنل ٹریننگ سنٹر اور مردوں کے لئے ٹیکنیکل اسکولز ٹریننگ سنٹر بھی قائم کئے جائیں گے، بچوں کے لئے اسکول، پارکس، جموں اور اسپورٹس کا سامان بھی رکھا جائے گا جب کہ متاثرین کے جانوروں کے لئے چارے کا بندوبست بھی کیا گیا ہے۔ کمشنر بنوں سید محسن کا کہنا تھا کہ نقل مکانی کر کے آنے والے 28 ہزار خاندانوں میں 12، 12 ہزار روپے تقسیم کئے جا چکے ہیں، اب تک متاثرین شمالی وزیرستان میں 30 کروڑ روپے تقسیم کئے جا چکے ہیں جب کہ پنجاب حکومت کی جانب سے بھیجا گیا 50 ٹرک راشن آرمی کے تعاون سے تقسیم کیا جا چکا ہے۔ ان کا کہنا تھا کہ وفاقی حکومت کی جانب سے رقم ٹرانسفر ہوتے ہی آئی ڈی پیز کو 40، 40 ہزار روپے فی خاندان تقسیم کر دیئے جائیں گے۔

اسلام آباد (شہانہ نیوز) گری کی وجہ سے پہاڑوں پر برف پگھلنے اور مومن سون بارشوں کے باعث ملک کے مختلف دریاؤں اور برساتی نالوں میں سیلابی کیفیت پیدا ہو گئی۔ فلڈ فور کاسٹنگ ڈویژن کے مطابق دریائے سوات میں منڈہ ہیڈورکس کے مقام پر 28 ہزار 416 کیوسک پانی کے اخراج کے ساتھ نچلے درجے کا سیلاب ہے۔ دریا میں پانی کے بہا میں اضافے کی وجہ سے بجلی کے کئی پول گر گئے ہیں جس سے کبل اور مٹھ میں بجلی کی فراہمی معطل ہے۔ دریائے سوات خیالی میں چار سہ روڈ کے قریب پانی کا اخراج 26 ہزار 900 کیوسک ہے جس کی وجہ سے وہاں بھی درمیانے درجے کے سیلاب کی کیفیت ہے۔ دریائے کابل میں نوشہرہ کے مقام پانی کا اخراج 95 ہزار 100 کیوسک جبکہ در سک کے مقام پر 67 ہزار 420 کیوسک ریکارڈ کیا گیا ہے۔ دونوں مقامات پر دریائے کابل میں پانی کی سطح میں بتدریج اضافے کے ساتھ درمیانے درجے کا سیلاب ہے، اس کے علاوہ دریائے سندھ میں انک خیر آباد کے مقام پر پانی کا بہا 2 لاکھ 64 ہزار 500 کیوسک ریکارڈ کیا گیا ہے اور یہاں بھی درمیانے درجے کا سیلاب ہے۔ پشاور میں بڑھتی نالہ میں بھی نچلے درجے کا سیلاب ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ فلڈ فور کاسٹنگ ڈویژن نے دریائے راوی اور چناب کے برساتی نالوں میں سیلاب کا خدشہ ظاہر کیا ہے، جس کے تحت آئندہ دو روز میں دریائے راوی کے نالہ بھین، نالہ بسنتر، نالہ ڈیک، نالہ اوج اور نالہ جھامری جبکہ دریائے چناب کے برساتی نالہ پلکھو اور نالہ ایک میں سیلاب کا خدشہ ہے۔

اسلام آباد (شہانہ نیوز) چیئر مین نیشنل ڈیزاسٹر منیجمنٹ اتھارٹی سعید حلیم نے کہا ہے کہ رواں برس خیبر پٹی کے کشمیر اور شمالی پنجاب میں زیادہ بارشیں ہو گی۔ اسلام آباد میں میڈیا ریلنگ کے دوران سعید حلیم نے بتایا کہ سیلاب کی پیشگی اطلاع کیلئے بھارت سے بات کریں گے، طوفانی بارش اور سیلاب کے نقصانات سے محفوظ رہنے کے لئے اقدامات آخری مراحل میں ہیں۔ سعید حلیم کا کہنا تھا کہ اس حوالے سے ضلعی سطح پر بھی منصوبہ بندی کی جارہی ہے، رواں برس سندھ اور جنوبی پنجاب میں زیادہ بارشوں کا امکان نہیں ہے۔ نیشنل ڈیزاسٹر منیجمنٹ اتھارٹی کے چیئر مین نے بتایا کہ مکمل طور پر سیلاب سے متاثر ہونے والے 51 ضلعوں کی نشاندہی کر دی ہے، محکمہ انہار سے بھی مسلسل رابطے میں ہیں اس سلسلے میں فورٹھ نیشن فلڈ پریوینشن پروگرام بنایا جا رہا ہے۔ دریں اثناء شمالی وزیرستان سے نقل مکانی کرنے والے 24 ہزار 987 رجسٹرڈ خاندانوں میں اب تک 30 کروڑ روپے تقسیم کئے جا چکے ہیں۔ فنانس قدرتی آفات سے نمٹنے کے ادارہ کے ذرائع نے سرکاری ریڈیو کو بتایا کہ نقل مکانی کرنے والے ہر خاندان کو امداد کے طور پر بارہ ہزار روپے نقد دیئے جا رہے ہیں۔ نیشنل ڈیزاسٹر منیجمنٹ اتھارٹی نے کہا ہے کہ قدرتی آفات کا سامنا کرنے کیلئے ڈیزاسٹر رسک ریڈکشن کے عمل کو مفید بنایا جائے، مومن سون میں لوگوں کے جان و مال اور ملکی انفراسٹرکچر کی حفاظت کیلئے اور ناگہانی صورتحال سے نبرد آزما ہونے کیلئے مکمل تیاری کی ضرورت ہے۔

اسلام آباد (شہانہ نیوز) اقوام متحدہ نے کہا ہے کہ شمالی وزیرستان متاثرین کے لیے ماہانہ 3670 میٹرک ٹن خوراک کی ضرورت ہے۔ علاقے میں خواتین کے علاج و معالجے کے لیے لیڈی ڈاکٹرز کی تعداد بھی انتہائی کم ہے۔ رجسٹریشن کے حوالے سے متاثرین میں معلومات کی اشد کمی ہے جس کی وجہ سے رجسٹریشن کا عمل متاثر ہو رہا ہے۔ شمالی وزیرستان سے افغانستان کے صوبوں اور پکتیا میں ہجرت کرنے والے افراد کی تعداد ایک لاکھ پانچ ہزار تک پہنچ گئی ہے پاک فوج نے زمینی کارروائی شروع کرنے سے پہلے کرفیو میں نرمی کر کے لوگوں کو باہر نکل آنے کی اجازت دی تھی۔ اس وقت تک 4 لاکھ 68 ہزار افراد نے شمالی وزیرستان سے نقل مکانی کی ہے جن کی رجسٹریشن کا عمل جاری ہے اقوام متحدہ کے ادارے ”اوجا“ کی رپورٹ کے مطابق شمالی وزیرستان میں زمینی کارروائی شروع کرنے سے پہلے فوج نے کرفیو میں نرمی کر کے لوگوں سے اس علاقے کو چھوڑنے کا کہا تھا جس پر مزید چند سو افراد رجسٹرڈ ہوئے ہیں جس سے ظاہر ہوتا ہے کہ زیادہ تر لوگ پہلے ہی شمالی وزیرستان چھوڑ چکے ہیں۔ سویلین آبادی کے انخلاء کے بعد فوج نے زمینی آپریشن شروع کر دیا ہے۔ رپورٹ کے مطابق 30 جون تک ایف ڈی ایم اے کے پاس 38 ہزار

دریاؤں میں پانی کے بہاؤ میں اضافہ، متعدد مقامات پر سیلابی کیفیت
ساوتھ ایشین نیوز ایجنسی (شہانہ)
03 جولائی 2014

سیلاب کی پیشگی اطلاع کیلئے بھارت سے بات کی جائے گی: این ڈی ایم اے
روزنامہ نوائے وقت
02 جولائی 2014

متاثرین کے لیے ماہانہ 3670 میٹرک ٹن خوراک کی ضرورت ہے، اقوام متحدہ
ساوتھ ایشین نیوز ایجنسی (شہانہ)
01 جولائی 2014

کہا کہ ڈبلیو ایف پی کے تقسیم کئے گئے خوراک کے تھیلوں میں گندم کا آنا، دالیں، کھانا پکانے کا تیل اور آؤڈین ملائیم شامل ہیں۔

اسلام آباد (شہانہ نیوز) عالمی ادارہ صحت کے مطابق پاکستان میں پچھلے سال جنوری سے اپریل تک 8 اور رواں سال اب تک پولیو کے 59 کیسز سامنے آچکے ہیں۔ نجی ٹی وی کی رپورٹ کے مطابق عالمی ادارہ صحت نے پاکستان میں پولیو کے مرض کو تشویشناک قرار دیتے ہوئے کہا ہے کہ پولیو ملک میں پچھلے سال کی نسبت چھ گنا بڑھ چکا ہے۔ عالمی ادارہ صحت صوبہ خیبر پٹی کے شہر پشاور کو دنیا بھر میں پولیو وائرس کا سب سے بڑا گڑھ پہلے ہی قرار دے چکا ہے۔ رپورٹ کے مطابق اس ادارے کا یہ بھی کہنا ہے کہ پاکستان میں پایا جانے والا پولیو کا نوے فیصد وائرس جینیاتی طور پر پشاور میں موجود وائرس سے جڑا ہوا ہے۔ دو ماہ پہلے وزیر اعظم پاکستان کا خصوصی سیل بھی صوبے میں چوبیس کیسز کی تصدیق کر چکا ہے۔ سب سے زیادہ متاثرہ علاقہ شمالی وزیرستان ہے، جہاں 19 کیسز رپورٹ ہو چکے ہیں۔ پولیو کے مریضوں میں میران شاہ کے تیرہ اور میر علی کے 6 بچے شامل ہیں۔ فانا میں مجموعی طور پر 46 کیسز سامنے آئے ہیں، جبکہ سندھ میں چار کیسز رپورٹ ہوئے ہیں۔ خیبر پٹی کے سے پولیو کے خاتمے کیلئے بنوں میں شمالی وزیرستان سے آنے والے آئی ڈی پیز کے بچوں کو پولیو کے قطرے پلانے کا عمل بھی جاری ہے۔ اس مقصد کے لیے بنوں کے تمام ہسپتالوں اور دیگر مقامات پر پولیو ویکسینیشن پوائنٹس بنائے گئے ہیں۔

کراچی (شہانہ نیوز) شمالی وزیرستان ایجنسی سے آپریشن کے بعد ہزاروں مہاجرین کی کراچی آمد کے انکشاف کے بعد شہر بھر میں آج (ہفتہ) پانچ جولائی سے ہنگامی انسداد پولیو مہم چلانے کا فیصلہ کیا گیا۔ مہم کا فیصلہ شمالی وزیرستان آپریشن کے باعث آئی ڈی پیز کی کراچی منتقلی کی اطلاعات پر کیا گیا ہے۔ ڈائریکٹری آئی ڈی ڈاکٹر مظہر خیسانی کے مطابق کراچی کی چونتیس یونین کونسلوں میں بھی آج سے انسداد پولیو مہم شروع کی جارہی ہے، ان کا کہنا تھا کہ انسداد پولیو مہم کا مقصد شمالی وزیرستان آپریشن کے باعث کراچی منتقل ہونے والے ہزاروں کی تعداد میں آئی ڈی پیز کو ویکسین کرنا ہے۔ متاثرین میں پانچ سال سے کم عمر کے پانچ ہزار سے زائد بچے موجود ہیں، ڈاکٹر مظہر کا کہنا ہے کہ پولیو مہم کے دوران حساس علاقوں میں تین سو پچاس اہلکار تعینات کئے جائیں گے۔

بنوں (شہانہ نیوز) آپریشن ضرب عضب کے باعث نقل مکانی کر کے بنوں اور دیگر مقامات پر آنے والے میں 4 ہزار 500 سے زائد خاندانوں میں پاکستان آرمی اور ورلڈ فوڈ پروگرام کے تحت تقریباً 4 ہزار 500 ٹن راشن تقسیم کیا جا چکا ہے۔ پاک فوج کے بریگیڈیئر آفتاب کاکشتر بنوں سید محسن کے ہمراہ پریس کانفرنس کرتے ہوئے کہنا تھا کہ متاثرین شمالی وزیرستان میں راشن کی تقسیم کے لئے آرمی کے تحت 6 کیپ لگائے گئے ہیں جس میں سے 3 کیپ بنوں میں 2 ڈی آئی خان اور کئی مروت میں قائم کیا گیا ہے۔ ورلڈ فوڈ پروگرام کے تحت بھی 5 ڈسٹریبیوشن پوائنٹس قائم کئے گئے ہیں جس میں سے 4 بنوں میں ایک ڈیرہ اسماعیل خان میں ہے، اس کے علاوہ آرمی کا ایک موبائل ڈسٹریبیوشن پوائنٹ بھی کام کر رہا ہے۔ ان کا کہنا تھا کہ اب تک شمالی وزیرستان سے نقل مکانی کر کے آنے والے 44 ہزار 633 خاندانوں کو رجسٹرڈ ہو چکے ہیں، پاک فوج نے اپنے راشن کے کوٹے میں سے 40 ہزار خاندانوں کے لئے راشن بنوں بھویا ہے، ہر بچے کو 110 کلو گرام، یہ تقریباً 4 ہزار 500 ٹن راشن بنتا ہے۔ متحہ عرب امارات کے سفارت خانے کی جانب سے شمالی وزیرستان کے متاثرین کے لئے 50 ہزار پیکیجز فراہم کئے گئے ہیں، ہر بچے کو 65 کلو گرام جو تقریباً 3 ہزار 300 ٹن بنتا ہے۔ ان کا کہنا تھا کہ پاک فوج شمالی وزیرستان کے متاثرین میں کو جو راشن تقسیم کر رہی ہے اس کا وزن تقریباً 8 ہزار ٹن بنتا ہے، 3 ہزار ٹن سے زائد آرمی تقسیم کر چکی ہے، اس کے علاوہ ورلڈ فوڈ پروگرام کے تحت بھی آج تک تقریباً 14 سو ٹن راشن تقسیم ہو چکا ہے، اس طرح اب تک تقریباً 4 ہزار 500 ٹن راشن متاثرین شمالی وزیرستان میں تقسیم ہو چکا ہے۔ بریگیڈیئر آفتاب کا کہنا تھا کہ اس قسم کی غلط فہمیاں بھی پائی جاتی ہیں کہ کچھ جگہوں پر راشن تقسیم نہیں کیا گیا لیکن یہ سراسر غلط ہیں، اب تک آرمی کی جانب سے 31 ہزار 279 خاندانوں کو راشن تقسیم کیا جا چکا ہے، 15 ہزار خاندانوں کو ورلڈ فوڈ پروگرام کے تحت راشن لے چکی ہیں۔ اس طرح تقریباً 45 ہزار خاندانوں میں راشن تقسیم ہو چکا ہے۔ اب تک جو راشن تقسیم کیا جا چکا ہے اس میں سے 70 فیصد آرمی نے خود تقسیم کیا ہے اور تقریباً 30 فیصد ورلڈ فوڈ پروگرام کے تحت تقسیم کیا گیا ہے۔ آرمی نے 25 جون سے راشن تقسیم کرنے کا سلسلہ شروع کیا تھا گزشتہ 9 روز میں ہر روز 5 ہزار خاندانوں نے آرمی سے راشن تقسیم کئے۔ بریگیڈیئر سید آفتاب نے بتایا کہ بکہ خیبر میں شمالی وزیرستان کے متاثرین کے لئے ایک ڈی ڈی کیپ قائم کیا گیا ہے جس میں 5 ہزار سے زائد خاندانوں کے لئے ٹینٹس اور کھانے کی سہولت موجود ہے، تمام خیموں میں پینکے اور کچھ میٹروم کولرز بھی دیئے گئے ہیں۔ اس کے علاوہ ڈی ڈی کیپ میں خواتین اور مردوں کے لئے الگ الگ ریست ایریا بھی بنائے گئے ہیں، عارضی طور پر مسجد بھی قائم کر دی گئی ہے جہاں نماز اور تراویح

سال اب تک پولیو کے 59 کیس سامنے آئے ہیں:

عالمی ادارہ صحت

روزنامہ نوائے وقت

06 جولائی 2014

شمالی وزیرستان سے ہزاروں مہاجرین کی کراچی

آمد، ہنگامی پولیو مہم فیصلہ

سواتھ اینٹین نیوز ایجنسی (شہانہ)

05 جولائی 2014

4 ہزار 500 ٹن راشن تقسیم کیا جا چکا ہے، بریگیڈیئر

آفتاب

سواتھ اینٹین نیوز ایجنسی (شہانہ)

05 جولائی 2014

ضلعی افسر ڈاکٹر عبدالحلیم بھرگڑی کا کہنا ہے کہ بچے دور دراز علاقوں سے لائے جاتے ہیں اور وہ بھی اس وقت جب ان کی حالت تشویش ناک ہوتی ہے۔ میں نے ایک رات سول ہسپتال کی نرسری کا دورہ کیا تو وہاں بیڈ رکھنے کی بھی گنجائش نہیں تھی۔ نرسری میں 24 بچے موجود تھے اور بیشتر کا وزن نہایت کم تھا۔ محفوظ ڈیلیوری کی سہولت موجود نہیں، لیڈی ڈاکٹرز کم ہیں، خواتین زیادہ تر سچے دائیوں کی مدد سے پیدا کرتی ہیں۔ خوراک کی کمی یا قلت وہ تو قحط سالی کی وجہ سے پہلے ہی چلی آ رہی ہے اس میں کوئی بہتری نہیں آئی۔ محکمہ موسمیات کا کہنا ہے کہ معمول سے کم بارشوں کی وجہ سے اناج کی کمی اور جانوروں میں بیماریاں پھیل سکتی ہیں جس کے لیے پیشگی اقدامات کی ضرورت ہے لیکن حکومت کی جانب سے کوئی واضح حکمت عملی سامنے نہیں آسکی۔ خانگی بھیل میں اپنے چونترے یعنی گھاس کے بنے ہوئے گھر کے آگن میں بیٹھے ہوئے کھیتو بھیل کی نظریں آسمان کی طرف تھیں اور سیاہ بادل رخ موڑ کر اوپر سے گزر رہے تھے لیکن اس بے رخی پر بھی کھیتو مایوس نہیں تھے انھیں امید تھی کہ بادل انھیں مایوس نہیں کریں۔

پشاور (شہانویز) دریائے سندھ سمیت خیبر پختونخوا کے بیشتر دریاؤں میں نچلے درجے کا سیلاب ہے۔ فلڈ سٹنگ ڈویژن کا کہنا ہے کہ دریائے سندھ اور دریائے سوات سمیت خیبر پختونخوا کے بیشتر دریاؤں میں نچلے درجے کا سیلاب ہے۔ ذرائع کے مطابق دریائے سندھ پر اٹک اور خیر آباد کے مقام پر پانی کا اخراج 2 لاکھ 71 ہزار 600 کیوسک ہے جبکہ دریائے پنجگور پر دیر کے مقام پر پانی کا اخراج 12 ہزار 414 کیوسک ہے۔ فلڈ سیل کے مطابق دریائے سوات پر خوازہ خیل کے مقام پر پانی کا اخراج 16 ہزار 558 کیوسک ہے۔

پاکستان میں ریاستوں اور شمالی علاقہ جات (سیفران) کے وزیر عبدالقادر بلوچ نے کہا ہے کہ شمالی وزیرستان کے متاثرین کی امداد کے لیے کسی بین الاقوامی امدادی ایجنسی پر کوئی پابندی نہیں ہے، لیکن حکومت کسی بین الاقوامی امدادی ایجنسی سے مدد کی اپیل کرنے کا ارادہ نہیں رکھتی۔ بی بی سی اردو سروس کو انٹرویو دیتے ہوئے انھوں نے کہا کہ حکومت کے پاس نقل مکانی کر کے آنے والوں کی امداد کے لیے مناسب وسائل موجود ہیں اور بین الاقوامی امدادی ایجنسی سے اپیل کی ضرورت نہیں ہے۔ نقل مکانی کرنے والے افراد کی تعداد کے بارے میں ایک سوال کے جواب میں انھوں نے کہا کہ اب تک 1778000 افراد کا اندراج کر لیا گیا ہے۔ انھوں نے کہا کہ 61 ہزار گھرانے نقل مکانی کر کے آئے ہیں۔ افغانستان جانے والے افراد کے بارے میں انھوں نے کہا کہ افغانستان جانے والے افراد کی تعداد بہت کم ہے۔ انھوں نے مزید کہا کہ ابتدائی اندراج کے بعد نادر کے ڈیسے اس کا تقابلی جائزہ کرنے کے بعد ہی متاثرین کی کل تعداد کے بارے میں حتمی طور پر کچھ کہا جاسکے گا۔ متاثرین کے لیے پیشگی انتظامات کیوں نہیں کیے گئے؟ انھوں نے اس سوال کا جواب دیتے ہوئے کہا کہ حکومت بڑی سنجیدگی اور نیک نیتی سے بات چیت کا راستہ اختیار کیے ہوئے تھی۔ انھوں نے کہا کہ ان کے ذہن میں بھی نہیں تھا کہ نقل مکانی کی نوبت آئے گی۔ آئی ڈی، بیڑ کو خوراک کے پیکیج مہیا کیے جا رہے ہیں۔ انھوں نے کہا کہ پرامن طریقے سے اس مسئلے کا حل ڈھونڈنے کی حکومتی کوششیں بد قسمتی سے کامیاب نہیں ہو سکیں۔ انھوں نے کہا کہ اگر وہ پہلے سے متاثرین کی امداد کی کوششیں شروع کر دیتے تو بات چیت کے بارے میں حکومت کی نیت پر سوالات اٹھنے شروع ہو جاتے۔ عبدالقادر بلوچ کو وزیر اعظم کی طرف سے متاثرین کی امدادی کارروائیوں کی ذمہ داریاں سونپی گئی ہیں۔ انھوں نے اس تناظر پر زور انداز میں تردید کی کہ متاثرین تک امداد نہیں پہنچ رہی۔ ایک اور سوال کے جواب میں انھوں نے کہا کہ فوج کا 45 ٹینکریز بریگیڈ امدادی کاموں میں حکومت کا ہاتھ بٹا رہا ہے۔ انھوں نے کہا کہ اس بریگیڈ کی امن کی حالت میں کوئی زیادہ مصروفیت نہیں ہوتی اور اس کا شمالی وزیرستان میں جاری آپریشن میں بھی کوئی کردار نہیں ہے۔ انھوں نے مزید کہا کہ یہی 45 ڈویژن سوات کے متاثرین کی امداد کے لیے بھی خدمات انجام دے چکا ہے اور ان کو بے گھر افراد کی امداد کے کاموں کو وسیع تجربہ ہے۔ متاثرین کی امداد کے لیے مختص بجٹ کے بارے میں ایک سوال کے جواب میں انھوں نے کہا کہ مالی وسائل کی کوئی حد مقرر نہیں کی گئی ہے۔ انھوں نے کہا کہ وزیرستان کے لوگوں نے 18 کروڑ عوام کے امن اور سکون کے لیے اپنا گھر بار چھوڑا ہے اور گرمی کے شدید موسم میں وہ آٹھ ہزار اور نو ہزار فٹ کی بلندی سے ہجرت کر کے آئے ہیں۔

اسلام آباد (آن لائن) پاکستان میں خوراک کے عالمی پروگرام کو ملک میں امدادی سرگرمیوں کیلئے سال کے اختتام تک پانچ کروڑ دس لاکھ ڈالر کی ضرورت ہے۔ ایک انٹرویو میں خوراک کے عالمی پروگرام کی پاکستان میں کنٹری ڈائریکٹر مس کاسٹرو نے کہا کہ اس میں حال ہی میں شمالی وزیرستان سے بے گھر ہونے والی آبادی شروع میں نقل مکانی کرنے والے خاندان اور اپنے علاقوں کو واپس جانے والے افراد شامل ہیں۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ ڈبلیو ایف پی نے بنوں اور لکی مروت کے اضلاع میں بے گھر خاندانوں کو پندرہ دن کا راشن فراہم کیا ہے۔ انہوں نے مزید

دریائے سندھ سمیت خیبر پختونخوا کے بیشتر دریاؤں میں نچلے درجے کا سیلاب
ساوتھ ایشین یوز ایجنسی (شہانویز)
07 جولائی 2014

بین الاقوامی امدادی ایجنسیوں سے اپیل کی ضرورت نہیں
بی بی سی اردو
07 جولائی 2014

پاکستان میں امدادی سرگرمیوں کیلئے 5 کروڑ ڈالر سے زیادہ کی ضرورت ہے: ڈبلیو ایف پی
نوائے وقت
06 جولائی 2014

رکھنے والے نولاکھ انیتس ہزار آٹھ سو اسی گھرانوں کی رجسٹریشن کی جا چکی ہے۔ وفاقی حکومت نے اپنے ملازمین کی ایک دن کی تنخواہ ہے گھر افراد کیلئے بطور عطیہ دینے کا بھی اعلان کیا ہے جس کی مالیت بیس کروڑ روپے ہے۔ فائینا قدرتی آفات سے نمٹنے کے ادارے اور ایک موبائل فون کمپنی کے درمیان معاہدے پر دستخط کئے گئے ہیں تاکہ نقل مکانی کرنے والے افراد میں رقم کی تقسیم کا کام شفاف اور تیز تر بنایا جاسکے۔

پشاور (شہادینوز) پشاور اور چترال میں جمعہ کی صبح زلزلے کی جھٹکے محسوس کیے گئے جس سے لوگوں میں خوف و ہراس پھیل گیا۔ تاہم زلزلے کے جھٹکوں کے باعث کسی قسم کے جانی و مالی نقصان کی اطلاع نہیں ملی۔ نجی ٹی وی کے مطابق ریکٹر اسکیل پر زلزلے کی شدت پانچ اعشاریہ ایک ریکارڈ کی گئی۔ زلزلہ پیمار کز کے مطابق زلزلے کا مرکز کوہ ہندوکش تھا، جبکہ زیر زمین گہرائی 73 کلومیٹر ریکارڈ کی گئی۔ زلزلے کے جھٹکوں سے خوف و ہراس پھیل گیا اور پشاور اور چترال میں لوگ گھروں سے باہر نکل آئے۔ خیال رہے کہ دوروز قبل ملک کے بالائی علاقوں میں بھی زلزلے کے جھٹکے محسوس کیے گئے تھے جس کی شدت 15 اعشاریہ 4 ریکارڈ کی گئی تھی۔

اسلام آباد + بنوں (نوائے وقت رپورٹ + اینجینیاں) شمالی وزیرستان سے نقل مکانی کرنے والے آئی ڈی بی کے تعداد تقریباً 9 لاکھ ہو گئی۔ حکومتی امداد فراہم کرنے کے لئے مفت موبائل فون سمز کی تقسیم شروع ہو گئی ہے۔ علاوہ ازیں بنوں پینچنے والے رجسٹرڈ متاثرین کی تعداد 8 لاکھ 82 ہزار 3550 تک پہنچ گئی ہے جبکہ متاثرین کو امدادی سامان کی فراہمی کا سلسلہ جاری ہے۔ ان خاندانوں میں مردوں کی تعداد 2 لاکھ 56 ہزار 619 ہے۔ 2 لاکھ 50 ہزار 571 خواتین اور 3 لاکھ 75 ہزار 165 بچے بھی انہی رجسٹرڈ آئی ڈی بی میں شامل ہیں۔ ادھر ڈیرہ اسماعیل خان پینچنے والے آئی ڈی بی کے تعداد 75 ہزار سے بڑھ گئی ہے۔

مٹھی تھرپار کر: تھر سندھ کے جنوبی اضلاع میں شامل ہے جو مسلسل قحط سالی کی جکڑ میں ہے۔ صدیوں سے پاکستان کے صحرائے تھر کے لوگوں کے پاس پانی کے حصول کے دو ذرائع ہیں، یعنی زیر زمین پانی ببارش۔ لیکن اب ایک ذریعہ یعنی زمین کے نیچے پانی کا ذخیرہ ختم ہوتا جا رہا ہے۔ مٹھی سے دس کلومیٹر دور واقع گاؤں خانجی پھیل کے سو میٹر گہرے کنویں میں کبھی پانی کی سطح چار فٹ تک ہوتی تھی جو اب ایک فٹ تک رہ گئی ہے۔ دو گدھوں کی مدد سے کنویں سے پانی نکالنے میں مصروف ہاتھی پھیل نے بتایا کہ گرمی کی شدت کے ساتھ پانی کی سطح گر جاتی ہے جس کے بعد پانی زہر جیسے کڑوا بن جاتا ہے۔ یہ پانی اور کوئی استعمال بھی نہیں کر سکتا لیکن وہ کرتے ہیں کیونکہ اس کے بغیر اور کوئی چارہ نہیں۔ تھر سندھ کے جنوبی اضلاع میں شامل ہے جو مسلسل قحط سالی کی جکڑ میں ہے، کچھ ماہ پہلے بھی یہاں بارشیں نہ ہونے کی وجہ سے قحط سالی میں بڑی تعداد میں مال مویشی اور ساڑھے تین سو کے قریب بچے ہلاک ہو گئے تھے۔ پاکستان میں مون سون بارشوں کا آغاز ہوا ہے کہ جن کا صحرا اور بارانی علاقے کے لوگ کئی ماہ انتظار کرتے ہیں۔ محکمہ موسمیات کا کہنا ہے کہ ملک کے شمالی اور وسطی علاقوں کے علاوہ بلوچستان میں صورتحال بہتر ہے لیکن سندھ کے لیے اچھی خبر نہیں۔ محکمہ موسمیات کے ڈائریکٹر عظمت حیات خان کا کہنا ہے کہ سندھ میں معمول سے 40 سے 60 فیصد کم جب بھی قحط آتا ہے تو سب سے "بارشیں ہونے کا امکان ہے، جس کی وجہ سے پہلے ہی سے موجود قحط کے خدشات ہیں سنگین ہو جائیں گے۔ پہلے خوراک کی قلت پیدا ہوتی ہے، اس وقت صحت کے شعبے میں کوئی بڑا مسئلہ نہیں، مال مویشی میں کوئی بھی کوئی بیماری نہیں لیکن یہ تو ایک حقیقت ہے کہ جب بارشیں نہیں ہوں گی تو چارے کی کمی ہوگی۔

ڈپٹی کمشنر تھر آصف اکرام: گذشتہ سال تھر میں بچوں کی ہلاکت اور خوراک کی کمی کی ذمہ داری ضلعی انتظامیہ پر بھی عائد کی گئی تھی۔ ڈپٹی جب بھی قحط آتا ہے تو سب سے پہلے خوراک کی کمشنر تھر آصف اکرام کا کہنا ہے کہ محکمہ موسمیات کی پیشین گوئی پر انتظامات کیے جا رہے ہیں۔ قلت پیدا ہوتی ہے، اس وقت صحت کے شعبے میں کوئی بڑا مسئلہ نہیں، مال مویشی میں بھی کوئی بیماری نہیں لیکن یہ تو ایک حقیقت ہے کہ جب بارشیں نہیں ہوں گی تو چارے کی کمی ہوگی۔ انھوں نے حکومت کو یہ تجویز دی ہے کہ لوگوں میں گندم کی تقسیم کو برقرار رکھا جائے۔ حکومت سندھ نے تھر میں مفت دسترخوان، ضلعی ہسپتالوں کو اپ گریڈ کرنے کے بھی اعلانات کیے تھے لیکن اس پر عملدرآمد نہیں ہو سکا، نہ ہی متاثرین کو بینظیر انکم سپورٹ پروگرام کی تیسری قسط ملی ہے۔ ضلع میں 50 کے قریب ڈاکٹر بھرتی کیے گئے لیکن وہ تنخواہ سے محروم ہیں۔ محکمہ موسمیات کا کہنا ہے کہ معمول سے کم بارشوں کی وجہ سے اناج کی کمی اور جانوروں میں بیماریاں پھیل سکتی ہیں۔ حکام کا دعویٰ ہے کہ اب ہسپتالوں میں دوائیں اور ڈاکٹر موجود ہیں، لیکن صرف مٹھی سول ہسپتال میں گذشتہ 20 ماہ کے قریب بچوں کی ہلاکت ہوئی۔ محکمہ صحت کے

پشاور اور چترال میں زلزلے کی جھٹکے، کوئی جانی

نقصان نہیں ہوا

ساوتھ ایشین نیوز ایجنسی (شہادینوز)

12 جولائی 2014

شمالی وزیرستان سے نقل مکانی کرنے والوں کی تعداد 9 لاکھ ہو گئی، امداد کیلئے موبائل فون سمز کی تقسیم

جاری

روزنامہ نوائے وقت

11 جولائی 2014

تھرپار کر میں پھر خشک سالی کا خدشہ

ریاض سہیل

بی بی سی اردو ڈاٹ کام

08 جولائی 2014

نے ایک بیان میں کہا ہے کہ ہسپتال میں ماہر ڈاکٹر ز اور معاون طبی عملہ مریضوں کے علاج کے لئے دن رات کام کر رہا ہے۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ شمالی وزیرستان کے پچیس ڈاکٹر ز اور معاون طبی عملے کے پانچ سو ارکان بھی متاثرین کا مفت علاج میں مصروف ہیں۔

ساتھ اشین نیوز ایجنسی (شاہ)
19 جولائی 2014

شمالی وزیرستان کے متاثرین کی مدد کیلئے 20 ارب روپے امداد کی ضرورت ہے، عبدالقادر بلوچ

ساتھ اشین نیوز ایجنسی (شاہ)
16 جولائی 2014

اسلام آباد (شاہ نیوز) وفاقی وزیر سیفران ایفٹینٹ جنرل (ر) عبدالقادر بلوچ نے کہا ہے کہ شمالی وزیرستان کے متاثرین کی مدد کیلئے 20 ارب روپے امداد کی ضرورت ہے، دہشتگردوں کے مکمل خاتمہ تک متاثرین کو ان کے علاقوں میں واپس نہیں بھیجیں گے خیر پختونخوا کی حکومت کے ساتھ مکمل رابطے میں ہیں وزیر اعلیٰ خیر پختونخوا آپریشن کے پہلے دن سے آن بورڈ ہیں ایک لاکھ سے زائد خاندانوں کو راشن دے چکے تمام متاثرین کو پولیو کے قطرے پلا دیئے گئے ہیں یہ مسئلہ بین الاقوامی برادری کا پیدا کردہ ہے ہم چاہتے ہیں کہ وہ اپنا قصور تسلیم کریں۔ وفاقی وزیر سیفران ایفٹینٹ جنرل (ر) عبدالقادر بلوچ نے اسلام آباد میں میڈیا کو بریفنگ دیتے ہوئے بتایا کہ تحریک انصاف کی طرف سے شمالی وزیرستان کے متاثرین کی مدد کے حوالے سے مختلف اعتراضات اٹھائے جا رہے ہیں اور یہ تاثر دیا جا رہا ہے کہ شاید صوبائی حکومت کے ساتھ ہمارا کوآرڈینیشن نہیں ہے یہ تاثر مکمل طور پر غلط ہے وزیر اعلیٰ خیر پختونخوا پہلے دن سے آن بورڈ ہیں تمام اہم اجلاسوں میں وہ موجود رہے ہیں جبکہ وزیر اعظم کے دورہ بنوں کے موقع پر بھی وہ ان کے ہمراہ تھے ان تمام مواقع پر کسی قسم کی کوئی شکایت نہیں کی گئی اور نہ ہی کوئی مطالبہ کیا گیا انہوں نے کہا کہ ریلیف کا تمام سامان کمشنرنوں کے حوالے کیا جاتا ہے جو صوبائی حکومت کا نمائندہ ہیں وہ فوج کی مدد سے آگے تقسیم کرتے ہیں انہوں نے کہا کہ خیر پختونخوا کی حکومت کے ایک نمائندہ نے جس کا میں نام نہیں لینا چاہتا نے مجھے کہا کہ متاثرین کی مدد کا کام جاری ہے اگر کوئی چیز مسنگ ہے تو وہ خیر پختونخوا حکومت ہے چھ جولائی کو تحریک انصاف کے لوگوں نے بنوں سے ہی سامان خرید کر وہاں تقسیم کیا لیکن ہمیں کسی سے کوئی شکایت نہیں ہم ان لوگوں کی ذمہ داری قبول کرتے ہیں اور اس کے لیے بھرپور کام کر رہے ہیں صوبائی حکومت کے مطالبے پر ایف سی، لیویز اور خاصہ دار فورس کے اہلکار انہیں دیئے جا چکے ہیں، پنجاب، پاک فوج اور دوسرے صوبوں سے ڈاکٹر ہاں پہنچ چکے ہیں اللہ کا شکر ہے کہ ابھی تک کوئی وبائی مرض نہیں پھوٹی تمام آئی ڈی بیز کو پولیو کے قطرے پلا دیئے گئے ہیں انہوں نے کہا کہ اب تک ایک لاکھ آئی ڈی بیز کے خاندان کو راشن تقسیم کیا جا چکا ہے اور دوسری دفعہ راشن کی تقسیم شروع کر دی گئی ہے لیکن ہم جو کچھ بھی کر لیں یہ اس تکلیف کے مقابلے میں بہت کم ہے جو متاثرین کو برداشت کرنا پڑی شمالی وزیرستان سے ہجرت کرنے والے قبائلی ہمارے ہیرو ہیں ہم ان کی قربانی کے قدر کرتے ہیں انہوں نے کہا کہ آصف زرداری کی طرف سے یہ کہنا کہ حکومت متاثرین کے حوالے سے غفلت برت رہی ہے درست نہیں آج تک پیپلز پارٹی کا کوئی بھی مرکزی رہنما متاثرین کی دلجوئی کے وہاں نہیں گیا اور نہ ہی کراچی یا سندھ امدادی سامان کی کوئی بڑی کھیپ بھیجی گئی ہے آصف زرداری کا بیان پڑھ کر دکھ ہوا یہ قومی مسئلہ ہے اور بیس کروڑ عوام پر اس کی ذمہ داری ہے یہ پیپلز پارٹی، لیگ یا تحریک انصاف کا مسئلہ نہیں ہم سابق صدر آصف زرداری کی خواہشات کے قریب تر متاثرین کیلئے کام کرنے کی کوشش کریں گے پیپلز پارٹی کو دعوت دیتے ہیں کہ وہ آگے آئے ہم ان کے پیچھے ہونگے عبدالقادر بلوچ نے کہا کہ 2001ء سے ہی غلط پالیسی اپنائی گئی یہ جنگ ہماری جنگ نہیں تھی اسامہ بن لادن کو افغانستان میں عالمی طاقتیں خود لائیں تھیں ہم سب اس کے قصور وار اور جوابدہ ہیں یہ بین الاقوامی برادری کا پیدا کردہ مسئلہ ہے ہم چاہتے ہیں کہ وہ اپنا قصور مانیں ایک سوال پر انہوں نے کہا کہ ہمارا یہ فیصلہ ہے کہ بین الاقوامی امداد کی اپیل نہیں کریں گے اپنے وسائل سے متاثرین کی مدد کی جائیگی شاید تعمیر نو اور بحالی کے مرحلے میں بین الاقوامی امداد کی ضرورت پڑے ایک سوال پر انہوں نے کہا کہ سکولوں کے کھلنے تک آپریشن جاری رہا تو متاثرین کیلئے شیلٹر سکول کھولے جائیں گے اور پہلے سے موجود سکولوں کے وسائل کو بھی بڑھائیں گے ایک سوال پر انہوں نے کہا کہ بنوں کی لوکل گورنمنٹ کے ملازمین کو تنخواہیں نہ ملنا خیر پختونخوا حکومت کا معاملہ ہے انہوں نے کہا کہ محیر حضرات سے ہماری درخواست ہے کہ اگر وہ ریلیف کا کوئی سامان لیکر بنوں جائیں تو ہماری تنظیموں کے ذریعے تقسیم کریں انہوں نے کہا کہ اگر آپریشن طویل ہوا تو ہمیں متاثرین کی مدد کیلئے 20 ارب روپے درکار ہونگے اس وقت تک متاثرین کو ان کے علاقوں میں نہیں بھیجیں گے جب تک دہشتگردوں کا سو فیصد خاتمہ نہ کر لیا جائے۔

اسلام آباد (شاہ نیوز) وفاقی حکومت نے شمالی وزیرستان سے نقل مکانی کرنے والے بے گھر افراد کیلئے تقریباً آٹھ ارب روپے جاری کر دیے ہیں۔ سرکاری ذرائع کے مطابق وفاقی حکومت نے شمالی وزیرستان سے نقل مکانی کرنے والے افراد کی بحالی کو یقینی بنانے کیلئے ایک جامع منصوبہ تیار کیا ہے۔ سرکاری اعداد و شمار کے مطابق وفاقی حکومت اب تک بے گھر افراد کیلئے تقریباً آٹھ ارب روپے جاری کر چکی ہے جبکہ انتیس ہزار آٹھ سو تریس خاندانوں میں پینتیس کروڑ بیس لاکھ چھتیس ہزار روپے پہلے ہی تقسیم کئے جا چکے ہیں۔ اب تک اسی ہزار تین سو دو خاندانوں سے تعلق

نقل مکانی کرنے والے بے گھر افراد کیلئے تقریباً

آٹھ ارب روپے جاری

ساتھ اشین نیوز ایجنسی (شاہ)

14 جولائی 2014

ملتان بریگیڈ یزلیات علی نے نئی ٹی وی کو بتایا کہ ٹوکور امدادی ایشیا کے دس ٹرک بنوں بھیج چکا ہے۔ بریگیڈ یزلیات علی کا کہنا تھا کہ سامان میں خواتین اور بچوں کی ضروریات کی ایشیا ہیں۔ سامان بنوں روانہ کرتے وقت دعا بھی کرائی گئی۔ آئی ایس پی آر کے مطابق اسلام آباد اور راولپنڈی کے شہریوں کی جانب سے دیئے گئے سامان کے بتیس ٹرک بھی بھیجے گئے ہیں۔ راولپنڈی کور کی جانب سے خصوصی عید پیکج بھی بھیجا گیا ہے۔

اسلام آباد (انعام اللہ حنک / دی نیشن رپورٹ) ورلڈ ہیلتھ آرگنائزیشن نے شمالی وزیرستان سے نقل مکانی کرنے والی خواتین کے ہاں قبل از وقت بچوں کی پیدائش اور دیگر بچوں کی صحت کے حوالے سے شدید تحفظات کا اظہار کیا ہے۔ ڈبلیو ایچ او کے ملکی نمائندے مائیکل تھیرین نے ”دی نیشن“ سے خصوصی گفتگو کرتے ہوئے کہا کہ شدید گرمی میں حاملہ خواتین کی منتقلی کے باعث انہیں شدید مشکلات کا سامنا ہے اور نومولود بچوں کو خوراک کی کمی اور کئی مہلک بیماریوں کا سامنا ہے۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ ڈبلیو ایچ او کے عہدیداروں نے حال ہی میں بنوں کے ہسپتالوں کا دورہ کیا۔ ان ہسپتالوں کی حالت درست نہیں اور انہیں اپ گریڈ کرنے کی اشد ضرورت ہے۔ خوراک کی ضروریات پوری نہ ہونے کی وجہ سے بچوں کو چھک اور دیگر مہلک بیماریوں کا شکار بن سکتے ہیں۔ انتہائی گرمی میں پانی کی کمی ہو جاتی ہے اور ان کا موافق نظام کمزور پڑ جاتا ہے۔ سرکاری اعداد و شمار کے مطابق 8 لاکھ سے زائد آئی ڈی بیز میں سے ساڑھے 4 لاکھ کے لگ بھگ بچے شامل ہیں اور ان بچوں کو متعدد بیماریاں لاحق ہو سکتی ہیں۔ ڈبلیو ایچ او کے ایک کوآرڈینیٹر ڈاکٹر فواد خان نے بتایا کہ 15 اگست کو سرکاری سکول کھلنے کے بعد بچوں کی حالت مزید ابتر ہو جائیگی کیونکہ یہ آئی ڈی بیز سکولوں میں موجود ہیں اور انہیں سکول چھوڑنے پڑیں گے۔

اسلام آباد (نوائے وقت رپورٹ) نادر الاکھوں جعلی آئی ڈی بیز کا سراغ لگا لیا۔ ذرائع کے مطابق اب تک 9 لاکھ سے زائد متاثرین کی رجسٹریشن ہوئی۔ نادرانے مطابق اصل متاثرین کی تعداد 5 سے ساڑھے پانچ لاکھ سے امداد حاصل کرنے کے لالچ میں بعض افراد نے دو سے تین مرتبہ رجسٹریشن کروائی۔ بعض افراد شمالی وزیرستان سے باہر کے رہائشی ہیں۔ نادرانے تمام افراد کا ڈیٹا حاصل کر لیا۔

اسلام آباد (شاہ نیوز) پاکستان کے قبائلی علاقے شمالی وزیرستان سے نقل مکانی کرنے والے خاندانوں کی ایک بڑی تعداد بنوں، ٹانک اور ڈیرہ اسماعیل خان کے 1200 سرکاری اسکولوں میں مقیم ہے۔ اقوام متحدہ کے عہدیداروں کا کہنا ہے گرمیوں کی چھٹیوں کے ختم ہونے پر ان اسکولوں کو خالی کرنا پڑے گا لیکن اس سے قبل یہ ضروری ہے کہ ان تمام تعلیمی اداروں کی مناسب صفائی کی جائے بصورت دیگر وبائی امراض پھوٹنے کے خدشات بڑھ جائیں گے۔ اقوام متحدہ کے ادارہ برائے پناہ گزین یو این ایچ سی آر کی ترجمان دنیا اسلم خان نے امریکی نشریاتی ادارے کے ساتھ انٹرویو میں بتایا کہ اس وقت بنیادی چیلنج یہ ہے کہ نقل مکانی کرنے والوں کی اکثریت کیمپوں میں نہیں رہ رہی ہے۔ اچھی خاصی تعداد اس وقت 1200 اسکول میں رہائش پذیر ہے۔ گورنمنٹ اسکول کی عمارتوں میں انفراسٹرکچر پہلے ہی سے اتنا بہتر نہیں ہوتا، بنیادی ضروریات زندگی کی سہولتیں نہیں ہوتیں، جیسے پانی ہو گیا، واش روم کی سہولیات ہیں تو ان سہولیات کے فقدان کی وجہ سے جو ایک اہم چیلنج آنے والے دنوں میں ہو سکتا ہے وہ صحت سے متعلقہ مسائل ہیں مثلاً بیماریوں کا پھوٹ پڑنا۔ اس سے تعلیم کا سیکرےٹریٹا متاثر ہو گا یہ چیز ہمارے لیے بھی بہت باعث تشویش ہے کہ دو مہینے میں، یا مہینے کے عرصے میں اسکول جب واپس کھل جائیں گے۔ اس لیے ضروری ہے کہ اسکولوں کا ٹائم شروع ہونے سے پہلے ان لوگوں کو کسی متبادل جگہ پر شفٹ کیا جائے۔ کیمپس کی صورت حال کو بہتر کیا جائے تاکہ لوگ کیمپس جاسکیں کیونکہ ان لوگوں کے جانے کے فوراً بعد بھی اسکول اس قابل نہیں ہوں گے کہ اس میں آپ تعلیمی سرگرمیاں شروع کریں کیونکہ صفائی و ستھرائی کی صورت حال کو بہتر بنانا پڑے گا۔ ترجمان نے بتایا کہ نقل مکانی کرنے والے افراد میں سے 74 فیصد خواتین اور بچے ہیں۔ جبکہ بیشتر خواتین کے پاس قومی شناختی کارڈ بھی نہیں تھا جس کی وجہ سے انھیں امداد کے حصول میں مشکلات کا سامنا کرنا پڑا۔ حکومتی عہدیداروں کا کہنا ہے کہ وہ نقل مکانی کر کے آنے والوں کے رہائش کے مسائل حل کرنے کے علاوہ ان کی طبی ضروریات کے لیے بھی کام کر رہی ہے اور بے گھر افراد کے لیے طبی کیمپ بھی قائم کیے گئے ہیں۔

بنوں (شاہ نیوز) حکومت نے بنوں میں نقل مکانی کرنے والوں کے لئے قائم کیا کیمپ میں جدید سہولتوں سے آراستہ ایک موبائل ہسپتال قائم کیا ہے تاکہ شمالی وزیرستان ایجنسی کے آئی ڈی بیز کو علاج معالجے کی سہولت فراہم کی جاسکے۔ فانا کے ہیلتھ سروسز کے ڈائریکٹر ایڈمنسٹریشن میں موبائل ہسپتال قائم

آئی ڈی بیز میں شامل بچوں میں متعدی بیماریاں پھیلنے کا خدشہ ہے: ڈبلیو ایچ او

روزنامہ نوائے وقت

21 جولائی 2014

نادرانے لاکھوں جعلی آئی ڈی بیز کا سراغ لگا لیا، اصل تعداد 5 لاکھ، امداد کی لالچ میں 9 لاکھ کی رجسٹریشن

روزنامہ نوائے وقت

21 جولائی 2014

نقل مکانی کرنے والے خاندان 1200 اسکولوں

میں مقیم ہیں، اقوام متحدہ

ساتھ اسٹین نیوز ایجنسی (شاہ)

20 جولائی 2014

بنوں میں نقل مکانی کرنے والوں کے ہاں کیمپ میں موبائل ہسپتال قائم

سرخیاں

خیبر پختونخوا حکومت سے این اوسی کا حصول ایک

بڑا مسئلہ ہے، اقوام متحدہ

ساتھ ایشین نیوز ایجنسی (ٹاؤ)

26 جولائی 2014

تفصیلات

اسلام آباد (ٹاؤ نیوز) اقوام متحدہ نے کہا ہے کہ شمالی وزیرستان کے آئی ڈی بیوز کی امداد کے لیے کام کرنے والے اداروں کو خیر پختونخوا حکومت سے این اوسی کا حصول ایک بڑا مسئلہ ہے۔ متاثرین کی مدد کرنے کے لیے فنڈز کی مسلسل ضرورت ہے سکولوں میں رہائش پذیر آئی ڈی بیوز کے لیے 15 اگست سے پہلے شیلٹرز کی ضرورت ہوگی۔ پانچ سال سے کم عمر کے بچوں اور حاملہ خواتین میں خوراک کی کمی پیدا ہونا کا شدید خطرہ ہے۔ گرم موسم اور صفائی کی خراب صورتحال کی وجہ سے ڈائریا کی بیماری سے بچاؤ کے لیے پیٹنگی اقدامات اٹھانے کی ضرورت ہے۔ اقوام متحدہ کے ادارے اوپا کیرپورٹ کے مطابق 95 لاکھ 95 ہزار 515 آئی ڈی بیوز کی رجسٹریشن کی گئی ہے جو 92 ہزار 702 خاندانوں پر مشتمل ہیں۔ کرم ایجنسی میں افغانستان سے آنے والے 49 خاندانوں کی رجسٹریشن کی گئی ہے وزارت سیفرانے نے کل آئی ڈی بیوز کا تخمینہ پانچ سے چھ لاکھ افراد کا لگایا ہے۔ نارائنہ 90039 خاندانوں کی تصدیق کی ہے جس میں سے 52986 خاندانوں کو درست قرار دیا گیا ہے جبکہ 37053 خاندانوں کی رجسٹریشن مسترد کر دی گئی ہے اتنی بڑی تعداد میں رجسٹریشن مسترد ہونے کی وجہ یہ ہے کہ ایک ہی خاندان کے مختلف لوگوں نے خاندان کے سربراہ کے طور پر رجسٹریشن کرائی تھی۔ رپورٹ کے مطابق ایف آر بنوں کے علاقے بکاخیل میں حکومت کی طرف سے قائم کیے گئے کیمپ میں صرف 100 خاندان رہائش پذیر ہیں سخت موسم کی وجہ سے زیادہ تر خاندان کیمپوں سے باہر رہائش پذیر ہیں رپورٹ میں کہا گیا ہے کہ سرکاری سکولوں میں رہائش پذیر آئی ڈی بیوز کے لیے 15 اگست سے پہلے شیلٹرز کی ضرورت ہے کیونکہ ستمبر میں سکول چھٹیوں کے بعد کھل جائیں گے بنوں، کرک اور لکی مروت میں 1404 سکولوں میں آئی ڈی بیوز کے عارضی کیمپ قائم ہیں۔ ان سکولوں میں سینیٹیشن اور صاف پانی کی فراہمی بڑا مسئلہ ہے۔ واش رومز کی صورتحال بھی انتہائی خراب ہے۔ رپورٹ میں کہا گیا ہے کہ پانچ سال تک کی عمر کے بچوں اور حاملہ خواتین میں نقل مکانی کے بعد خوراک کی شدید کمی پیدا ہونے کا خطرہ ہے جس سے نوزائیدہ بچوں کی شرح اموات میں اضافہ ہو سکتا ہے۔ رپورٹ کے مطابق خیبر پختونخوا کے محکمہ داخلہ کی طرف سے امدادی اداروں کے لیے این اوسی کے حصول کے عمل میں سات دن لگتے ہیں جس کی وجہ سے متاثرین کے لیے امداد کی فراہمی بڑا مسئلہ ہے۔ ایمرجنسی رسپانس فنڈ کی طرف سے ترجیحی سرگرمیوں کے لیے 35 لاکھ ڈالر فنڈ کا اعلان کیا گیا ہے جن میں سے تعلیم کے لیے 725000 ڈالر، خوراک کے لیے 500000 ڈالر، صحت کے لیے 775000 ڈالر، نیوٹریشن کے لیے 670000 ڈالر، پروٹیکشن کے لیے 700000 ڈالر اور صاف پانی کی فراہمی کے لیے 130000 ڈالر، پروٹیکشن کے لیے 700000 ڈالر اور صاف پانی کی فراہمی کے لیے 130000 ڈالر مختص کیے گئے ہیں۔ رپورٹ کے مطابق متاثرین کو خوراک کی فراہمی کو پہلی ترجیح بنایا گیا ہے جن کے تحت راشن، مویشیوں کی ویکسینیشن، کالوسے بچاؤ کا سپرے، مویشیوں کی خوراک فراہم کی جا رہی ہے متاثرین کو خوراک کی فراہمی کے لیے مسلسل فنڈز کی ضرورت ہے رپورٹ میں کہا گیا ہے کہ گرم موسم اور صفائی کی خراب صورتحال کی وجہ سے ڈائریا کی بیماری پھیلنے کا شدید خطرہ ہے جس کے لیے پیٹنگی اقدامات اٹھانے کی ضرورت ہے۔ اسی ہپتالوں پر بوجھ بڑھنے کی وجہ سے میڈیکل سٹاف اور ڈاکٹروں کی تعداد میں بھی اضافہ کیا جانا چاہیے۔ ہسپتالوں میں سب سے زیادہ ضرورت گائنا کالوجسٹس، انیٹھیرسٹس اور خواتین میڈیکل آفیسرز کی ہے۔ رپورٹ کے مطابق بنوں میں نیوٹریشن کے حوالے سے سٹاف کی شدید کمی ہے جبکہ بزرگ شہریوں اور افراد بہم معذوری کے لیے بھی خصوصی سروسز فراہم نہیں کی جا رہی ہیں۔ متاثرین کو بجلی کے پنکھوں، ہاتھ کے پنکھوں اور چارپائیوں کی بھی اشد ضرورت ہے اس کے علاوہ شمالی وزیرستان کے قریب ہونے کی وجہ سے بنوں میں کام کرنے والے اداروں کے لیے سکیورٹی کے بھی مسائل موجود ہیں۔

پشاور (ٹاؤ نیوز) قبائلی علاقے لوئر ڈیر اور اسکے گرد و نواح میں زلزلے کے جھٹکے محسوس کئے گئے۔ جھٹکوں سے خوف پھیل گیا۔ نجی ٹی وی کے مطابق زلزلے کے جھٹکے بده کی علی الصبح محسوس کئے گئے۔ جس سے علاقہ لرزاٹھا۔ اور لوگ گھبرا کر گھر سے نکل آئے۔ زلزلہ لوئر ڈیر کے قریبی علاقوں میں بھی محسوس کیا گیا۔ تاہم کسی نقصان کی اطلاع نہیں ملی۔

راولپنڈی (ٹاؤ نیوز) پاک فوج کی جانب سے شمالی وزیرستان کے متاثرین کے لئے امدادی اشیاء کے بیلیس ٹرک بنوں روانہ کر دیئے گئے۔ راولپنڈی کو کرک کی جانب سے خصوصی عید تیکج بھی بھیجا گیا۔ مسلح افواج شمالی وزیرستان میں دہشت گردوں سے نمٹنے کے ساتھ متاثرین کی امداد کے لئے بھی سرگرم ہے۔ ایک جانب آپریشن ضرب عضب جاری تو دوسری جانب ریلیف آپریشن سے بھی غافل نہیں۔ کمائڈر لاجسٹک سیل

لوئر ڈیر اور گرد و نواح میں زلزلے کے جھٹکے

ساتھ ایشین نیوز ایجنسی (ٹاؤ)

24 جولائی 2014

متاثرین کے لیے پاک فوج نے امدادی اشیاء کے

بیلیس ٹرک بنوں روانہ کر دیئے

ساتھ ایشین نیوز ایجنسی (ٹاؤ)

23 جولائی 2014

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ڈی آر ایم بلیٹن



اگست 2014، شماره 2، نمبر 8

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