

# DRM BULLETIN



July, 2014 - Volume: 2, Issue 7

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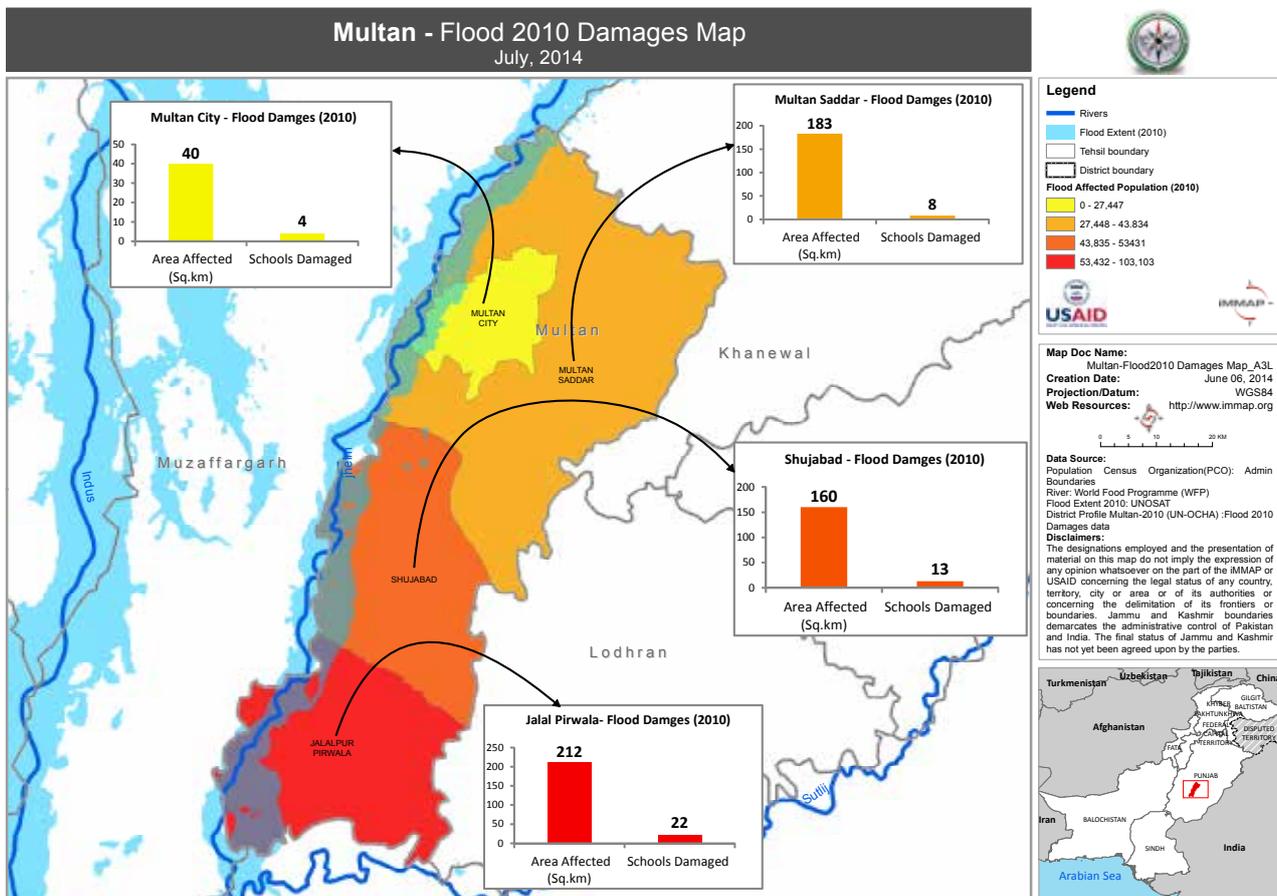
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## METADATA

- Monthly Price Indices for October, 2013
- Monthly Advance releases on Foreign Trade Statistics for September, 2013

Both reports are available at <http://pbs.gov.pk>

## INFOGRAPH

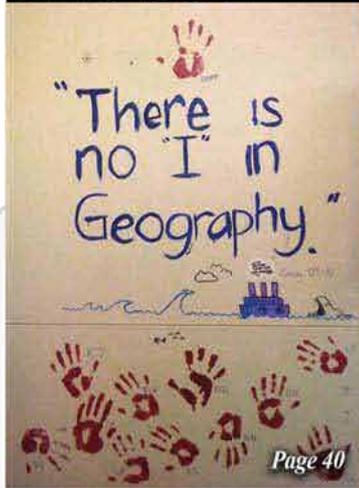
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- Energy Infograph Islamabad Capital Territory

## APPLIED RESEARCH

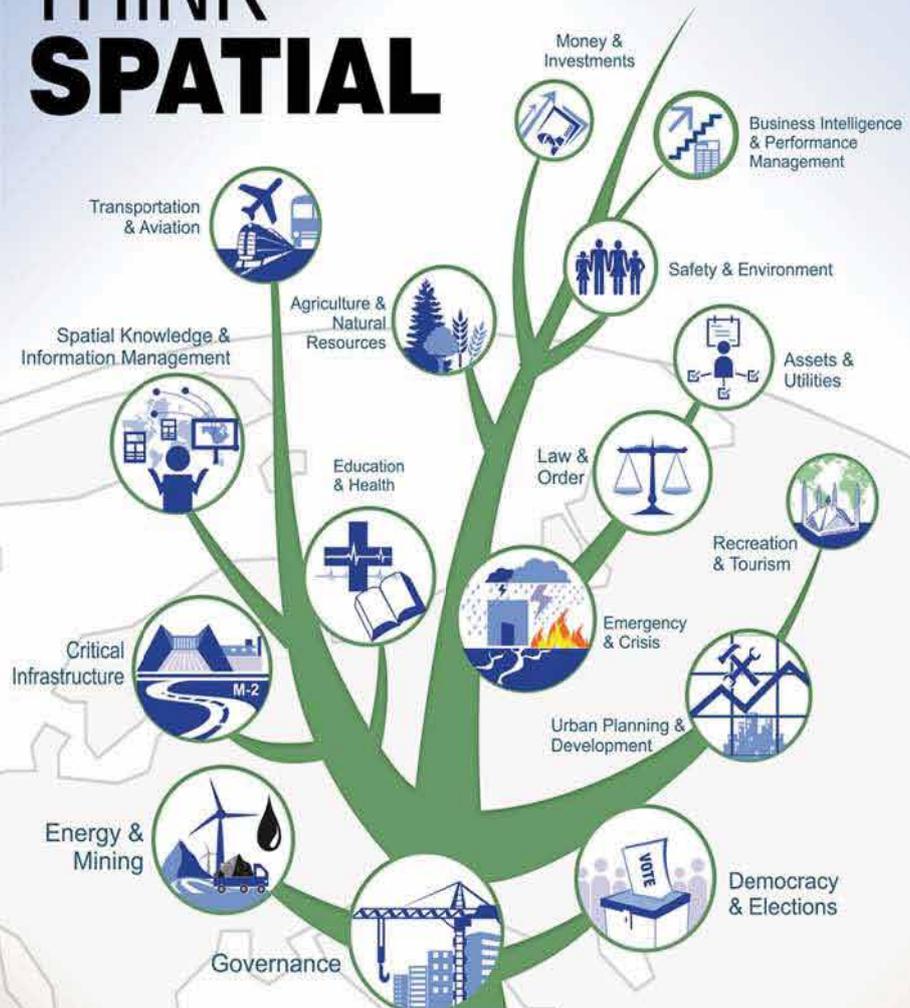
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**NEWS HEADLINES**

**Nine die as heavy rain lashes Lahore, Sialkot**  
*The Statesman, June 30, 2014*

**Polio vaccine Cold storage out of order Centre established by Ex-Governor in Jamrud**  
*Frontior Post, June 30, 2014*

**Balochistan Chief Minister announces Rs.50m grant for IDPs**  
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**Flood protection plan to be implemented from July 1**  
*The Nation, June 28, 2014*

**North Waziristan IDPs await registration in Peshawar**  
*Daily Dawn, June 28, 2014*

**Poor coordination causes**

**DETAILS**

**LAHORE:** At least nine persons including six children and three women died in separate rain related incidents in Lahore and Sialkot on Saturday night. Reports say five persons were buried under the debris when roof of a house collapsed due to rain in Kot Saeed area of Lahore. Rescue officials evacuated the injured from the debris and shifted them to hospital where an 80-year-old woman and a five-year-old child died. The dead bodies were handed over to the heirs. In another incident, a man namely Arshad died and his wife severely injured when roof of a house collapsed in Doria Pull area of Lahore. The rescue teams shifted the injured woman to hospital for treatment. Meanwhile, the roof of a house in Gujjarpura village in Sialkot collapsed due to heavy rain killing five children and a woman. Those dead include five children of age 6 months to 10 years of same family. The accident occurred when the roof of labourer Wali Mohammad's house collapsed as result of heavy rain. The accident buried the whole family under the wreckage. Eye witnesses say the late arrival of rescue teams caused the deaths of the children. Wali Mohammed and his daughter survived and were taken to Allama Iqbal Hospital.

**JAMRUD:** Polio vaccine cold storage center established just few months back in the Civil Hospital Jamrud is non-functional as the machine in the storage room is out of order. Because of the negligence of health department there is no facility to keep the polio vaccine safe. Former Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Governor Shaukat Ullah established a polio vaccine cold storage center worth Rs7.2m in Civil Hospital Jamrud so that polio vaccine is saved and doesn't expire. The center was made on emergency bases but because of the negligence of health department the center is out of order and the money spends on it wasted. The elders of the area and PML-N General Secretary Saeed Jan Kokikhel appealed the concerned authorities to take notice of this issue. They demanded the Governor Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Sardar Mehtab Ahmed Khan to look into the matter and order immediate functioning of the cold storage which would help in storing the anti-polio vaccine.

**QUETTA:** Balochistan Chief Minister Dr Abdul Malik Baloch has announced a grant of Rs50 million for people displaced from North Waziristan. Speaking during a session of Balochistan Assembly on Saturday, the chief minister said there was no ban on the entry of internally displaced persons (IDPs) into the province, but they had to undergo security search. Members of the assembly announced that they would donate one month's salary for the welfare of IDPs. The session was presided over by Speaker Mir Jan Mohammad Jamali.

**RAWALPINDI:** Rescue Services have prepared a flood protection plan which would be enforced after July 1. Director General Punjab emergency Services -Rescue 1122 Dr. Rizwan Naseer said a flood protection plan has been prepared to deal with possible flooding during the upcoming monsoon season. He said all arrangements to face any disaster situation have been completed, and Rescue teams are already prepared to handle any emergency circumstances.

**PESHAWAR:** Majority of the Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) arriving in Peshawar from North Waziristan are still awaiting formal registration. Scores of tribesmen residing in areas of Hayatabad Township complained that teams set up for mobile registration were missing for the past three days. One IDP Muhammad Hafeez said Governor Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Sardar Mehtab Ahmed had formed a team for the mobile registration of North Waziristan affectees but the team did not arrive for the purpose. "We have been waiting for the last two days daily in Phase 6 at a house to facilitate the affectees but no one is coming to them since Thursday," Hafeez said, adding that they were forced to sit in the scorching heat. Ihsan, another displaced person from the North Waziristan Agency, said that tribesmen who arrived after a tiresome journey were undergoing severe mental stress as on one hand, they were not being registered while on the other hand, law enforcement agencies were also harassing them. He said that the registration process should be expedited so that refugees would not only have proper legal cover to live peacefully but would also be able to garner assistance from the government. He said that the Fata Disaster Management Authority (FDMA) had not sent out its team for registration despite repeated requests, lamenting that "some times they display concern while other times they make excuses."

**Ration distributed to IDPs: ISPR**

Supply and distribution of ration to IDPs is gradually improving. Over 21,000 packets amounting to 110 kilograms of rations have been distributed among IDPs at six relief delivery points established by the Army in collaboration with the civil administration in Bannu, Dera Ismail Khan and Tank. After the initial cash disbursement which was done manually, the process of disbursement through Subscriber Identity Modules (SIMs) was launched which were also distributed to families. Since IDPs have moved their cattle to sustain them, 11 tonnes of fodder for cattle and other animals have been distributed in Bannu, Tank and DI Khan. Through a special civil-military veterinary set-up, 4488 cattle were provided veterinary treatment while 28,345 poultry animals were vaccinated. The whole country is pledging ration, money and other relief goods and is enthusiastically depositing their contributions at collection points established by the Army across the country, the ISPR said. Collection points have been increased up to 53 across the country whereas 131 tons of ration have been collected and dispatched to Bannu. A field medical hospital established by Army Medical Corps at Khalifa Gul Nawaz Hospital in Bannu is providing medical care to patients round the clock. Mobile medical teams are also being sent out to various areas where IDPs are residing.

**ISLAMABAD:** The trust deficit and poor coordination among the water sector stakeholders has

### 50pc water shortage in Sindh, Balochistan

*Daily Dawn, June 27, 2014*

led to a crisis-like situation, resulting in more than 50 per cent shortage of water in Sindh and Balochistan despite full discharges from reservoirs according to provincial demands. An official of the ministry of water and power told Dawn that the Indus River System Authority (Irsa) had been meeting full indents of Sindh and Balochistan for almost a month now and the Chashma barrage had touched its dead level and yet Sindh was complaining of 50pc shortage and not receiving its full share. He said that discharges from dams and barrages were normally so synchronised that Chashma seldom reached its dead level even in drought-like conditions. "There has been an institutional mishap," he said. The official pointed out that the entire operational hierarchy of Wapda, Irsa and provincial representatives appeared to be holding back real information, instead of sharing it with others. They are unable to explain why Sindh and Balochistan were not getting their full share of water when it was being discharged from dams. Over the past one month, representatives of the Sindh irrigation department have thrice visited Taunsa barrage to check discharges and found them to be accurate, but they were surprised why water was not reaching downstream and it was not traceable between Chashma and Guddu barrages. Because of poor coordination, sources said, outflows from Tarbela dam were not enhanced at an appropriate time. As a result, Chashma barrage has reached its dead level even though releases from Tarbela dam were increased on an emergent basis by about 65,000 cusecs to more than 170,000 cusecs. The sources said the releases through link canals from Indus River were being increased when Sindh and Balochistan were facing shortage on the Indus zone. For example, releases through Chashma-Jhelum Link Canal were increased suddenly to 2,000 cusecs last week and over the past two days the discharges to Taunsa-Punjab link canal had also been increased from 500 cusecs to 2,600 cusecs. This is despite the fact that enough water was available in the Chenab zone and over 151 feet storage at Mangla dam which was still being increased. Mangla dam received 56,400 cusecs on Thursday, of which 45,000 cusecs was released downstream after storing 11,000 cusecs. On the other hand, Sindh has no representation in Irsa at present following rejection of its request to extend the tenure of its former member Mazhar Ali Shah for three years till June 13, 2017. Mr Shah completed his three-year tenure on June 14 and the Sindh government has thrice sought his extension. The issue was also raised by PPP parliamentarians from Sindh in the National Assembly, but in vain. The sources said the Sindh government had originally recommended Mr Shah for two terms (six years), but on completion of his first term when he requested the federal government for a fresh notification for the second term, he was directed to come back with a fresh recommendation from the provincial government. The Sindh government sent a fresh recommendation for Mr Shah's extension but the federal government desired that the recommendation should be endorsed directly by the chief minister office. The chief minister has since sent two reminders for his extension, but the government has not yet notified it.

### BISP plans to extend help to IDPs

*Daily Dawn, June 27, 2014*

**ISLAMABAD:** The Benazir Income Support Programme (BISP) has joined hands with other organisations to provide long-term relief to people displaced by the military operation in North Waziristan. The social safety net has planned to conduct a quick survey of internally displaced people and include all IDPs in its financial assistance programme. This was decided at a meeting held on Thursday between BISP Chairman Enver Baig and Minister for State and Frontier Regions retired Lt Gen Abdul Qadir Baloch. Beneficiaries of the BISP are identified through a poverty scorecard survey but the exercise could not be done in North Waziristan Agency because of security reasons, officials said. Mr Baig issued directive for conducting the survey immediately so that the payment could be made to IDPs. They will be entitled to all benefits, including conditional and unconditional cash transfer, health insurance and vocational training programmes. The BISP chief expressed the hope that these efforts would bring the impoverished and underprivileged people to the mainstream of society.

### CM announces Rs50m for IDPs' relief, welcomes them into Sindh

*Daily Dawn, June 25, 2014*

**KARACHI:** Sindh Chief Minister Syed Qaim Ali Shah on Tuesday announced a Rs50 million financial assistance for the internally displaced persons (IDPs) in the wake of the North Waziristan military operation and said he welcomed them into Sindh if they carried their identity cards. The chief minister, who made this announcement while winding up the general discussion on the budget 2014-15 in the newly built assembly hall, clarified that his government had only given instructions to the Rangers and police to check infiltration of militants from Balochistan and Punjab and no one be allowed entry without identity cards and proper checking. He recalled that earlier the IDPs for Swat were welcomed into Sindh and were paid Rs10,000 per family as a fare and to meet their immediate needs. The chief minister also announced that trucks loaded with relief goods would also be sent to their camps elsewhere.

### Wind storm hits Thatta, Sujawal

*The Statesman, June 25, 2014*

**THATTA:** Wind storm hit coastal areas of Thatta and Sujawal districts and hilly tract of Kohistan on Tuesday. Roofs of hutments in several villages were blown off. Roofs of several poultry farms were also blown off causing losses to the poultry farmers. Growers also complained of losses to their standing crops including vegetables. Electric power broke down in almost all parts of the district. There was no electricity in twin cities of Thatta and Makli and other parts of the district since morning. Trade and business activity was adversely affected due to eclectic power failures.

### River Kabul flows in medium flood

*Business recorder, June 24, 2014*

The River Kabul at Nowshera is in medium flood level and flowing with 89,100 cusecs of water and the mighty River Indus at Chashma is in low flood level with a flow of 2,75,000 cusecs, the Flood Warning Centre said here on Monday. It said after third day of pre-monsoon rains in the upcountry, 1,51,000 cusecs water was running in the Indus river at Tarbela. The water regulatory body IRSA is discharging 1,07,000 cusecs of water downstream the reservoir for irrigation and hydel power generation purposes. It said the River Kabul that contributes 17 percent water to the national water resources was in medium flood with the flow of 89,100 cusecs of water at Nowshera which was being put in the Indus zone water distribution system. The water flow in the Jehlum River at the Mangla Dam is 54,000 cusecs. IRSA has reduced 50 percent outflow from

**9 points to avoid flood-like situation in Nullah Leh**

*The News, June 24, 2014*

**More dust storm with thundershower forecast**

*The Nation, June 23, 2014*

**Floodwater inundates three villages in Swat**

*Daily Dawn, June 22, 2014*

**Country in grip of severe heat**

*The Nation, June 17, 2014*

the dam to the level of 25,000 cusecs so as to fill the elevated dam at the earliest. The River Chenab is contributing 79,200 cusecs of water at Marala to the Mangla zone enabling the water regulatory body to reduce outflows from the Mangla Dam. The running water in the Indus River at Jinnah barrage is 1,81,100 cusecs, at Chashma 2,75,500 cusecs, at Taunsa 1,75,000 cusecs at Guddu Barrage 1,28,200 cusecs, at Sukkur 72,100 cusecs and at Kotri Barrage 15,795. The Sindh Irrigation department is releasing all the water running in the Indus River from Guddu Barrage to Kotri Barrage in the sprawling canal irrigation network in the province. The FWC said. The water managers have so far stored more than 5 MAF water in the reservoirs, Mangla dam 3.719 MAF and Tarbela 1.334 MAF. Meanwhile, rain-thundershower occurred at scattered places in Islamabad, Rawalpindi, Bahawalpur, Sahiwal, Sargodha, Quetta divisions and Kashmir. The Met Office recorded rains as follows in mm (millimeter): Palandri 43, Murree 41, Islamabad (Zero Point 27, Saidpur 21, Airport 16, Shamsabad 07, Bokra 04 & Golra 02, Rawalakot & Dratian 17 each, Garhi Dupatta & Hattian Bala 16 each, Kallar 14, Kotli 13, Khanpur 11, Barkhan 10, Kakul 09, Palote & Sehrakota 07 each, Mangla & Chattarkallas 05 each, Jehlum 04, Sahiwal & Jacobabad 03 each, Chakri, Gujranwala, Kund, Nauseri, Talhatta & Besham 02 each, Mandi Bahauddin, Balakot, Sara-e-Alamgir & Oghi 01 each, Skardu, Muzaffarabad, Chilas, Bahawalnagar, Gujrat & Sialkot (Airport) traces each.

**RAWALPINDI:** As many as nine points have been identified that may hinder the flow of water in Nullah Leh during heavy rains and the concerned authorities have prepared a plan to carry out dredging on these locations to avoid any flood like situation in the monsoon season. The locations identified in the report where smooth flow of water may be hindered included New Katarian, Pirwadhai, Ratta Amral, Ganjmandi, Novelty Cinema, Khayaban-e-Sir Syed, Dhoke Dalal, backside of Holy Family Hospital and Moti Mahal Cinema. Heavy rains in the catchment area of Nullah Leh during rainy season are the main source of flood in Rawalpindi city. The Nullah Leh combined with its tributaries such as Saidpur Kasi, Kanitwali, Badarwali Kasi and Tenawali Kasi, originating from Margallah Hills enters Rawalpindi city through sector 1-9 and later joins additional tributaries from Dhoke Hassu, Dhoke Ellahi Bakhsh and PAF Colony. According to the report, Nullah Leh flowing with the sewage water generated from the twin cities never creates any problems in terms of floods but when combined with heavy rainfall in the catchment areas it can have devastating impacts on the residents of Rawalpindi city. It stated that if there is flood in the city then the district government may be assisted by other departments and even Pakistan Army during flood and rescue operations.

**LAHORE:** Parts of the country received showers with dust raising winds on Sunday, decreasing temperature during the day and at nighttime. Experts have predicted more rains with gusty winds for parts of the country during the next couple of days. Pre monsoon rains will reduce the intensity of heat wave in parts of the country by maintaining the mercury to a low level. Rain-thundershower occurred at scattered places in upper/central Punjab and at isolated places in Malakand and Hazara divisions. Patches of clouds, scattered showers and strong winds reduced the intensity of heat wave by lowering mercury level. On Sunday, maximum and minimum temperature in the City was recorded 38 degree Celsius and 21 C respectively. Relative humidity in the evening was recorded 34 per cent. According to the experts, seasonal low lies over Baluchistan and adjoining areas. Moist currents from Arabian Sea are penetrating into upper and central parts of the country. A shallow westerly wave is also prevailing over central/upper parts of the country.

Local meteorological department has forecast dust storm with rain-thundershower at scattered places in Faisalabad, Sargodha, Sahiwal, Multan, D G Khan, Bahawalpur divisions and at isolated places in Hazara, Gujranwala, Lahore, Rawalpindi, Sukkar, Larkana divisions, Kashmir and Gilgit-Baltistan during the next couple of days.

**MINGORA:** Over 50 families shifted to higher ground and safer places after floodwater from swollen Swat River inundated three villages here on Saturday. Bakht Rahim, a local volunteer at Sherabad, told Dawn that Swat River was in flood and the overflowing water entered three villages, including Sherabad, Sultanabad and Malakabad, located along the river bank. At least 50 families have shifted to higher ground to save their lives and belongings after floodwater entered their houses, the residents said.

According to the irrigation department, Swat River was in low flood at Khwazakhela where the water flow was recorded at 18,414 cusecs in the morning. "Our houses are inundated by floodwater," Mr Rahim said and added that all the children and women had been shifted to safer places while the men were monitoring the flood situation. Meanwhile, Swat district administration has issued directives to the villagers residing near Swat River to stay alert.

Deputy commissioner Mehmood Aslam Wazir on Saturday visited the affected villages, including Sherabad, Ogdu, Malakabad and Sultanabad, where he announced that they would soon provide 80 tents and foodstuff to the affected population. Assistant commissioner Ashfaq claimed that the local administration had completed repair work on the safety wall near Angrodheri.

**LAHORE:** Parts of the country remained in the grip of severe heat wave on Monday with experts predicting the prevailing harsh weather conditions to persist during the next couple of days. Frequent tripping and unscheduled load shedding added to the woes of heat stricken people. Weather remained very hot and dry in most parts of the country. However, Rawalpindi, Malakand and Hazara divisions received scattered thundershowers. As monsoon incursions have started reaching upper parts of the country, increasing humidity has made the weather more oppressive. Pre monsoon rains are likely to decrease intensity of heat wave in upper parts from Tuesday evening. However, people in central and southern parts will continue to experience extremely hot

### Cyclone ceases coastal life

*The Nation, June 16, 2014*

### Polio virus detected in Quetta linked to Sukkur

*Daily Dawn, June 16, 2014*

weather conditions. Sibbi remained hottest place in the country where mercury rose as high as 48.5 degree Celsius. Maximum temperature in Bannu was recorded 47 C, Bhakkar 46.5 C, Dadu and Bahawalnagar 46 C, Okara, D G Khan, R Y Khan, Noor pur Thal, Mianwali, Risalpur, Sargodha and Jacobabad 45 C. In Lahore, maximum and minimum temperature was recorded 45 C and 31 C respectively. Relative humidity in the evening was recorded 25 per cent. People avoided unnecessarily coming out, decreasing traffic on otherwise busy roads at noon and in the afternoon. Lahore canal, as usual, attracted a large number of people including women and children. Not only youth but also elderly people were seen taking bath in the canal water. At certain places, even women were seen beating the heat by taking a dip in the mud coloured water.

According to the experts, seasonal low lies over Balochistan and adjoining areas. Moist currents from Arabian Sea are penetrating into upper parts of the country. A shallow westerly wave is affecting upper parts of the country. The meteorological department has forecast mainly hot and dry weather for most parts of the country during the next couple of days. However, rain-thundershower associated with gusty/dust raising winds is expected at scattered places in Kashmir, Islamabad, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Gujranwala, Lahore, Malakand, Hazara, Peshawar divisions and Gilgit-Baltistan. On Monday, Rawalakot received 13 mm rain, Garhidupatta 09 mm, Mirkhani and Kotli 08 mm each, Murree 07 mm, Balakot 04 mm, Dir and Zhob 02 mm each.

**KARACHI:** After three days of tension and uncertainty due to fear of high tides, followed by tropical cyclone developed in the Gulf region, people on coastal areas were seen taking sigh of relief. However, stagnant water in the villages, acute shortage of drinking water and food in the entire coastal region from Karachi to Thatta, Sujawal and Badin have put the people vulnerable to face uncertainty for the next few days. The people in Karachi coastal areas are struggling to move back to their localities but since there is stagnant water, which have inundated their shelters, many of them are still out and waiting for help. Information collected on Sunday from Shah Bunder, Jati and Keti Bunder by rescue teams revealed that the situation was quite devastating, as the families were out of food and short of potable water. Minors and elders were being affected the most, the rescue sources said. Despite hue and cry, officers of the district administration paid empty visits and assured the people for help, but did nothing. Their ignorance has left them devastated with hunger and displacement. Hundreds of families either are onboard their fishing vessels or staying at their shelters rooftop without water and food. Especially those, residing at remote island villages, are facing problems due to the perturbed access to reach the beaches to buy eatables. The roads in Shah Bunder, Kharo Chhhan and Jati have also been disconnected due to high tides. It was the common cry in the entire Sindh coastal areas that the low lying localities have been inundated and the families are marooned there. They have not received any relief goods, ration and medicine. The elders were looking enraged crying against such ignorance, saying they were not even being provided potable water to drink. Their children are compelled to use stagnant sea water to quench their thirst. Mustafa Gurgaiz of Pakistan Fisherfolk Forum (PFF), while mobilising resources, said that the pressure of high tides in the sea was still persisting, forcing people to stay alert. Quoting community elders, he said that the seven-day full moon season would be weakened until Monday morning. On a question about the appeals for relief, Gurgaiz said that the district administration had provided cooked food and potable water in the coastal areas, including Bin Qasim Town. "Apart from this, fearing any health problem due to stagnant water and pollution, we have also mobilised medical camps with the support of local people to provide medicines to the affected people," he added. Several women and children who complained of the skin problems were provided with medicines and guidance to avert any outbreak. PFF Chairperson Mohammed Ali Shah said that it was a colossal loss and the people were paying the price of the ignorance at the hands of government. All the jetties and protection walls along the coastal localities had been affected badly, he revealed. "Now the people cannot get any support from the government authorities, elected legislators and philanthropists, except a few, who extended helping hand to help the people in Karachi coastal areas," he added.

**QUETTA:** Polio virus detected in a sewerage line in Quetta on Monday was traced to Sukkur, an official said. An official of the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (Unicef), who requested anonymity owing to sensitivity of the matter, told Dawn.com that the samples found in a sewerage line in Western Bypass area of Quetta were linked to Sukkur city of Sindh province. "We collected the sample and are investigating it," he said. He said scorching heat in Sindh had forced many people to migrate to Balochistan every summer. "Chances of polio virus double after migration of people from Sindh," he added.

The Secretary Health government of Balochistan called an emergency meeting of Unicef and other stakeholders to discuss all ways and means to eradicate the polio virus from the province. The Unicef official said the government decided to re-launch an emergency anti-polio campaign in Quetta, Naseerabad, Jaffarabad, Bolan, Jhal Magsi and Dera Bugti districts of Balochistan starting from June 23. He said a three-day campaign would be launched in the aforesaid districts to ensure provision of polio drops to children below five years. The Balochistan government has also directed the administration to beef up security arrangements during the anti-polio campaign in Quetta and other parts of Balochistan to avert any untoward incident. "This year a total of 75 polio cases were reported from across the country," he said, adding that 57 cases were reported from Federally Administered Tribal Areas (Fata), 12 from Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and six from Sindh. However, the Unicef official said that no case of polio virus was reported from Punjab or Balochistan this year. Militants in the past have targeted polio workers in Quetta, Pishin and Loralai cities of Balochistan. Pakistan currently stands at the top in the last three polio endemic countries in the world, which also include Nigeria and Afghanistan.

**Tremors felt in Islamabad, Peshawar, Swat & its surrounding***Abb Takk, June 14, 2014*

ISLAMABAD: Earthquake tremors felt in Peshawar, Chitral, Upper Dir, Malakand Division and surrounding areas, AbbTakk News reported. Tremors were also felt in Kabul, according to the USGS, a 5.6-magnitude earthquake hit Afghanistan, the epic center was Hindukash. Panic spread among residents of the areas, forcing them to rush out of their homes and offices. No loss of life or damage has been reported at this time.

**Heavy Storm in Sahiwal, Punjab***Pakistan Today, June 14, 2014*

Two women were killed and more than 80 people sustained injuries after dozens of mud houses collapsed as a heavy storm hit different areas of Sahiwal on Friday 13th June, 2014. According to sources, a whirlwind hit many areas of Sahiwal. A woman named Sajida, resident of Hamid Town, was killed and her six-year-old daughter sustained injuries when a wall of their house collapsed due to the storm. Another woman, Maryam, was killed and her four children were injured when the roof of their mud house caved in at Nooran Sepal area due to the heavy storm. At least 76 people, including women and children sustained injuries in various areas of Shaban Town, Kot Khatam, Ali Shan, Harrapa Station and Noorshan. Sources said that due to the storm, a fire erupted in at least 78 areas of the Sahiwal, disrupting the routine life of the locals.

**6.0 Earthquake Strikes Pakistan Khyber Pakhtunkhwa***Online News Point, June 14, 2014*

A moderate 6.0 earthquake struck divisions of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in Pakistan with the epicenter being the Koh-e-Hindukush in Afghanistan. Several places of the area, including the provinces of Peshawar, Mardan, Malakand, Swat and Buner were rocked on Saturday morning. Pakistan Meteorological Department reports said, there were no instant reports of deaths or any other serious injury.

**Four new polio cases put Pakistan total at 82***Daily Dawn, June 14, 2014*

**KARACHI:** Officials on Saturday said four more polio cases have emerged in Pakistan, putting the total number of reported cases in the country this year to 82. Emergency coordinator of the WHO's polio eradication programme in Pakistan Elias Durry told Dawn.com on Saturday that of the four new cases, two are from Khyber Agency while the other two from North Waziristan tribal agency. "These (new cases) are children who have never been immunised before, and all belong to Pashtun areas," he said. Last month, the WHO imposed strict travel restrictions on Pakistan to prevent the possible spread of the polio virus to other countries.

Pakistan currently stands at the top in the last three polio endemic countries in the world, which include Nigeria and Afghanistan. The WHO says the virus strain of polio found in Pakistan has affected as many as five countries over the past two years, becoming a serious threat to other countries. Of the total 82 polio cases this year, at least 61 have now been reported from the volatile Federally Administered Tribal Areas (Fata), which hold the highest burden of the polio incidence. "For the first time since 2009, a campaign is being carried out in Bara tehsil, the first round of which was conducted last week. We hope to complete the remaining three rounds before the start of Ramazan," said Durry. North Waziristan however still remains a 'difficult area', he added.

**Seawater inundates Karachi coastal areas before cyclone***The Statesman, June 13, 2014*

**KARACHI:** Sea water inundated Karachi coastal areas like Sandspit and Hawksbay ahead of cyclone on Thursday. According to reports, upto three feet sea water inundated Rehri Goth, Lakh Basti, Dabla Mohallah, Chashma Goth. Meanwhile, Sindh CM asks Commander Karachi and DC Thatta and other institutions to remain alert.

The met office informed that a Tropical Cyclone is developing in eastern parts of Arabian Sea that is likely to move in northwesterly direction towards Oman coast in next couple of days. Due to north-westward movement of Tropical Cyclone, the current intense heat-wave over Pakistan is likely to further intensify and would extend toward northward including Islamabad, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Upper Punjab during the weekend.

The prevailing intense pre-monsoon heat would continue for another five days in most parts of the country, according to the Pakistan Meteorological Department (PMD). The prevailing intense heat is likely to subside after pre-monsoon rain and thundershowers accompanied by dust-storms over Islamabad, Upper Punjab, Upper Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Kashmir on Monday or Tuesday. The heat wave would also envelop northern areas including Gilgit-Baltistan and Kashmir during the coming weekend, triggering large scale snow-melting from Friday to Monday. The inflows in all hilly rivers of Upper Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Gilgit Baltistan-Kashmir and Tarbela Dam may increase substantially during the weekend.

**Cyclone may trigger rains in coastal areas***Daily Dawn, June 12, 2014*

**KARACHI:** Cyclone 'Nanauk' is moving fast towards the Omani coastal areas but the developing weather condition may lead to light to moderate rains in parts of Sindh and Balochistan within the next couple of days, said a Met official on Wednesday. "The cyclone poses no threat to Pakistan and its coastal belts," said chief meteorologist Tauseef Alam. "It's likely to hit Oman's coastal belt on June 14 or 15, but it will definitely affect weather in Pakistan's coastal areas, a few cities and towns in Balochistan and Sindh." He said the developing weather in the Arabian Sea would keep the coastal cities of Sindh and Balochistan cloudy and there could be light to moderate rains in the next two to three days in Gawadar, Karachi and other areas along the sea. "The Balochistan portion of the Arabian Sea is also expected to stay moderate to rough within the next couple of days, but in Sindh it would be normal," he added.

**No funds allocated in budget for quake-hit Balochistan districts***Daily Dawn, June 12, 2014*

**QUETTA:** The federal government has allocated no funds for reconstruction of infrastructure in parts of Awaran and Kech districts which were devastated by a powerful earthquake nine months ago, despite promises made by the PML-N government. Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif, Punjab Chief Minister Shahbaz Sharif and Interior Minister Chaudhry Nisar Ali Khan had promised, during their visit to the area after the earthquake, to provide all necessary financial support to the provincial government to rebuild the infrastructure. The earthquake had left over 600 people dead and 800 others injured and had destroyed almost all the roads, bridges, water supply schemes, schools, colleges, hospitals and other government buildings in Awaran and Kech districts.

### Heat wave to continue

*The Nation, June 11, 2014*

Although the government helped launch rebuilding of 16,000 destroyed houses by providing Rs220,000 to each affected family in the first phase of the reconstruction programme, no plan was made for the reconstruction of the destroyed roads, schools, hospitals, water supply schemes and other government buildings. Deputy Speaker of the Balochistan Assembly Mir Abdul Qudoos Bizenjo, who was elected from the Awaran district, told Dawn on Wednesday that providing just Rs220,000 to each affected family for reconstruction of their two-room house was not enough. Residents of the affected areas say that only 20 schools have been rebuilt by the provincial government, but hundreds of other school and college buildings have yet to be reconstructed. "Buildings of around 200 schools for boys and girls were destroyed in Awaran," Mir Qudoos said.

**LAHORE:** Plains of the country remained in the grip of severe heat wave on Tuesday with frequent tripping and unscheduled loadshedding adding to the woes of heat stricken people. Experts have predicted the prevailing harsh weather conditions to persist till mid June. Experts have predicted decrease in the intensity of prevailing heat in Islamabad, upper Punjab, upper Khyber PK, Gilgit-Baltistan and Kashmir from next Monday evening (June 16). Turbat remained hottest place in the country where mercury rose as high as 50 degree Celsius. Maximum temperature in Bhakkar was recorded 49 C, Sibbi, Dadu and Shorkot 48 C, Noorpur Thal, Mandi Bahauddin and Bahawalnagar 47 C, Mianwali, Sukkur, Jehlum, Kasur, D I Khan, Sargodha, Jaccobabad, Shaheed Benazirabad, Jhang and Faisalabad 46 C. In Lahore, maximum and minimum temperature was recorded 46 C and 28 C respectively. Relative humidity in the evening was recorded 12 per cent. People avoided unnecessarily coming out, decreasing traffic on otherwise busy roads at noon and in the afternoon. Lahore canal, as usual, attracted a large number of people including women and children. Not only youth but also elderly people were seen taking bath in the canal water. At certain places, even women were seen beating the heat by taking a dip in the mud coloured water. According to the experts, seasonal low lies over Balochistan and adjoining areas. Continental air is prevailing over most parts of the country. Local meteorological department has forecast extremely hot and dry weather for most parts of the country during the next couple of days.

### Sewage samples polio positive

*Daily Dawn, June 10, 2014*

**LAHORE:** The sewage samples collected from Lahore and Rawalpindi tested positive for the polio virus on Monday. The samples were drawn in May and the report issued by the National Institute of Health, Islamabad, on Monday confirmed that the virus was still circulating in the environment of these two populated cities. The health authorities confirmed the development saying that the environment samples of Rawalpindi showed the resemblance to the virus of North Waziristan while those detected in Lahore resembled with the virus of Gadap Town and Gulshan-i-Iqbal, Karachi.

### Thar drought victims get Rs 328m

*Pakistan Today, June 4, 2014*

The federal government has released second tranche of relief to famine-stricken people of Thar District with Rs 354 million approximately, which is distributed among more than 53,000 victims, who are also beneficiaries of the Benazir Income Support Programme (BISP). In order to support the famine-affected people of Thar, the federal government took the first step in announcing that the cash benefits would be distributed among the victim families. In order to ensure that the disbursements to the victims are objective, transparent and efficient, it was decided that the benefits would be paid to the eligible beneficiaries of BISP, identified on the basis of poverty survey and have also collected their Debit Cards. First tranche of Rs 6,400 per beneficiary was paid to more than 51,000 Thar beneficiaries in April 2014. This amount was in addition to the Rs 3,600 quarterly payment per beneficiary, which means that the total disbursement was Rs 10,000 per beneficiary for Thar in the third quarter of FY 2013-14. Once again, more than 51,000 beneficiaries of Thar have been paid an additional amount of Rs 6,400 per beneficiary, while the total disbursement for these beneficiaries in the fourth quarter of FY 2013-14 stands at Rs 10,000 per beneficiary. Furthermore, through a rigorous beneficiary outreach campaign, 1997 beneficiaries of Thar district have been included in the cash transfer initiative of BISP since the release of previous tranche. These beneficiaries have been paid both installments amounting to Rs 12,800 per beneficiary, which is in addition to the quarterly cash grant of the BISP. Moreover, BISP has also recently released the 4th Quarterly installment of the current FY and the beneficiaries of Thar beneficiaries will also receive the installment with the relief amount. The partner bank UBL has also been instructed to make special arrangements in the district for the delivery of payment so that the affected beneficiaries may receive their assistance in a convenient and respectful manner.

### PM's polio control room to be strengthened

*The Nation, June 4, 2014*

**ISLAMABAD** - In the light of the report of the Independent Monitoring Board (IMB) meeting released Monday, Polio emergency control room in the Prime Minister's office functioning in the Prime Minister's Polio Monitoring Cell is being strengthened to fast track the existing data collection, monitoring of the Polio campaign operations with immediate response and coordination system. The IMB provides an independent assessment of the progress being made in the detection and interruption of polio transmissions globally. The IMB meets twice a year, and consists of nine members who convene in their personal capacity as international experts. The IMB report highlighted that the ongoing inability to reach all children in North and South Waziristan and declining immunisation coverage in Balochistan, as the main ongoing threats to stopping polio transmission in the country. The report highlights persistent risk of international spread of polio from Pakistan citing polio outbreaks linked to poliovirus from Pakistan in Afghanistan, Syria and Iraq. The IMB in its report acknowledged Pakistan's timely response to natural disasters and urged the country to approach the polio eradication efforts in the same manner through strengthening of the Polio Operations and Control Room patterned on the format of an Emergency Operations Center. The IMB also appreciated Pakistan's immediate actions on the travel advisory recommendations under the International Health Regulations (IHR) to

**Mild quake hits KP**  
*The Statesman, June 02, 2014*

vaccinate all travelers leaving the country. The WHO travel restrictions for Pakistanis have come into force from June 1 and Pakistan has arranged counters on international airports for the travelers to obtain the polio vaccination certificates. In addition, IMB also valued Pakistan's intensified efforts to vaccinate all persons entering and leaving the Federally Administered Tribal Areas, and the Board appreciated the recent innovative and intensive polio immunisation campaigns in Peshawar, Karachi and Rawalpindi. "We are committed to avail all options and out of the box approaches to protect our vulnerable children from paralysis or death, but also to prevent the spread of polio virus from high-risk areas to other parts of Pakistan and the world," said Ayesha Raza Farooq, PM Focal Person on Polio, in a statement released by the PM's Polio Monitoring Cell.

**PESHAWAR:** A mild earthquake on Sunday jolted Khyber Pakhtunkhwa's capital Peshawar, Chitral, Swat and suburban areas. The quake was measured that of 5.4 magnitude at Richter scale. No loss of life was reported till filling the report. Met Department said that the center of quake was Hindu Kush Mountain in Afghanistan and the depth was around 270 kilometers.

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## DRR/DRM SECTOR FRAMEWORKS NEWS

### National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA)

#### National Conference on Annual National Preparedness and Contingency Planning for Monsoon Season-2014

*NDMA News, June 30 ,2014*

**ISLAMABAD:** National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) is the lead disaster risk management agency of Pakistan to implement, coordinate and monitor the whole spectrum of pre and post disaster management. As part of its annual National preparedness and contingency planning for monsoon season 2014 organized a two days National Conference on 30th June and 1st July 2014 respectively, at Prime Minister's Office Islamabad.

This conference was a culmination of consultative meetings initiated in April 2014 held at provincial /regional headquarters by NDMA to assess the level of preparedness whereby the provincial PDMA's led the preparation of Contingency plans at district levels with primary focus on highly vulnerable districts and areas. The provincial DMA's assimilated the district plans as well as the plans of the Line departments into comprehensive provincial contingency plans. The conference was attended by representatives from federal, provincial & regional authorities including provincial & regional DMA's, armed forces, Pakistan Meteorological Department, Federal Flood Commission, National Drought Monitoring Centre, SUPARCO, RESCUE 1122, UN & Humanitarian Community and other relevant stakeholders.

In his opening remarks, Chairman NDMA (Major General Saeed Aleem) welcomed the participants and thanked for their participation to prepare future course of joint actions to reduce the impacts of disasters. He emphasized on the need for strengthening the district disaster management system, undertaking disaster risk reduction measures that signifies focus on risk reduction and hoped that the annual national conference will provide a forum for interface among all disaster management organizations and relevant stakeholders leading to establishment of a clear framework for continued collaboration and cooperation in the formation and execution of National and Regional Contingency Plans. He also emphasized to address concerns other than floods i.e. the drought too with equal urgency because that too has a direct linkage to the Monsoon season. He urged the stakeholders for contingency planning to deal with any catastrophic situation.

Member Operations NDMA (Brig Mirza Kamran Zia) gave comprehensive presentation on disaster management system, contingency planning process and preparedness/ planning for 2014. He highlighted need for necessary initiatives/measures to be undertaken to avoid any unforeseen situation to ensure safety of life, property & infrastructure during upcoming monsoon season.

The provincial and regional disaster management authorities including PDMA's Punjab, Sindh, Balochistan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, SDMA, FDMA, GBDMA and Islamabad Capital Territory (ICT) presented their plans to all stakeholders during the first day of National Conference. The PDMA's gave details of their plans containing information on vulnerable areas and communities, roles and responsibilities of different responders, coordination mechanisms, available relief stocks, prepositioning and efforts for further stock piling, gaps and challenges were also highlighted. DGs and senior representatives from Pakistan Meteorological Department (PMD) SUPARCO, Federal Flood Commission (FFC) and RESCUE 1122 also presented updates on their preparedness for the upcoming monsoon season 2014.

The first day of the conference was followed by fruitful discussions. The stakeholders were emphasized on filling the gaps and resolution of issues with enhanced coordination. The second day of the conference will be followed by presentations/briefings from Federal agencies including Water and Power Development Authority (WAPDA), Pakistan Army, National Health Emergency Preparedness and Response Network (NHEPRN), Pakistan Commission for Indus Waters (PCIW), National Highway Authority(NHA), Pakistan Railways, Utility Stores Corporation (USC), National Logistics Cell (NLC), Emergency Relief Cell (ERC) of Cabinet Division, The United Nations office for Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (UNOCHA), Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS), Pakistan Humanitarian Forum (PHF) and National Humanitarian Network (NHN) to apprise the participants on the preparatory measures undertaken to meet any likely situation during upcoming monsoon season.

#### NDMA supports/ coordinates with FDMA/ PDMA and Pak Army on issues of displaced persons

*NDMA News, June 23 ,2014*

**LAHORE:** Pakistan on Sunday 15th June 2014, launched a military operation Zarb-e-Azb against militants in the troubled North Waziristan agency of Federally Administered Tribal Areas (Fata) that resulted in a temporary migration/relocation of dpS (Displaced Persons) from the area of operation to safer locations.

Consistent to the earlier instructions, the government assigned the task to the Ministry of SAFRON (States and Frontier Regions) to make necessary rehabilitation arrangement of DPs. However this time the Government decided to engage NDMA (National Disaster Management Authority) too in the process which is line with the mandate of the organization. Upon instructions the NDMA now engaged with ministry of SAFRON, FDMA (Federally Administrative Tribal Areas Disaster Management Authority, PDMA KP (provincial Disaster Management Authority of Khyber Pakhtoonkhwa, Pakistan Army, Civil Administration and other partners to coordinate and implement the plan for efficient management of all DP issues. The NDMA team, led by Member Operations NDMA, Brig Mirza Kamran Zia has already been deployed in district Bannu, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP) to monitor and facilitate the present status of DPs situation and ensure provision of effective and timely relief assistance to the DPs within and outside camps. So far a total of 34625 families have crossed over from North Waziristan areas of operation and have been registered in Bannu. Approx 1100 families have arrived in D.I.Khan and 480 in Lakki Marwat

Dist too. Details as under a. Male - 111241 b. Female - 133722 c. Children - 178523 d. Total Individuals - 423666

The relief camps were immediately established at the onset of operation. The main DPs camp has been established in BakaKhel, Union Council in district Bannu of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. Unfortunately not many people have opted to live in the camp and the bulk preferred to live with their relatives and host communities as per past practice. The team, alongwith senior civil and military officials, monitored DPs camp management to ensure that people are facilitated with all necessary apparatus/arrangements. The relief camps have been provided with all necessary facilities including provision of Shelter/ Health and Hygiene/ Latrines, cooked food, electricity and mosque. Food and financial assistance is being rendered to the affected people at the time of registration at check points. NADRA mobile registration points have been put in place. Polio vaccination of entire displaced population and health check up of those in need is also being ensured at check posts. Furthermore, free transport has been arranged for daily evacuations to bring the DPs to relief camps. There are efforts to expand the camps and make additional arrangements to facilitate all those DPs who wish to live / return in the camp. In this connection a field hospital is also being set up jointly by the army and civil admin to meet the additional demand due to influx of approx 45,000 DPs in to the area. Food and cash distribution for the affected population is also being done in the area. WFP has also established a food point in the area, with the approval of federal government and their assistance is being largely appreciated. NDMA has handed over additional 2,000 tents to the FDMA for further distribution among the DPs and additional NFIs are being made available to concerned agencies on need basis. All planning/ execution for this humanitarian effort is being done by jointly by the NDMA/FDMA/PDMA KP, Pakistan Army and civil administration. A formation of Pakistan army has been tasked exclusively to support the civil admin to ensure smooth and efficient execution of this onerous task. The government, the armed forces and all the concerned departments / agencies as well as humanitarian partners are putting in their diligent efforts to mitigate the sufferings of DPs. The assistance and encouragement of civil society of Pakistan too merits special attention.

## U.A.E. Pakistan Assistance Programme

### U.A.E. implements 76 clean water projects across Pakistan

Relief Web, June 29, 2014

In line with the directives of President His Highness Sheikh Khalifa bin Zayed Al Nahyan, the U.A.E. Pakistan Assistance Programme, U.A.E. PAP, has so far implemented more than 70 projects at a cost of more than US\$6.9 million to bring clean drinking water to people across Pakistan's provinces. U.A.E PAP said US\$6,973,000 were spent on 76 water projects which include digging wells, building water desalination plants, tanks and pumps and building water supply systems for tens of thousands of households in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Waziristan where locals had to travel away from their houses to get clean water. These include 44 projects in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, 20 in South Waziristan, in the first phase, and 12 others in Mohmand Agency and two in North Waziristan in the second phase of the U.A.E. PAP's water assistance plan for Pakistan.

The U.A.E. PAP was launched in line with the directives of President His Highness Shaikh Khalifa Bin Zayed Al Nahyan on 12 January 2011 to help Pakistan overcome the consequences of the 2010 destructive torrential rains and floods through infrastructure rehabilitation, humanitarian aid and reconstruction in the affected areas. U.A.E. PAP developed a plan to achieve its goals and overcome rugged geography and harsh weather conditions in the targeted areas. The plan has four main pivots for infrastructure and community development: roads and bridges, education, health and safe water supply. It also provides for additional efforts to provide humanitarian assistance for the unprivileged, poor and homeless.

The U.A.E. PAP showcases the success of U.A.E.'s humanitarian and development efforts to assist the people of Pakistan. With water pollution and shortages, in remote areas in particular, causing serious public health problems for the population, U.A.E. PAP cites malaria and hepatitis as two major public health concerns that it addresses through safe water projects in the Pakistani targeted provinces.

U.A.E. was among the founders of the Friends of Democratic Pakistan (FoDP) which was launched in 2008 to extend support to Pakistan's social and economic development. Other founding member states include Britain, France, Germany, the United States, China, the United Arab Emirates, Canada, Turkey, Australia and Italy plus the United Nations and the European Union. On 16 August 2010, the UN estimated that up to 3.5 million children are at high risk from deadly water-borne diseases in Pakistan as a result of the country's devastating floods.

Maurizio Giuliano, a spokesman for the UN Office for the Co-ordination of Humanitarian Affairs, OCHA, said, "up to 3.5 million Pakistani children are at high risk of deadly waterborne diseases, such as watery diarrhoea and dysentery. Water during the flood has been contaminated badly. There is a shortage of clean water." "What concerns us the most is water and health. Clean water is essential to prevent deadly water-borne diseases. Water during the flood has been contaminated badly." The World Health Organisation (WHO) was also preparing to assist tens of thousands of people in case of cholera, although the government has not notified the UN of any confirmed cases, he added estimating the number at risk from such diseases was six million.

In a report released in February 2007, the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF) said 20-40 percent of "people in hospitals in Pakistan are suffering from water-borne diseases - gastroenteritis, typhoid, cholera, dysentery and other serious diseases". The report said every third Pakistani "drinks unsafe water".

The World Bank, based on estimates developed by the UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation (UNICEF, WHO, World Bank, UN DESA Population Division), says under-five mortality

rate is the probability per 1,000 that a new-born baby will die before reaching age five, if subject to current age-specific mortality rates. According to a report released by United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) in 2012, pneumonia and diarrhoea are leading killers of the world's youngest children, accounting for 29 per cent of deaths among children under age 5 worldwide or more than 2 million lives lost each year.

## Human Rights Commission of Pakistan (HRCP)

### HRCP wants more efficient arrangements for IDPs

*Dawn, June 28, 2014*

**LAHORE:** Expressing concern at reports of hardships still being faced by the people displaced as a result of the military operation in North Waziristan, the Human Rights Commission of Pakistan (HRCP) has called for more efficient arrangements for looking after these internally displaced people (IDPs) and meaningful cooperation between the authorities and civil society organisations. In a statement issued on Friday, the HRCP welcomed prime minister's decision to visit the Bannu camp for the North Waziristan IDPs and hoped that the instructions issued by him will significantly reduce the hardships these unfortunate people are facing.

"The HRCP is seriously concerned at the reports that IDPs are not satisfied with the scale of help that is being offered to them," the statement reads. "It is said that a large number of the IDPs have been obliged to look for private accommodation in Bannu and other cities. Many of them have sought shelter in Peshawar. If the displaced families' reluctance to enter officially set-up camps is due to lack of reasonable facilities and an environment of friendly care, these shortcomings must expeditiously be removed. Past experience shows that women and children among IDPs suffer more than others. They must be treated with special care. Instead of waiting for them to queue up at the designated points the officials should go to them and help them without compromising their dignity.

"Since the whole world has taken alarm at the high incidence of polio cases in North Waziristan Agency, authorities in any way involved with matters relating to IDPs must make extra efforts to ensure that the task of administering anti-polio drops to all of them is being diligently pursued. The need to create an inspection team to monitor this campaign is manifest.

"While the government has done well to appeal to the country's entire population to join the effort to meet the needs of IDPs, the complaints that the media and civil society organisations are being denied access to the camp must be removed forthwith. These restrictions are totally unacceptable. Instead of preventing civil society from extending succor to IDPs and the media from keeping the people informed the authorities should create a workable mechanism for government – civil society collaboration in the best interests of the affected people."

## World Food Programme (WFP)

### 3,670 tons of food per month needed to cover displaced families

*WFP, June 26, 2014*

**ISLAMABAD** – The United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) is rapidly scaling up food distributions aiming to reach approximately half a million recently displaced people from North Waziristan. Since the start of food distributions on Sunday, 22 June, WFP has provided 15-day food rations more than 4,600 families in Bannu and Lakki Marwat districts. "We are working closely with the national and provincial authorities and civil society and our utmost priority is to provide food to all displaced people in the shortest possible time," said Lola Castro, WFP Pakistan Country Director.

According to the Disaster Management Authority in the area, around 36,000 families have been registered as displaced so far following an operation by Pakistani security forces in North Waziristan earlier this month. WFP is aiming to provide food assistance to all those displaced families who have fled their homes and are staying in different parts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province (KPK) including Bannu, Lakki Marwat, D.I. Khan and Tank districts.

The Government of Pakistan announced on Tuesday an additional contribution of 25,000 metric tons of wheat to WFP to continue providing food rations to all displaced people in KPK, including the families from North Waziristan. With this contribution, WFP will be able to continue its relief assistance until early September; USAID has provided US\$5.5 million to cover the cost of milling, fortifying and distributing the wheat.

WFP is distributing its standard food basket of fortified wheat flour, pulses, vegetable oil and iodized salt, as well as emergency rations of high-energy biscuits for children. Assistance is being provided from humanitarian hub established in Bannu and in Lakki Marwat. Plans are underway to establish further hubs and to operate from additional distribution points for NWA families in D.I. Khan and Tank.

**QUETTA:** The United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) today handed over management of a Humanitarian Response Facility (HRF) to the Provincial Disaster Management Authority (PDMA) Balochistan in Chashma Achozai, Quetta district. This is the second WFP-built facility to be handed over to the government; the first was in Muzaffargarh district of Punjab province in February this year.

Chief Secretary, Government of Balochistan, Babar Yaqoob Fateh Muhammad was the guest of honor on the occasion. Lola Castro, WFP Representative and Hashim Khan Ghilzai, Director General, PDMA signed the handing over documents. Major-General Muhammad Saeed Aleem, Chairman of the NDMA, attended the event alongside representatives from the Embassy of Australia and Japan as well as other government and WFP officials. "Strengthening disaster preparedness and response capacity is a priority for WFP," said Lola Castro. "By establishing these humanitarian response facilities, WFP and partners aim to form a humanitarian warehousing network in the country. This will contribute to an effective and reliable logistics response mechanism at district level and, together with the Government of Pakistan, protect and

## Humanitarian Response Facility In Balochistan To Enhance Disaster Preparedness

*WFP, June 13, 2014*

empower communities most at risk." The warehouse in Chashma Achozai will serve as a logistics base in the province of Balochistan, which has been hit by floods, earthquakes and droughts. It has an overall storage capacity of 4,000 metric tons and is in a 15-acre site provided by the Government of Balochistan. The project is valued at US\$4 million. The facility includes permanent and pre-fabricated office space, storage facilities as well as a climate-controlled area for temperature-sensitive relief items. The structure is earthquake resistant and its construction also takes into account other environmental hazards. Recurring natural disasters in Pakistan substantiate the need to strengthen the country's emergency disaster preparedness and response capacity at all levels. To improve the response to such calamities, WFP and the Government of Pakistan are cooperating to establish a system of eight strategically located HRFs at provincial level to pre-position relief supplies as well as enhance the national emergency response capacity. The project is being implemented in close coordination with the National Disaster Management Authority and Provincial Disaster Management Authorities of Punjab, Sindh, Balochistan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Gilgit-Baltistan and Azad Jammu & Kashmir with generous funding provided by the governments and people of Japan, Australia, Canada, Denmark, the Netherlands and the United States of America.

## Pakistan Engineering Council (PEC)

### PEC, USAID to develop building codes for infrastructure, human lives

*The Statesman, June 27, 2014*

**ISLAMABAD:** Pakistan Engineering Council (PEC) and USAID are going to develop building codes for curtailing the losses of infrastructure and human lives associated with power, communication and manufacturing sectors by providing proper safety equipment, standards and procedures. Addressing the engineers who successfully completed Continuing Professional Development (CPD) short course on Project Procurement and Contract Administration (Part-IV), Khadim Hussain Bhatti, Secretary and Registrar of PEC informed that for the development and facilitation of the construction industry and regulatory authorities, PEC in collaboration with relevant stakeholder have taken several initiatives for earthquake resistant, safe and energy efficient environment. PEC and USAID under its 'Power Distribution Programme' have come forward to jointly collaborate for the development of Building Code of Pakistan (Seismic Provisions-2007), Building Code of Pakistan (Energy Provisions-2011), Building Guidelines for Safe and Sustainable Housing in Gilgit-Baltistan Areas (2013), Building Code of Pakistan (Fire Safety Provisions - under development) and Development of National Electric Safety Code (NESC), he added.

## United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)

### Fighting in Pakistan's North Waziristan region uproots more than 400,000

<http://www.unhcr.org/>, June 24, 2014

**ISLAMABAD, Pakistan, June 24 (UNHCR)** – The current military offensive by Pakistan's military against Taliban militants in the north of the country has displaced more than 400,000 people and the number continues to rise. According to the latest government registration figures, 435,429 people, including some 183,000 children, have fled from combat zones in North Waziristan agency since mid-June. The newly displaced are being registered in Saidgai, as well as Khurram and Alizai in Kurram Agency to the north-east of North Waziristan. Most of the families have sought refuge in different parts of Bannu, Lakki Marwat, Dera Ismail Khan and Tank in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province. There are also reports of families now arriving in Punjab and Balochistan. Almost all the internally displaced people are being hosted by local communities. "The government of Pakistan and our UN and humanitarian community partners expect up to half-a -million people could be displaced by the current military operations," UNHCR spokesman Dan McNorton told journalists in Geneva. He said this would bring the total number of displaced people from the tribal regions of the country to 1.5 million (including 930,000 uprooted in various waves since 2009). UN officials this week met with the Ministry for States and Frontier Regions – the coordinating ministry for relief efforts – and offered support for humanitarian operations in the area of protection and registration as well as the provision of emergency relief items. The government had made a formal request to the UN for assistance. A key challenge for aid agencies is access to the areas where the displaced are arriving. The UN and partners have called for full and unimpeded access to the affected populations to allow the delivery of humanitarian aid.

## United Nations (UN)

### Polio spread feared as nearly 500,000 Pakistanis uprooted – UN

<http://www.trust.org/>, June 24, 2014

**GENEVA, June 24 (Reuters)** - About 50,000 Pakistanis have crossed into eastern Afghanistan to escape air strikes over the past 10 days and 435,000 have fled within their homeland, which could fuel the spread of polio as many are not vaccinated, U.N. agencies said on Tuesday. Pakistan's military gave residents of North Waziristan until the end of Monday to leave the remote mountainous region ahead of a widely anticipated major ground offensive by the army against Islamist militants. The local governing shura, or religious leadership in North Waziristan, has banned polio vaccination for the past two years, demanding a halt to U.S. drone strikes, according to the World Health Organization (WHO). The number of Pakistanis who have fled to Afghanistan since military operations began on June 15 jumped from 7,000 last Friday to an estimated 50,000, Dan McNorton of the U.N. refugee agency told a briefing. Most are in Khost and Paktika provinces. "There was a temporary halt to military operations, to air strikes on Sunday ... So that why we have seen the figures rise particularly quickly in the last couple of days," McNorton said. Most of the 435,000 displaced within Pakistan are in Bannu, Lakki Marsat, Dera Ismail Khan and Tank in Kyber Pakhtunkhwa province, but some arrived in Punjab and Balochistan, he said. The ban on vaccinations in North Waziristan has led to a "huge outbreak of polio", accounting for 53 of the country's 82 cases recorded so far this year, WHO spokeswoman Sona Bari said. Last year Pakistan had 93 cases of polio, a crippling disease that invades the nervous system and can cause irreversible paralysis within hours. There is no cure but it can be prevented by immunisation. Children are the most vulnerable. "So there is a risk that now with the population

moving out (of North Waziristan) that the virus will move out," Bari said. But the exodus from North Waziristan also represents the first opportunity to vaccinate these people in two years, she said, noting that Afghan authorities and Pakistan authorities in bordering districts were trying to vaccinate those fleeing. Afghanistan has recorded six cases of polio this year among a total of 103 polio cases in nine countries, according to the WHO which spearheads a global campaign to wipe out the disease. (Reporting by Stephanie Nebehay; Editing by Alison Williams)

## Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS)

### China Red Cross to support PRCS in Rescue, Emergency Ambulance Service

<http://prcs.org.pk/>, June 20, 2014

The Red Cross Society of China to support Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS) in Rescue and Emergency Ambulance Services. This was informed at a meeting between PRCS Chairman and a high level delegation visiting delegation of China Red Cross. PRCS Chairman said that the cooperation between the Pakistan Red Crescent and China Red Cross will be further extended as two national societies can build better models of humanitarian relief and respond to natural disasters not only at the national level but also at the international level. The Chairman also briefed the delegation about the new initiatives of the Red Crescent that include Ambulance Service 1030 for Islamabad, increasing volunteers to 5 million by 2016 and free mobile health clinics for the underserved areas.

## Pakistan Agriculture Research (PAR)

### Pre-monsoon rains begin, River Kabul in medium flood

*Pakistan Agriculture Research*, June 19, 2014

Pre-monsoon rains have started in the upper parts of the country while river Kabul is in medium flood level at Nowshera with running water of 107,000 cusecs and all the other major rivers are flowing below low, meteorological department said on Wednesday. It said seasonal low lies over Balochistan and adjoining areas. Moist currents from Arabian Sea are penetrating into upper parts of the country. A shallow westerly trough is also prevailing over extreme northern parts of the country. It said rain thundershower associated with gusty winds occurred at scattered places of Islamabad/Rawalpindi, G/wala, Hazara, Peshawar divisions and Kashmir, while at isolated places in Malakand division and GB.

Palandri 48mm Murree33, Islamabad (Saidpur) 27, Kotli 26, Balakot 25, M.B.Din 24, Abbotabad and Rawlakot17, Cherat14, Malamjabba12, Chakwal10, Peshawar06, Rawalpindi, Mangla05, Drosh, Chitral and Risalpur01mm. Talhatta, Chattarkallas, Besham and Attock Khairabad-03(each), Shinkari, Baba Shah Jalal, Nauseri, Dratian and Garhi Dupatta-02(each), Chakdara, Garhiala, Muzaffarabad, Domel, Drosh, Mirkhani, Risalpur and Chitral-01(each), Astore, Bunji, Gilgit and Skardu-Trace (each).

**WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY** Scattered Dust thunderstorm/rain is expected over Malakand, Hazara, Peshawar, Kohat and Rawalpindi Divisions along with Gilgit-Baltistan and Kashmir. Isolated dust thunderstorm/rain is expected over Sargodha, Faisalabad and Lahore Divisions. Mainly hot and dry weather is expected in other parts of the country. The hottest places in the country during past 24 hours were Turbat 50, Sibbi 47, Dadu 46, Jacobabad, Bhakkar, Sukkar, Shaheed Benazeerabad and Bahawalnagar 45.

**RIVER WATER FLOWS** Water flow in the mighty Indus has risen to 180,400 cusecs at Tarbela, River Kabul at Nowshera 107,000 cusecs, river Jhelum at Mangla 68,700 cusecs and river Chenab at Marala 86,700 cusecs. IRSA has reduced water outflow off Mangla dam by 10,000 cusecs.

**RIVERS FLOWS AND RESERVOIRS LEVEL REPORT** The position of the river inflows/outflows and the reservoirs levels

- Reservoirs (at 0600 hours) Present Level
- Maximum Level (ft.) Present Live Storage
- Tarbela 1,418.39 1,380.00 1,550.00 0.699 MAF
- Mangla 1,182.00 1,040.00 1,242.00 3.387 MAF
- Chashma 643.80 637.00 649.00.

## Economic Survey of Pakistan

### Climate change affecting several sectors of wealth

*The Statesman/PPI*, June 16, 2014

**PESHAWAR:** Climate change is affecting almost all the sectors of our economy, particularly water resources, energy, health and biodiversity, with a major impact on agricultural productivity. This is due to changes in temperature, adverse effect on land and water resources and enhanced frequency and intensity of natural hazards such as droughts and floods, says new Economic Survey of Pakistan 2013-2104.

Dry land areas, such as arid and semi-arid regions are most vulnerable to these climate changes. Such regions are already facing significant water shortages and temperatures are already close to their tolerance limits. The increasing temperatures increase crop stresses, change irrigation water requirements, and increase the risk of pests and diseases. Water demands of the country are met by Indus River System that is fed by glaciers in Hindukush Karakoram ranges which are believed to be receding under influence of climate change and global warming. The melting of these glaciers will result in increased water flows for a few decades followed by reduced river flows as the glaciers get depleted.

Despite being a low Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emitter (1% of global emissions), Pakistan is bearing the brunt of climate change related disasters at a high cost to its economy. It therefore, requires concerted efforts to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change and relatively fewer efforts to carry out mitigation measures. A number of measures are needed to be taken to address both

mitigation and adaptation aspects of climate change through enhancing various ongoing efforts and initiating new activities, as described below.

Environmental degradation may cost Pakistan's economy over Rs 365 billion every year of which inadequate water supply, sanitation and hygiene accounts for Rs 112 billion, agricultural soil degradation Rs 70 billion, indoor pollution Rs 67 billion, urban air pollution Rs 65 billion, lead exposure Rs 45 billion and land degradation and deforestation Rs 6 billion. According to the survey, some environmental experts believe that the environmental degradation cost must have increased beyond Rs 450 billion per year. Pakistan is facing serious challenges of environmental pollution that include, land degradation, water contamination and air pollution. Freshwater and industrial pollutions are mostly unchecked and may get worse unless economic activity is underpinned with sustainable development. Major big challenges include: water and air pollution are causing widespread diseases, rapid recession of Hindu Kush Karakoram Himalayan glaciers are affecting the magnitude and pattern of water inflows into the Indus River System and reduced agriculture productivity in arid and semi-arid regions is due to increased heat- and water- stress as well as more frequent and intense floods and droughts. Pakistan is a country of 188 million people with average population density of 236 persons per sq. km, which is higher as compared to many other developing countries. The country has very high migration rate to urban centers which has made the cities very congested and has made the civic infrastructure inadequate. Air quality data recorded in cities confirmed presence of high concentration of suspended particulate matter in air (2-3.5 times higher than the safe limit). Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) is continuously increasing in major cities mainly due to increased number of CNG operated vehicles. Formation of photo-chemical smog and haze is a common phenomenon in our cities. Brick kilns are another source of pollution in many areas. The use of low-grade coal and old tires in brick kilns generates dense black smoke and other kinds of emissions. The main pollutants from these industries are particulate matter, and sulphur.

**Water**

In 1947, the water availability in Pakistan was 5,650 cubic meter per person, which kept on decreasing, first due to Indus Water Treaty, 1960. Secondly, gradual decline in trans-boundary flows into Pakistan which has been alarmingly up to the tune of 10.25 MAF, and, thirdly, exceptional growth in population of the country, all making per capita water availability in Pakistan to as low as 964 cubic meters per year which is creating water deficit and hampering well-being and, at the same time, severely affecting future economic development.

The situation is aggravating due to excessive reliance on underground water which is meeting more than 60% of agriculture needs. It is not only resulting in salinity but also contamination of aquifers with heavy traces of fluoride and arsenic. Climate change is also expected to have extreme effects on the glaciers which contribute over 70% of our water resources and may reduce the water availability by 30% to 40%. Furthermore, our productivity per unit of water and land is one of the lowest in the world.

According to Pakistan Millennium Development Goals Report 2013, access to sanitation facilities are available to 72 percent of the total population while the target is to provide safe sanitation facilities to 90 percent of the total population by 2015. The forests cover about 5.2 percent of the land area of Pakistan but it is still short of the 6 percent MDG target. The low share of the forest area taken in combination with the large population of Pakistan gives only 0.033 hectares of forest per capita compared with the world average of one hectare.

**Hydrology Irrigation Division Peshawar**

**Flood Emergency Cell established**

*The Statesman/Report, June 13, 2014*

**PESHAWAR:** As per annual practice at the start of Flood Season 2014, a Flood Emergency Cell has been established in the office of Executive Engineer Hydrology Irrigation Division Peshawar which would start functioning round the clock with effect from June 15, 2014. The Executive Engineer, Hydrology Irrigation Division Peshawar has already been nominated as focal person in connection with the flood duties / reporting for flood season 2014. The Flood Emergency Cell obtains information from different gauge stations of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, the data primarily relates to the river flows / discharges at critical stations and other important control points. The officers/officials on duty would be available at telephone No. 091-9212114/091-9211907 for 24 hours including closed holidays for the entire monsoon season 2014. Information desired by any Ministry/Division/Department with regard to river flow data can be obtained from the above telephone numbers. The Executive Engineer Hydrology Irrigation Division Peshawar at 091-9212114, 091-9211907 and Fax No. 091-9212114 and Engr. Sohail Khan Sub divisional Officer Hydrology, Irrigation Sub division Peshawar at 091-9211907, 03329999191 and Munir ud Din, Draftsman (Supervisor) at 03219018977, says a notification issued here by the Irrigation Division Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Peshawar.

**Society for Environmental Actions, Re-Construction and Humanitarian (SEARCH)**

**Sea level rise will bring more cyclones, stormy rains, moot told**

*The Statesman, June 06, 2014*

**HYDERABAD:** To mark World Environment Day 2014, Society for Environmental Actions, Re-Construction and Humanitarian (SEARCH) response Pakistan held a meeting at its office here on Thursday, which was attended by representatives of different civil society organization. Addressing the meeting, SEARCH Pakistan Executive Director Waheed Jamali said that concern was being shown over the rising sea level in the world because the change in the natural level of oceans had become a critical problem, which could more cause cyclones and stormy rains. It has been observed that human activities and disposing off sewerage, medical waste and industrial effluent has badly affected sea life and if such discharge of waste is continued, a time will come when sea life will be no more, hence, there is dire need to take actions to stop such anti-nature

attitude, Jamali said. He said that oceans have been eroding coastal areas due rise in their levels as a result agriculture land, water sources, forests and other precious assets are being destroyed. He said that the world sea level had risen from 4 to 8 inches during the last century. The sea level rises by 0.13 inches annually, which is very dangerous for humanity and nature, Jamali said.

Director Sindh Development Society Ghafar Malik said that the sea level rise was not a new thing as it has been happening since long time. He stressed the need to stop rise in sea level. Regional Manager Pakistan Fisherfolk Forum Suhail Siddiqui said : World temperature rise in the environment is called global warming which is happening due to rise in emergences of some gases. Indus Future Foundation Director Asghar Leghari said that every year 6.6 billion metric tones of fossil fuel is burning across the world in which 70 is burnt by industrialized countries, causing environmental degradation. The US contributes 32.2 fossil fuel burning, while West Europe has 26.1 percent contribution in this regard, and it also contributes 16.6 percent of total carbon dioxide in world environment, he informed.

Sindhi Hari Porhiyat Council President Punhal Sario said that the environmental degradation could not be reduced till encouraging environment-friendly activities. He said that water supply from Indus River to Sindh Dlta has been stopped by building dams and banks, while natural and beautiful forests across Pakistan has been hacked ruthlessly. He said that a city, bigger than Karachi is being established in Thatta district that would contain big industrial zoon that would emit massive carbon dioxide and other gases due to burning of fossil fuel. Such industries will not only destroy atmosphere but also cause discharged of industrial waste directly into the sea, he said. The meeting was also attended by HRCF Coordinator Dr Ashu Tama, Sindh Community Foundat.

## Environmental Protection Agency Balochistan (EPAB)

### Balochistan may face drought in future

*The Statesman, June 06, 2014*

**QUETTA:** Balochistan province is feared to face drought like situation in future due to deforestation and rising environmental pollution. This was said in a seminar on environment organised by Environmental Protection Agency Balochistan (EPAB), International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) and Lead Pakistan, here on Thursday.

Advisor to Chief Minister Balochistan on Environment, Forests and Wildlife, Obaidullah Jan Babat emphasized the need to construct more dams in Balochistan to preserve rain water and put a halt to damages caused by flash floods. He said that his department would take measures on priority basis to stop deforestation and environmental pollution. Pakistan Muslim League-N, MPA, Prince Ahmed Ali said poaching of endangered wildlife species was being done at a large scale in Balochistan. He underlined the need to adopt latest and modern technology to control damages to be caused by sulphur and mercury emission from power plants of Gaddani Power Parks after they would start functioning. Provincial Secretary Environment, Hafiz Abdul Basit feared that mass migration would take place in different areas of the world due to global warming and environmental destruction. Manager, IUCN Balochistan, Faiz Muhammad Kakar said that poaching of endangered wildlife species continued in Balochistan. He said that deforestation was damaging the ecosystem. Civil society representative, Aarzo Ziaratwal urged people to play their due role for improving environment.

## Environmental Protection Agency Balochistan (EPA)

### Climate Change: Balochistan likely to face drought

*The Express Tribune, June 6, 2014*

**QUETTA:** Balochistan is facing a drought-like situation due to deforestation and rising environmental pollution, experts said on Thursday. Adviser to Chief Minister Balochistan on Forests and Livestock, Ubaidullah Jan Babat, underscored the need to construct more dams in Balochistan to preserve rain water and put a halt to damage caused by flash floods. Speaking at a seminar organised by Environmental Protection Agency Balochistan (EPA), International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) and Leadership for Environment and Development (LEAD) Pakistan, he said that his department would take measures on priority basis to stop deforestation and environmental pollution.

## Latif Ebrahim Jamal (LEJ) National Science Information Center, Karachi University

### Experts warn food crisis may aggravate in Pakistan

*The Statesman, June 04, 2014*

**PESHAWAR:** Leading Pakistani scientists have warned the government that the country is approaching towards drastic famine as irrigation lands are being reduced due to shortage of water. Pakistan has produced wheat in surplus quantity, but the recent famine claiming hundreds of lives of children in Thar of Sindh was artificially created by the cruel Feudalism. The increasing population is the real challenge for the country and its policy makers. Biotechnology can bring food security in the country as the technology has great potential to enhance food production. They were speaking at a press conference held at the Latif Ebrahim Jamal (LEJ) National Science Information Center, Karachi University (KU) on Monday. The press conference was addressed by Prof Dr M Iqbal Chaudhry, Director International Centre for Chemical and Biological Sciences, Karachi University (KU), and Pakistan Biotechnology Information Center (PABIC); Prof. Dr. Anwar Nasim (Chief Patron PABIC, General Secretary Pakistan Academy of Sciences and Chairman Biotechnology Commission Pakistan) and Prof. Dr. Kausar Adulla Malik (Forman Christiane College Lahore). The objective of the press conference, organised by Pabic, was to raise awareness about the tremendous potential of biotechnology commercialization for the sustainable development of the economy of Pakistan. On the occasion ISAAA brief 46 was also launched by Prof. Dr. Anwar Nasim. Dr. Iqbal Choudhary said that food crises has become the fundamental issue in Pakistan, the country may face drastic famine in future as irrigation lands are being reduced due to shortage of water.

## Pakistan Space and Upper Atmosphere Research Commission (SUPARCO)

### Rs700 million for SUPARCO

*The Statesman, June 04, 2014*

**ISLAMABAD:** The federal government has allocated Rs 700 million for Pakistan Space and Upper Atmosphere Research Commission (SUPARCO) under Public Sector Development Programme (PSDP) for the fiscal year 2014-15 for ongoing schemes. According to the official document of PSDP, an amount of Rs 700 million has been allocated for the ongoing scheme Pakistan Remote Sensing Satellite (PRSS) (China) of SUPARCO whereas no budget has been allocated for new schemes in this fiscal year.

## Azerbaijan's Ministry of Emergency Situations

### Two-Day ECO Conference on Disaster Risk Management starts in Azerbaijan

<http://www.dnd.com.pk/>, June 04, 2014

**Gabala, Azerbaijan:** The 7th ECO International Conference on Disaster Risk Management organized by Azerbaijan's Ministry of Emergency Situations has started today that is attended by representatives of the government agencies on management of emergency situations of ECO member states included Azerbaijan, Afghanistan, Iran, Kazakhstan, Pakistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan. Azerbaijani Minister of Emergency Situations, Colonel General Kemaleddin Heydarov, ECO Secretary General Shamil Alasgarov, Turkish Deputy Prime Minister Bashir Atalay, Maj. Gen. Muhammad Saeed Aleem Chairman Disaster Management Authority Pakistan, UN Resident Coordinator in Azerbaijan and UNDP Resident Representative Antonius Bernardus Broek are attending the conference aimed at deepening the cooperation between agencies of the member states and international organizations closely cooperating with the ECO on civil defense, protecting population and territories from natural and man-made emergencies, eliminating their consequences. The representatives of the UN, UNDP, United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, German Federal Agency for Technical Relief, German Society for International Cooperation, Japan International Cooperation Agency, Asian Disaster Preparedness Center, Asian Disaster Reduction Center, ECO Regional Center for Risk Management of Natural Disasters, Free University of Berlin, Central Asian Institute for Applied Geosciences, International Institute of Earthquake Engineering and Seismology, German Red Cross and Azerbaijan Red Crescent Society are also participating in the two-day conference.

## Provincial Disaster Management Authority, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (PDMA-KP)

### MoU inked to make KP disaster-resilient province

*The Statesman, June 03, 2014*

**PESHAWAR:** Provincial Disaster Management Authority, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (PDMA-KP) and Asian Disaster Preparedness Centre (ADPC) in Bangkok have signed a Memorandum of Understanding that sets forth a framework for a collaborative alliance between the two parties. The cooperation would be based on the Road Map for Disaster Risk Management 2014-2019, a comprehensive framework designed by the PDMA-KP to build a disaster resilient province, said a press release issued here on Monday. The scope of collaboration would cover the strengthening of legal and institutional arrangements in support of disaster risk reduction initiatives in the province, capacity development of District Disaster Management Units (DDMUs), and enhancing the resilience of local communities through participatory community-based disaster risk reduction initiatives. "We must build disaster risk management capacities at the district level, and link DDMUs with the communities to make them resilient", said Muhammad Tahir Orakzai, Director General of the PDMA-KP. Orakzai said that ADPC and the PDMA-KP would strive to mainstream disaster risk reduction into development policies, plans and programmes in the province as well as to enhance the national information management systems, visibility of disaster preparedness in the media and awareness of disaster risk reduction among people of the province. He said, the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province is at risk of a number of natural hazards including landslides, floods, earthquakes, drought, avalanches and glacial lake outbursts. The most vulnerable entities include schools, housing and health infrastructure. "The severity of the hazards is increased due to climate change and investing in disaster risk management costs much less than disaster response and it is very important for the stability of the province", said Engineer Shah Nasir Khan, Advisor to the Provincial Disaster Management Authority of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Head of newly established DRM/CCA Strategic Unit.

## HUMANITARIAN INTERVENTIONS IN DISASTER SECTOR

### Alkhidmat Foundation

**Activity** as of 29-6-2014

AKF Pakistan provided food packages to 1000 IDP families of N.Waziristan in Bannu. The food is adequate for a month for each family. A distribution ceremony was held at the central auditorium of public library Bannu. President AKF Pakistan, President AKF FATA and a number of Al-Khidmat Foundation volunteers were available during the food package distribution ceremony. AKF has been providing relief to the IDPs since the beginning of the crisis. 25 mobile medical services, 9 relief camps, 2 veterinary camps, 4 Al-Khidmat kitchens and also provided transportation for 3,000 IDP families. 2,500 of AKF volunteers are involved in the relief operation.

**Source:** *AKF News Updates/ <http://al-khidmatfoundation.org/al-khidmat-foundation-provides-food-packages-to-1000-idp-families/#sthash.ZKIXHNHB.dpbs/Updated on 30-6-20>*

**Activity** as of 23-6-2014

Al-Khidmat Foundation KPK has setup several donation camps throughout KPK to provide assistance to the IDPs of North Waziristan. A special meeting was held at Al-Khidmat House, Peshawar where the representatives of provincial Majlis-E-Aama committee participated to devise a strategy for providing relief to the IDPs of North Waziristan. It was decided that camps will be setup throughout the province to collect donations for the IDPs.

**Source:** *AKF Activities Updates/ <http://al-khidmatfoundation.org/al-khidmat-foundation-setup-donation-camps-in-kpk-for-n-waziristan-idps/#sthash.KObq71NI.dpbs/ Updated on 23-6-2014>*

**Activity** as of 12-6-2014

Al-Khidmat FATA held a ceremony in Bannu on 11th June 2014 to distribute relief packages among 100 deserving IDP families of North Waziristan Agency. The packages included the following items: food packages, water coolers, and tarpaulins. Al-Khidmat FATA is engaged in providing every possible relief to the IDPs of North Waziristan. Note that almost 5,000 families have migrated from their homes due to the ongoing security operation in North Waziristan Agency.

**Source:** *AKF Activities Updates / <http://al-khidmatfoundation.org/al-khidmat-foundation-distribute-relief-packages-to-waziristan/#sthash.Pk1CpM1d.dpbs / updated on 12-6-2014>*

Date	District/Province	Activity Description
17-6-2014	Dir Lowe/ KPK	Al-Khidmat Foundation in collaboration with Turkish NGO Yardimeli completed another 12 water-well projects in Lower Dir. The projects have been handed over to the local population. A special inauguration ceremony was held on the occasion in which President Al-Khidmat Foundation Dir , President Al-Khidmat Foundation and regional Al-Khidmat Water-project In-charge also participated.
16-6-2014	Islamabad	Al-Khidmat Foundation Islamabad arranged for the assistance of 125 orphan students. Al-Khidmat Islamabad arranged a special ceremony in which cash was distributed among these orphans. The cash was meant for their educational kit expenses. Each orphan student received Rs. 4,350. The ceremony was arranged at a Marriage Hall in Thanda Paani, 126 orphan children were invited to the ceremony out of which 110 children participated. President Al-Khidmat Islamabad Mr. Saleem Chaudhary and Mr. Zubair Farooq Khan participated in the ceremony. They stated that Al-Khidmat Foundation is doing its utmost for the orphan children so that they may be motivated towards education.
15-5-2014	Mianwali/Punjab	Al-Khidmat Foundation Mianwali organized an awareness walk on the 'World Blood Donor Day'. 200 women from the local community participated in the walk. They spread the word of awareness regarding this year's theme: "Safe blood for Saving Mother" by going door to door. Al-Khidmat Foundation also conducted an awareness walk in Satellite Town, Sargodha. More than 35 participated in the walk and spread awareness.

**Source:** *AKF Activities Updates/ <http://al-khidmatfoundation.org/category/news/#sthash.MZCKJ0rL.dpbs/Updated on 18-6-2014>*

### Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PrCS)

**Activity** as of 27-6-2014

After the Military Operation ,the Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS) was first to reach in the area with its volunteers, doctors and ambulances. It provided first aid and primary care to 700 patients and also distributed cooked food for 3 days as well as clean drinking water to 22,000 IDPs. PRCS also sent its Rapid Assessment Team to review the situation and suggest sectors for their intervention. Based on the assessment and findings of the team, they have decided to have intervention in Food, Non-Food Items, health, Water and Sanitation. PRCS has planned this intervention for a period of 3 months. The likely expenditures of these 4 sectors will be 24,000 Food pack s of 120 kgs each for 3 months for 52,000 individuals at the cost of Rs. 300 million. The contents of the food pack includes, 50 Kg Wheat Flour, 20 Kg Rice, 20 Kg Pulses, 15 Kg Ghee, 10 Kg Sugar ,01 Kg Salt, 01 Kg Tea, 03 kg Dates, Non Food Items (Kitchen Sets, Hygiene Kit, Stove, Mosquito Nets, JerryCans, floor mates and Tarpaulin sheets) at the cost of Rs. 55 Millions. Health facilities to include primary health care through 4 x mobile health units at a cost of Rs 10.5 million. Team composition consists of a Male Doctor, Female Doctor, 3 x Paramedics, LHV, Driver,04 x Ambulances and Medicines. Watsan facilities include storage of water, deployment of emergency latrines, hygiene promotion and supply of clean drinking water. It will cost Rs. 35 Millions to PRCS. The operational cost for these activities will be Rs. 23.5 million. Overall cost of this 3 months support will be Rs. 424 millions.

**Source:** *PRCS News/ <http://prcs.org.pk/prcs/?p=890/Updated on 27-6-2014>*

**Activity as of 26-6-2014**

The Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS) in collaboration with International Committee of Red Cross (ICRC) has started provision of relief medical cover and clean drinking water to 52000 Internally Displaced Persons of North Waziristan worth PKR 424 million.

Source: PRCS Updates/ <http://prcs.org.pk/prcs/?p=882>/Updated on 26-6-2014

**Pakistan Agricultural Research Council (PARC) Activities**

Date	Activity	Location	Activity Description
27-6-2014	High level Multi-stakeholders Consultation in Bangkok	Bangkok	The Federal Minister for National Food Security and Research (NFS&R) held a meeting with the Executive Secretary of the UN Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP) in Bangkok during a high level Multi-Stakeholders meeting on Farm Mechanization in the FAO office to build stronger collaboration with Pakistan and ESCAP in future in areas where the ESCAP Regional Commission works. During the course of the discussion she assured the Federal Minister for NFS&R, her full support in the agriculture research and development activities with special emphasis on farm mechanization.
19-6-2014	Two days National Conference on "Building Communities – Cultivating Peace"	Islamabad	The event was organized by Lok Sanjh Foundation to highlight the issues <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Sustainable agriculture and food security in changing climate;</li> <li>2. National agriculture and food policy: implications for food security and business; and</li> <li>3. Poverty, food security and livelihood patterns in rural Pakistan: NGO's Perspective.</li> </ol>

Source: PARC News Flash/ <http://www.parc.gov.pk/index.php/en/accessed> on 30-6-2014

**World Food Programme (WFP)**

**Activity as of 26-6-2014**

The United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) is rapidly scaling up food distributions aiming to reach approximately half a million recently displaced people from North Waziristan. Since the commencement of food distributions on Sunday, 22 June, WFP has provided 15-day food rations to more than 4,600 families in Bannu and Lakki Marwat districts.

Source: WFP Updates/ <http://www.wfp.org/news/news-release/wfp-provide-food-450000-people-displaced-north-waziristan> / published on 26-6-2014

**Activity as 13-06-2014**

**Humanitarian Response Facility in Balochistan To Enhance Disaster Preparedness**

The United Nations World Food Programme (WFP) on 13th June, 2014 handed over management of a Humanitarian Response Facility (HRF) to the Provincial Disaster Management Authority (PDMA) Balochistan in Chashma Achozai, Quetta district. This is the second WFP-built facility to be handed over to the government; the first was in Muzaffargarh district of Punjab province in February this year.

Source: WFP Updates /<http://www.wfp.org/news/news-release/humanitarian-response-facility-balochistan-enhance-disaster-preparedness> / updated on 13-6-2014

**International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)**

**Activity as of 26-6-2014**

A five-day course on managing dead bodies in emergency situations was held by the ICRC in Karachi earlier this month of June. It brought together 32 first responders from various organizations working in the areas of emergency management, law enforcement, and medical and legal assistance.

The course focused on topics such as identifying victims and providing tracing services in disaster situations. The ICRC will organize a second such course in Islamabad in the autumn.

Source: IRC Activities Updates/ <http://www.icrc.org/eng/resources/documents/feature/2014/06-26-pakistan-feature.htm>/ Updated on 26-6-2014

**Protection Cluster Updates on NWA Displacement**

**Activity as of 22-6-2014**

**Food Security cluster:** The food distribution in Bannu Stadium commenced. They provided a two week ration, based on a family size of 13+, and provided 320 rations at the time of reporting, and would aim to provide 500.

**Protection Cluster**

- 3 protection cluster members have initiated on Saturday a detailed protection assessment in Bannu district
- Protection cluster meeting will take place on Tuesday 24 June.
- As requested by the HC, the Protection cluster has shared a paper on the protection concerns.

**WASH Cluster:** UNICEF has been requested for WASH support by the FDMA and are gearing up their response.

- WASH Cluster SABAWON has completed initial WASH needs assessment at Bakka Khel camp, FR Bannu. Their findings will be shared quickly.
- Preparations have been made to move to Bannu, the supplies necessary to establish water distribution points. These supplies are expected to reach Bannu mid-afternoon Monday 23rd. The intention is that water distribution points subsequently be established

on the roads which IDPs are using to leave NWA.

- A Federal WASH Sector Working Group meeting has been scheduled for 1330 Monday 23rd. A KP/FATA WASH Cluster meeting has been scheduled for Tuesday 24th.

## Health Cluster Updates on IDPs from NWA in Bannu, DIKhan, Lakki Marwat and Tank

**Activity** as of 19-6-2014

**District Lakki Marwat;** 359 families had relocated to 27 of the 34 union councils of district Lakki and 1,214 children have been vaccinated in the last four days, while in district Bannu 3,505 children were vaccinated of 720 IDP families residing in 38 UCs of district Bannu. Likewise, district DI Khan has received 1,658 individuals through Chunda check post where unvaccinated children were vaccinated for OPV (196/744). **(Source UNICEF; WHO)**

- District UC wise mapping is being done in order to plan and direct resources. PEI teams are working at the transit points to vaccinate children for OPV while EPI Teams vaccinate for the routine.
- Mobile medical teams offer their free medical services including medicine while referred patients are helped with Ambulances. The district Bannu has sufficient essential medicines provided by WHO. (10 Emergency Health Kits for 90,000 people for one month). After receiving complete data and population mapping (the UCs and areas where IDPs have moved), the situation will be discussed with the DHO and district authorities. Respective health facilities will be evaluated and gaps will be identified.
- In-charge of almost all health facilities are trained on DEWS and in addition, health response teams are also trained to respond in emergencies of medical nature.

## Interfaith League against Poverty (I-LAP) Drought Response Activities in District Tharparkar

Project Title	Activity	Date of Activity	Taluka	No. of UCs	No. of Beneficiaries
Emergency Food Relief to Drought Affected Families in District Tharparkar	Distribution of Food Packages	June/July/Aug, 2014	Diplo Chachro	7	4,290 families

### Food Package Includes:

- Wheat Flour 80 kg
- Rice 20 kg
- Sugar 4 kg
- Dates 2 kg
- Lentils 10 kg
- Oil 6 Litres
- Salt 1 packet 800 grams
- Tea leaves .4 kg
- Match Boxes 1 pack of 10 boxes

Source: I-LAP Project Updates/ by I-LAP/ Shared via email on 22-6-2014

## Community Development Foundation (CDF) Activities in District Jacobabad

Project Title	Donor	Activity	Date of Activity	Taluka	Village	No. of Beneficiaries
HRF-III Right of Expression, Association & Thoughts	The Asia Foundation	3 Days Training of Human Rights Defenders	15-17 June 2014	Jacobabad	Jacobabad	42
Equal Opportunities & Citizenship Program	SAP-PK & NCA	Meeting with Religious Leaders	18 June 2014			24

Source: CDF Projects Updates/ by CDF/ Shared via email on 20-6-2014

## Thardeep Rural Development Programme (TRDP)

Date	Location	Updates
16-6-2014	Tharparkar	Pakistan Development Fund Canada, gives a donation of CAD 3,097.25 for the water interventions in areas of Tha, that received less than average rainfall last year.
13-6-2014	Jamshoro and Dadu	TRDP implements a new project, named: "ALIF AILAN" in Jamshoro and Dadu, to increase literacy through advocacy initiatives

Source: News and Events Updates/ by TRDP [http://www.thardeep.org/thardeep/news\\_events.php/](http://www.thardeep.org/thardeep/news_events.php/) Updated on 17-6-2014

## World Bank

**Activity** as June 16, 2014

### Small Scale Irrigation: Large Scale Benefits for Balochistan

The World Bank, at the request of the Government of Balochistan (GoB) initiated Small Scale Irrigation Schemes (SSIS) under the umbrella of Balochistan Small Scale Irrigation Project (BSSIP) to improve the management of scarce water resources. The idea was to increase surface water availability and reduce groundwater depletion while strengthening local capacity through participation of farmers in implementing these schemes and formulating plans for sustainable

water resources development and watershed management. Under the SSIS, the Government of Balochistan, with the help of the World Bank improved and restored 15 independent Karez systems in collaboration with the Farmer Organizations in Pishin Lora Basin.

*Source: World Bank Pakistan/*<http://www.worldbank.org/en/news/feature/2014/06/16/pakistan-small-scale-irrigation-large-scale-benefits-for-balochistan/> *Updated on 16-6-2014*

### Caritas Pakistan's Livelihood Support for Affectees of Rain/Floods of 2013 in District Khairpur as of 14-6-2014

Caritas Pakistan continued its efforts to support small famers affected by the rain/floods of 2013 by distributing cotton seed among 150 farmers' families in three villages of Union Council Hadil Shah, Taluka Kingri, District Khairpur. Each family was provided with a 10Kg bag of cotton seeds. The activity was part of Caritas Pakistan's project EA 15/2013. The details are provided below in table:

Union Council and Taluka	Name of Villages	No of Beneficiaries
UC Hadil Shah, Taluka Kingri	Mohammad Bachal Malha	57
	Hazoor Bux Junjo	45
	Juman Junjo	48
<b>Total</b>		<b>150</b>

*Source: Caritas Pakistan/ Reported By Amir Robin Livelihood Program Coordinator Caritas Pakistan Hyderabad /shared on 14-6-2014*

Project Title	Location	Activity	Date of Activity	Activity Description
Emergency Response to floods 2011	Mahalam Kalan city	Installation of Hand Pumps for rain affected people of 2011	9-6-2014	Caritas Pakistan has installed a hand pump for the labor residing in Mahalam Kalan, who is one of the 16 beneficiaries of village Mahalam Kalan whose houses were rebuilt by Caritas Pakistan after 2011 floods and the same batch is now getting water pumps installed by Caritas.
Safety and security of Churches and institutions in Pakistan project	Lahore	Training of Trainees	23 to 24 May, 2014	The recurrent waves of violence against minority Christian has prompted Caritas Pakistan to launch "Safety and security of Churches and institutions in Pakistan project" in May 2014. His Grace Archbishop Sebastian Shaw inaugurated the first training of trainees at the National Secretariat, Lahore. The resource person from the disaster relief charity RedR UK briefed on several topics including compiling risk assessment, recognizing the trends in insecurity and setting ground rules for media handling. The participants made plans for security management committees and also nominated Churches and buildings to conduct risk and vulnerability assessment as a part of the security management process in their respective dioceses.

*Source: Caristas Pakistan Activities Updates /* <http://www.caritas.org.pk/church-security-training-held-in-lahore>, <http://www.caritas.org.pk/hand-pumps-installed-for-rain-affected/> *accessed on 30-6-2014*

### Organization for Social Development Initiative (OSDI)

**Activity** as June 13, 2014

Under the Livelihood Assistance Program, OSDI launched its Livestock Development Project Phase VI in district Mardan. After an extensive evaluation of the beneficiaries' past performance on the project, a total of 22 animals were given to 13 well-trained individuals. A veterinarian went along with beneficiaries to properly examine the animal before purchasing. In this regards, nine oxen, ten cows for fat-fattening whereas three female goats for herd-increasing were purchased from the local market. These animals will be provided with veterinary assistance, regular medical check-up, and vaccination and de-worming producers to improve livestock health.

*Source: OSDI Projects News & Events Updates /* [http://www.osdi.org/NEWS\\_&\\_EVENTS.htm#182](http://www.osdi.org/NEWS_&_EVENTS.htm#182) *updated on 13-6-2014*

**Activity** as June 11, 2014

#### Immunization Drive against Measles in OSDI focused villages in Sindh

A vaccination program against Measles prevention was organized by OSDI along with the Government's Health department. It is also included an Extended Program on Immunization. However, due to its epidemic, special immunization campaign is launched across Sindh by injecting anti measles vaccine to the children. OSDI's hired lady health worker, dispenser ensured smooth management of the program through door-to-door mobilization in order to take children of the targeted age group to a fixed camp in focus villages. District team and teachers at school also raised awareness among children and parents regarding importance of the preventive vaccine. OSDI's Primary Health Center and school were the center-point for vaccination at this campaign.

*Source: OSDI Projects News & Events Updates /* [http://www.osdi.org/NEWS\\_&\\_EVENTS.htm#182](http://www.osdi.org/NEWS_&_EVENTS.htm#182) *updated on 11-6-2014*

### Plan International Activities in Sindh and Punjab

Implementing Partner	Project Title	District	Tehsil	Activity	Project Target	Target achieved so far	No. of Beneficiaries
Rural Development Policy Institute (RDPI)	Child Centered DRM [Bridging Period]	1. Layyah Punjab	1. Layyah	Formation and strengthening of Village Organizations	2	2	50
			2. Ghotki Sindh	2. Ghotki	Formation and strengthening Children Youth Groups	2	2
				Establishment of district network secretariat	2	2	10
				Develop village contingency plan	50	50	7,500
				Establishment of UC/Cluster networks	10	10	250
				Develop UC/Cluster contingency plan	10	10	7,500
				UC/Cluster networks will be facilitated to get registered with Social Welfare Department	10	1	64
				UC/Cluster will be facilitated to develop Disaster Risk Management and Development Plans for their respective areas and also design strategies for their implementation.	10	2	43
				These clusters networks will be provided trainings in areas like; lifesaving skills, first aid, documentation, account keeping etc.	10	2	89
				These cluster networks will be facilitated to regularly organize their meetings and mock drills and keep a record of these. Further they will be made part of District CSOs networks.	10	5	82
				Review of cluster/UC contingency plans developed during last phase.	10	1	38
				From each village organization, one male or a female member will be identified /selected with the consent of respective village organization. These individuals will be capacitated to act as Community Development Leaders (CDLs) and will be responsible for mobilization, awareness community level disaster management and development work.	100	50	50
				Two one-day refreshers for CSO mobilization staff on PM&E with one in each district.	2	2	19
		One day refresher sessions will be organized for CYGs on PM&E.	10	0	0		

The 25 CYGs will be encouraged and guided to bring forth innovative ways to make the PM&E an interesting exercise for them.	50	0	0
Each CYG will be provided small grants of maximum PKR 3000 to operationalize their PM&E strategies.	50	0	0
Linking this activity with activity no.1, the volunteers will be provided trainings in life saving skills.	2	1	69

Source: Plan International Activities in Sindh and Punjab/by Plan International/shared on 10-6-2014

## Peace Education and Development (PEAD) Foundation

Activity as June 07, 2014

### PEAD launches Mine Risk education project

**Peshawar:** To create awareness among Internally Displaced Children (IDC) and community members of FATA that to how to remain safe from landmines, explosive remnants of war and UXOs, specialised training sessions under Mine Risk Education project is in progress in Peshawar Valley, Lower Kurram Agency and Jalozai Camp, Nowshera. Launched by Peace Education and Development (PEAD) Foundation in collaboration with UNESCO, under MRE project so far 14 training sessions on prevention measures against natural disasters and man-made disasters had also been conducted in Jalozai Camp and in different parts of Peshawar valley. For the purpose professional trainers including senior officials of Civil Defense Department, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa are providing training with the support of PEAD and UNESCO. So far 450 young IDPs of FATA, currently residing at Khurasan, Khazana, Landi Arbab, Peshtakhara, Sufaid Deri, Khairabad and Jalozai Camp have been equipped with first aid skills to take preventive and safety measures in case of any emergency or unpleasant incident like blast, flood and earthquake occur. Tariq Hayat, Manager Programmes KP, during a session here at Jalozai Camp, told journalists that people living in FATA and other conflict stricken regions of the province are the most vulnerable communities at present, who most often become victims of landmine explosions particularly children become victims of toy like bombs, unexploded shells and mines excavated by insurgents, due to lack of knowledge and awareness. He further said it is the need of the hour to inculcate safety measures in regular schooling system to aware children that how to remain safe in mine-affected environment or how to respond if any untoward incident takes place in their region. The trainings will help affectees to respond effectively to natural and manmade emergencies as well, he maintained adding beside 500 children, 100 master trainers will also be trained and tasked to spread awareness about the safety measures from landmines and other unexploded ordinance.

Source: ([www.pead.org.pk](http://www.pead.org.pk))

## Muslim Aid Activities in District Tharparker

Project	Activity	Date of Activity	Location	Description
Health Project	The dignitaries of Muslim Aid, Meezan Bank and House of Habib visited Muslim Aid Health Project	4-6-2014	Chehchari, Tharparker	The main objective of this visit was to share the achievements and ongoing progresses of Muslim health project with Meezan Bank and House of Habib as both are reputed partners of Muslim Aid's humanitarian work. Muslim Aid Pakistan is running this health emergency project in Thar parker since April 2014 where drought affected communities are being provided with free of cost health, nutrition and MNCH services with the finical support of Muslim Aid and Fauji Fertilizer company (Pvt.) Limited.

Source: Muslim Aid Activities Updates in News/ <http://muslimaid.org.pk/the-dignitaries-of-muslim-aid-meezan-bank-and-house-of-habib-visited-muslim-aid-health-project-in-chehchari-tharparker/> Updated on 4-6-2014

## Islamic Relief Uk Activities for Drought Affected Areas in Balochistan

In Balochistan, many small villages lack basic facilities, including access to water. Women and children typically shoulder the burden of water collection, facing long treks to often contaminated water sources. The time-consuming and hazardous journey jeopardises their health and ability to earn money or go to school, and the dirty water makes families vulnerable to disease. In addition, over the last two decades, the arid region has been particularly prone to drought. This is undermining the means by which local people can earn a living – as they struggle to raise livestock and grow crops. In the districts of Chagai and Noshki, drought has forced families to migrate in order to access water for livestock – a major source of income.

District	Project Description
----------	---------------------

Chagai and Noshkai

Islamic Relief is pioneering sustainable water solutions in the region. Their latest project is seeing five solar powered water pumps installed across the Noshki district. The pumps will not only provide safe drinking water for over 2,300 people, but open troughs will be built so that livestock owners can water their animals too. Local communities are involved in the project, ensuring a sense of ownership over the new water sources. Organizations are being set up and trained to maintain the new facilities, ensuring that if they break down after Islamic Relief has left, the community are independent and don't need to call us back. The organizations will also promote health messages with the community, ensuring that everyone knows how to stay safe using clean water. In the areas where the pumps have already been installed, communities are telling about the benefits they've already noticed – household hygiene has improved, and rates of water-related diseases have dropped.

Source: *Islamic Relief-UK News Updates/ <http://www.islamic-relief.org.uk/news/solar-powered-water-pakistan/> Updated on 4-6-2014*

## Muslim Hands (MH) Response to Tharparkar Drought-May 2014

The response activities for Tharparkar Drought affected were initiated by MH in the month of March, based on the aftermaths of the need assessment conducted by MH Emergency Team in the month of February. The activities remained focused on the life interventions which included the relief food and health assistance to the deprived communities. The organization's response efforts overall reached out to approximately 7482 individuals. The following table shows the brief of activities conducted so far;

Taluka	Activity	Description
Mithi	Food Security	The relief food assistance was channeled in two phases through targeted food distribution to 1190 households, mainly the vulnerable groups (widows, orphans, female and elderly-headed households)
	Health Assistance	The relief health assistance also was routed in two different phases, overall 15 medical camps were arranged; which has addressed around 1532 O.P.D cases through free medication and treatments.

Source: *MH activities Updates/ by MH/shared on 5-6-2014*

## Heritage Pakistan Activities in District Mirpur Khas

Project	Activity	Date of Activity	Village	Beneficiaries targeted
ILO PROJECT - Livelihood restoration & sustainable Empowerment of vulnerable communities	Skills Development Training-Karavan Latrine	5-5-2014	Dewan Goth	50 Women 22 Children 18 Men
		6-6-2014	Sanjhar Khaskheli	52 Women 35 Children 21 Men
	Skills Development Training-Karavan Latrine	5-5-2014	Dewan Goth	50 Women 22 Children 18 Men
		6-6-2014	Sanjhar Khaskheli	52 Women 35 Children 21 Men

Source: *Heritage Pakistan Activities in Sindh/ <http://www.heritagefoundationpak.org/BlogPage/68/Newsblog/> Updated on 17-6-2014*

## Root work Foundation (RWF) and DevCon –Association of Rural Development

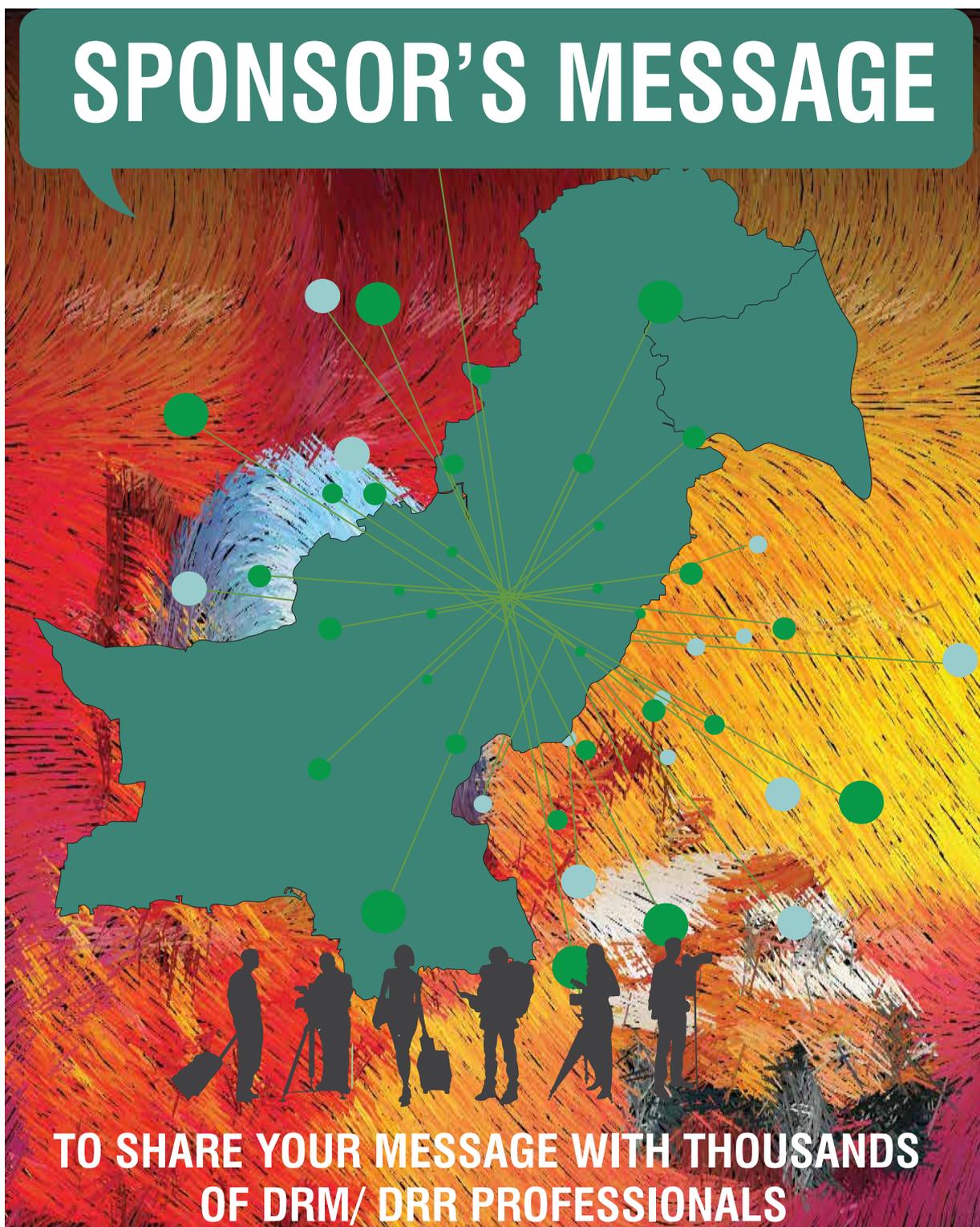
Organization Name	Project Title	Activity	Date of Activity	District	Taluka	Village	No. of Beneficiaries
<b>Root work Foundation (RWF)</b>	Early Recovery Livelihood Support for flood affected population in Sindh and Baluchistan	Early Recovery Livelihood support in Agriculture, Livestock and Income Generation	1 <sup>st</sup> Sep-13 to 30 <sup>th</sup> Sep 2014	Jacobabad	Ghari Khairo and Jacobabad	93 Villages of two Union Councils: Alan pur and Dashti	6, 449 Families 33,535 Individual
<b>DevCon – Association of Rural Development</b>	Early Recovery Livelihood Support for flood affected population in Sindh and Baluchistan	Early Recovery Livelihood support in Agriculture, Livestock and Income Generation	1 <sup>st</sup> Sep-13 to 30 <sup>th</sup> Sep 2014	Jacobabad	Thull	125 villages of three union councils: Thull Nou, Karim Bux and Misripur	5,660 Families 29,430 Individuals

### Muslim Aid-UK Activities in Tharparkar

District	Taluka	Date of Activity	Activity	Description
Tharparkar	Islamkot	1-6-2014	Distribution of Solar Cookers and Food Packs in Tharparkar	Muslim Aid Pakistan with the generous support of House of Habib (HOH) has Distributed 1000 Solar Cookers and 500 Food Packs among vulnerable and marginalized communities of Tharparkar. The distribution ceremony was held in Islamkot(Tharparkar).

Source: Muslim Aid News Updates/ <http://muslimaid.org.pk/muslim-aid-distributes-solar-cookers-and-food-packs-in-tharparkar/> accessed on 4-6-2014

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## DISASTER PROFILE: DISTRICT MULTAN

Multan District lies between north latitude 30.198381° and east longitude 71.468703°. Geographically it is located in a bend created by five confluent rivers. The Sutlej separates it from Bahawalpur District and the Chenab (passes on its Western side) from Muzaffar Garh district. Whilst, It is surrounded by the Khanewal to the North and North East, the Vehari to the East and Lodhran to the South. The total area of the district is 3,721 square kilometers.

District Multan comprises following four tehsils;

- I. Multan Cantonment/City
- II. Multan Sadar
- III. Shujabad
- IV. Jalalpur Pirwala

Major towns are Makhdoom Rashid, Qadirpur Ran and Basti Maluk.

District Multan is prone to different natural and man-made hazards i.e floods, heavy rains, droughts and technological hazards like accidents etc. The hazard matrix of the district shows the severity and frequency of the above mentioned hazards prevailed in Multan.

### Hazard matrix of District Multan at a glance:

Hazard	Frequency	Area affected/union councils	Severity/ Force	Year
Riverine Floods	Monsoon	Entire district especially north eastern side of the district	Moderate	1993, 2010
Heavy rains	Monsoon	Entire district	Moderate	2012,2013
Epidemics	Seasonal	Entire district	Low	Every year
Heat wave	Seasonal	Entire district	Low	2007
Droughts	Rare	Entire district	Low	---
Windstorm	Rare	Entire district	Low	1994
Earthquake	Rare	Entire district	Low	2011,2013

### Multan District: Losses/Damages Due To Flood- 2010

District	Villages Affected	Persons Affected	Area Affected (acres)	Crop Area Affected (acres)	Houses damaged		Persons Died
					Partially	Fully	
Multan	61	227,615	64,020	45,015	2,345	361	1

Source: Board Of Revenue Punjab, Relief & Crisis Management Department (26-09-2010)

### Multan District: Flood- 2010 Tehsil wise Damage

Tehsil	Affected Population	Affected Area (Sq.km)	# of Damaged Schools
Jalalpur Pirwala	103,103	212	22
Multan Saddar	43,834	183	8
Multan City	27,447	40	4
Shujabad	53,431	160	13

Source: Pakistan Floods 2010, District Multan, ( 18 Feb, 2011)

# District Multan

## NATURAL DISASTER INFOGRAPHIC



**Area**  
3,721 Sq. Km

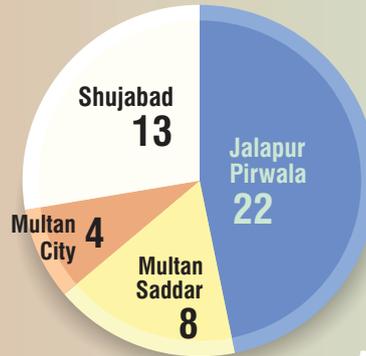


**Population**

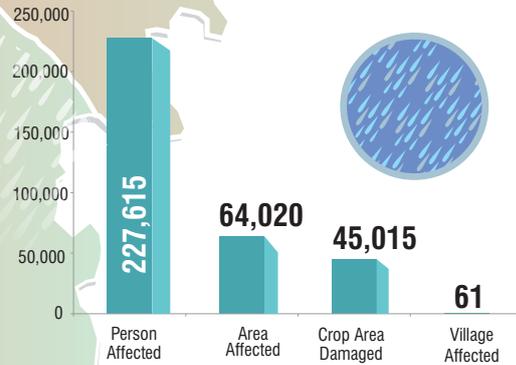
Estimated Population 2013  
**4,348,191**



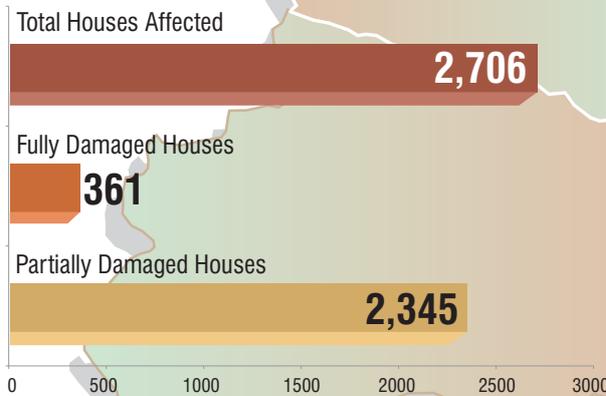
**Summary of Educational Facilities Affected due to Rain and Floods 2010**



**Summary of Losses/ Damages due to Rain and Floods 2010**



**Summary of Houses Damaged due to Rain and Floods 2010**



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**Legend**

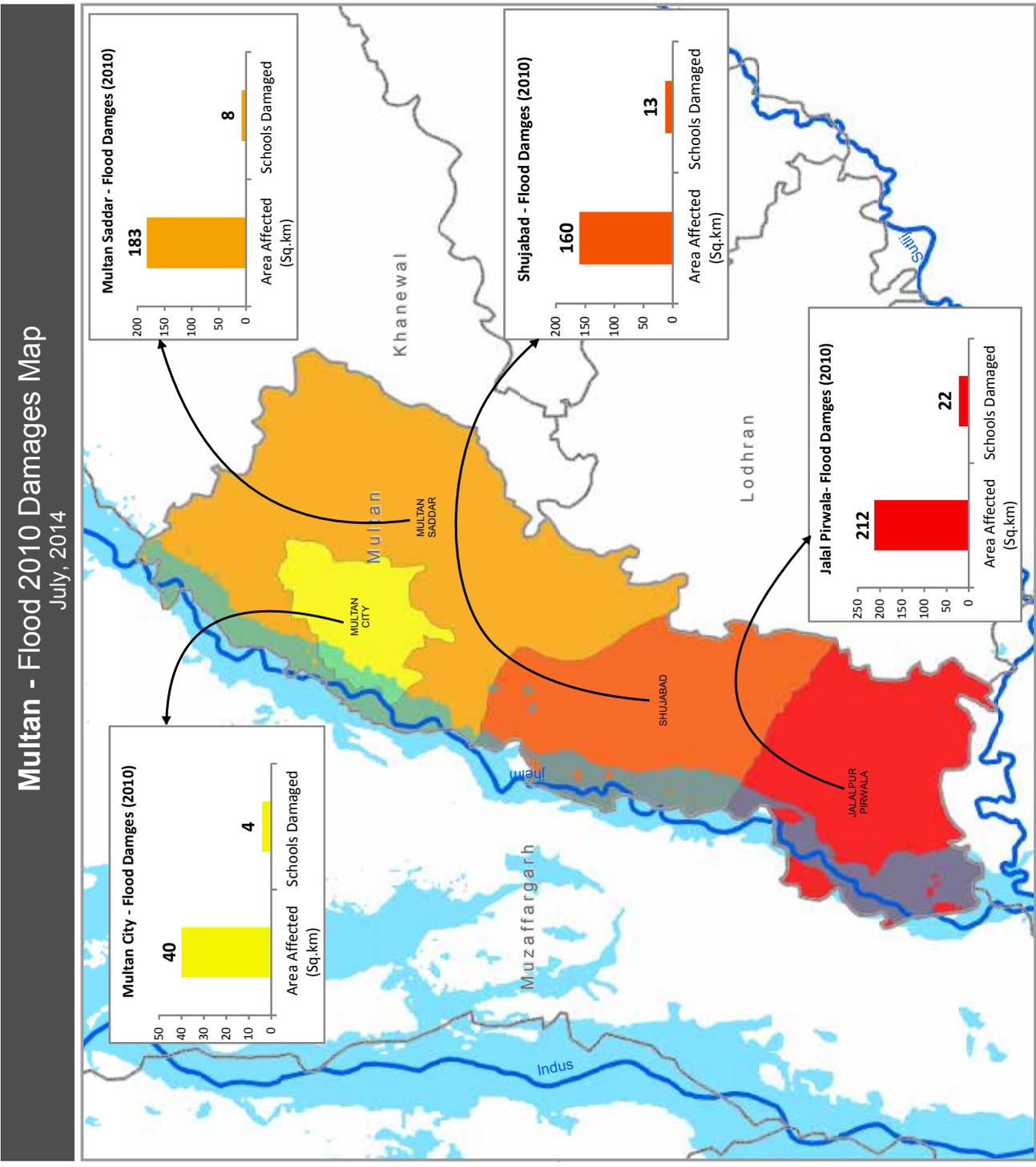
- Rivers
- Flood Extent (2010)
- Tehsil boundary
- District boundary

**Flood Affected Population (2010)**

- 0 - 27,447
- 27,448 - 43,834
- 43,835 - 53,431
- 53,432 - 103,103

**Map Doc Name:** Multan-Flood2010 Damages Map\_A3L  
**Creation Date:** June 06, 2014  
**Projection/Datum:** WGS84  
**Web Resources:** <http://www.immap.org>

**Data Source:** Population Census Organization (PCO); Admin Boundaries  
 River: World Food Programme (WFP)  
 Flood Extent 2010: UNOSAT  
 District Profile Multan-2010 (UN-OCHA) : Flood 2010  
 Damages data  
**Disclaimers:**  
 The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the IMMAP or USAID concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Jammu and Kashmir boundaries demarcates the administrative control of Pakistan and India. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties.



## IDPS AND OPERATION ZARB-I-AZB

*Dr Raja Muhammad Khan, (The writer is Islamabad based analyst of international relations)  
The Frontier Post, June 27, 2014*

By June 24, 2014, the number of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) from North Waziristan Agency (NWA) was 435,429. By June 25, this strength rose to over 500,000, and there is continuous pouring in of IDPs in Bannu and surrounding areas, now extending up to Rawalpindi and other parts of the country. Settling this huge number of IDPs is really a gigantic and challenging task for the Government. After initial chaos and mismanagement by civil administration, the Government decided to take help from Pak Army in the settlement process of IDPs.

Thereafter, the situation improved and now there has come stability in the entire process. Pak Army has even managed settlement of some IDPs in Rawalpindi. As per decision of Army high command, entire Pak Army will donate one day's pay to IDPs of NWA. Besides, Pak Army will provide 30 days rations for the IDPs from its sources. These are some of the gestures, the institution made for the displaced people. These actions should be a lesson for many other governmental and nongovernmental organizations and institutions.

The long awaited military operation (Zarb-i-Azb) in NWA is progressing well and so far, over 350 militants have been killed. Ten soldiers of Pak Army embraced shahadat in last ten days, since the start of this operation. For the first time twelve militants surrendered themselves to Army during the operation. The militants are on run and it is expected that, the clearing process of the area would take less than two weeks. Before the start of military operation, 'Zarb-i-Azb' the militant group, Tehrik-i-Taliban Pakistan (TTP) was given ample opportunity to accept the writ of state and disarm itself. A generous offer by the Government through a consensus of all parties waited their positive response until a terrorist attack on the Quaid-Azam International Air Port Karachi by this terrorist group. The military 'Operation Zarb-i-Azb' aimed at clearing NWA from the lethal terrorist network, a vast majority of whom considered to be the foreigners. NWA is considered to be the centre of most dangerous and inhuman terrorists, most of them are from Arab world and Central Asia.

It is believed that, terrorists of East Turkistan Islamic Movement (ETIM) and Islamic Movement of Uzbekistan (IMU) are also centered here and further carry out their terrorist acts in various parts of Pakistan and elsewhere from NWA. These militants and their abettors have made the locals as hostages and they were forced to provide them shelter. Fearing a colossal collateral damages, Pak Army avoided a direct military operation for quite some time and tried to convince the locals; tribal elders to force these foreigners to flee the area. Unfortunately, all efforts of a peaceful exit of terrorists from NWA failed and Government decided to launch the military operation; a consensus decision by civil and military authorities under the chief executive.

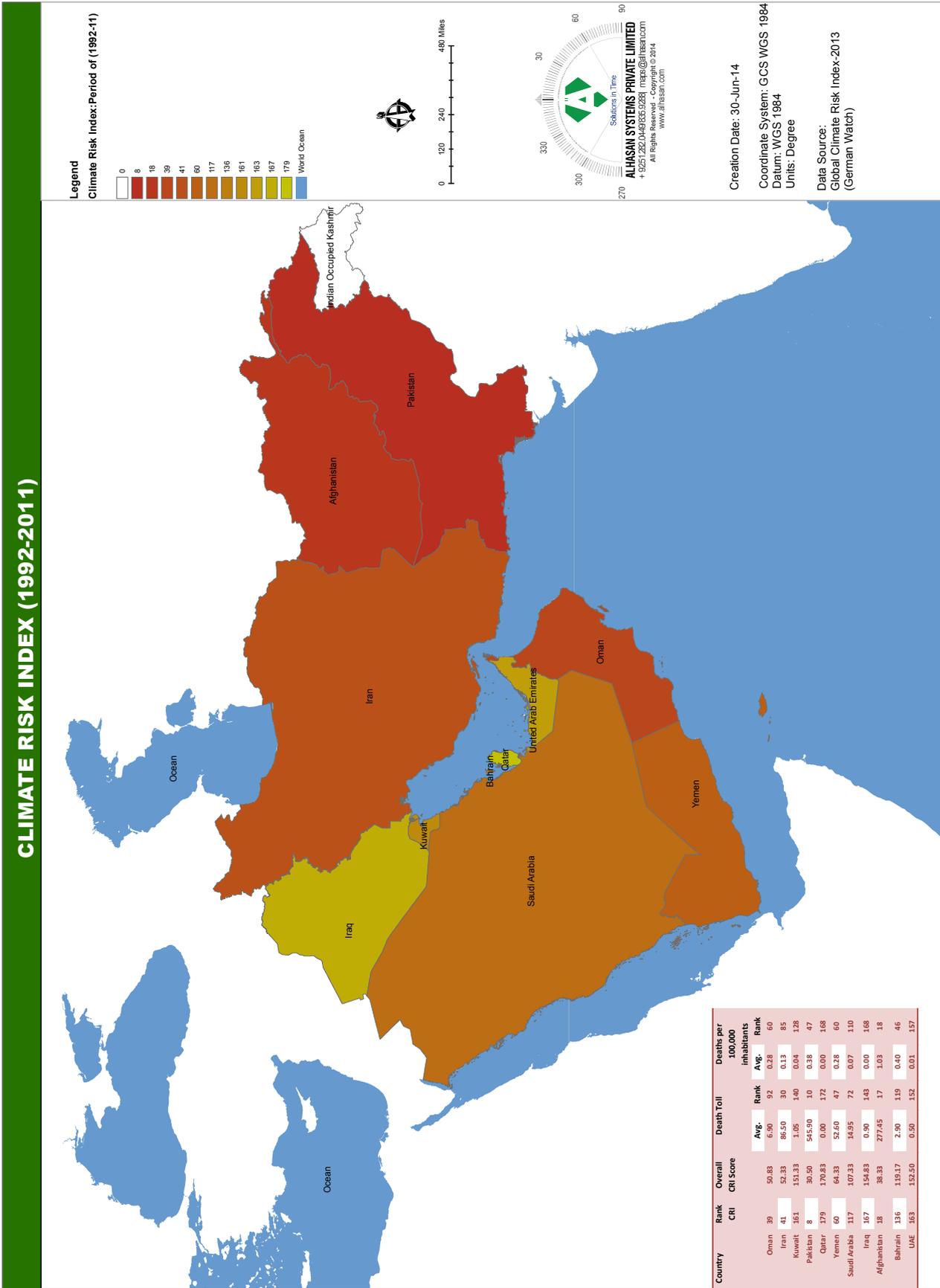
Sequel to this operation, the TTP started a well-organized propaganda campaign against the military action in NWA. The campaign aimed to motivate and mislead the locals of the agency through various means against the military action. So much so, the so-called TTP affiliated religious scholars have been issuing "Fatwas" calling for Jihad against Pakistani security forces, by using their traditional propaganda tools like FM Radios, repeaters, pamphlets, Mosque Khutbas etc. TTP elements are making use of all tools available to them for the motivation of the innocent people, a strategy adopted by its current chief, Mullah Fazullah in Swat-Malakand in 2009/10. Ever since the start of this military operation (June 15, 2014), the people of Pakistan and locals, despite their massive displacements, have fully supported it. The locals of the area, most of whom became IDPs are confident that this military operation would clear the NWA from the terrorists and murderers and that, they would return to

their homes without fear and being hostages of TTP and foreigners.

For the success of this military operation, the brave men of Pak Army really need a dedicated support of the people of Pakistan for the elimination of terrorist network in the agency. These brave men are sacrificing their lives for the motherland and the people of Pakistan. In the past, they have secured terrorist infested areas like Swat-Malakand, SWA and other areas, having been overtaken by the terrorist groups. So far, over 5,500, men of the security forces have embraced shahdat, since the start of war on terror. All political parties and people have shown their resolve to support the military operation in NWA and elsewhere, where there is presence of the terrorists.

Surely, there is a need to understand that, "this operation in NWA does not mean the end of terrorism in Pakistan, but taking control of this area could play a significant role in reducing the terrorist activities of the militants." Indeed, NWA has been considered as the hub of terrorists and their activities throughout the country. Once, the concentration area of terrorism is destroyed, the terrorists would not find for themselves the safe havens for their terrorist activities. Apart from the domestic support, Operation Zarb-i-Azb has gained an international backing. The elimination of foreign terrorists and TTP elements would not only restore peace and stability in Pakistan but, it would bring stability in the wider region and the global community too will be benefitted from this.

The activities of ETIM are seriously threatening the domestic security and international fame of China; the all weather friend of Pakistan. There have been many terrorist attacks by ETIM in the autonomous region (Xinjiang) of China. Pakistan cannot afford presence of these terrorists in its geographical boundaries to the annoyance of its friendly neighbour. Similarly, IMU has unleashed a reign of terror in various parts of Uzbekistan and other parts of Central Asia. These foreign networks are also involved in high profile terrorist attacks in various parts of Pakistan. As traced from their track record, these foreign militants and their local abettors are operating at the strategic level. In Pakistan, they have targeted all strategic targets like, airport, Naval and Air Force bases and GHQ. In order to be effective against these terrorists; only military operations would not suffice. There is a dire need that, Military operation in NWA; must be backed by all segments of the Pakistani society. The propaganda campaign of TTP and some betrayed elements must be countered by media, scholars, academia and social scientists for the larger benefit of the Pakistani nation and its masses. Let there be return of peace, stability and economic prosperity in Pakistan. This is only possible, once the terrorists and their activities are eliminated. In order to do that, mobilization of nation and Pakistani society is needed on war footings. The people of Pakistan must know the horror of terrorists and terrorism by TTP and its foreign sponsors. People must be aware of the negative use of religion by TTP and their foreign abettors. The political Government must support its armed forces through tangibles and media through its talk shows and by showing the brutalities of TTP and their supporters. Pak Army has never disappointed the nation and today, at a difficult time, the brave sons of the nation have started a most complicated and difficult military operation in NWA. Apart from heavy presence of militants, the terrain is most difficult and vast. A dedicated national support and prayers of the masses will help the men in uniform in clearing the area from terrorists. The nation salutes Pak Army, its men and high command for the dedication, sacrifices and their efforts for the restoration of writ of state in terrorists infested areas and in the temporary settlement of IDPs.



## NATURAL DISASTER MANAGEMENT

*Akram Khatoon*

*Business Recorder, June 14, 2014*

By now almost all the advanced nations have been at guard to avert disaster caused by natural calamities, but climate change has enhanced the frequency of terrific cyclones, typhoons and tsunami like storms ravaging entire socio-economic life of the effected countries. This has compelled the countries to undertake forward looking strategies to combat ill effects of climate change, which mainly is the outcome of pollution caused on the globe particularly by emerging and developing economies for lack of safe guards undertaken by their governments relating to pollution management particularly for disposal of industrial waste.

This concern has rightly been voiced by one of the senators (Lover Legarde) of Philippines' Senate in the words " we may not pollute the world, yet we are victims of extreme weather and climate change". This feeling prevailed during UN talk on climate held in Warsaw Poland last year as such talks were marred to some extent due to bitter quarrel occurred between rich and poor nations attending the conference as the world is well aware of shocking disaster caused by Philippines's recent typhoon.

Rich nations like Philippines despite colossal damage caused to it's energy sector due to typhoon Haiyan in 2013 could cope with this calamity due to its effective disaster management strategies, but countries in South East Asia affected by tsunami in 2004 took long to settle down both on social and economic fronts. Similarly devastated areas of Pakistan due to earthquake of 2005 are still not able to restore their lost socio-economic status. In addition to loss of life and property the status of poverty has worsened in almost all disaster affected developing countries.

Climate change has exacerbated the frequency of natural calamities like cyclones, earthquakes, floods and drought like conditions in developing countries and according to World Bank's findings in this regard natural disasters are more frequent in low and middle income countries and since 1960 about 99% of people affected by natural calamities lived in developing economies and 97% of all disaster related deaths also occurred in these countries. The said report also reveals that economically rich countries encountering even severe natural disasters were able to absorb cost of disaster due to their arrangements for private insurance, higher domestic savings and market financing. Developing countries on the other hand are generally lacking in emergency coping mechanism and secondly due to higher percentage of people in the grip of absolute poverty live in high risk areas where infrastructure is lacking and recovery process is usually very slow.

Since majority of developing countries have agrarian economies there frequency of floods and droughts is very high. In Pakistan almost after every two years heavy damage is done to crops either due to heavy floods or drought particularly in provinces of Sindh and Punjab. Recent famine like condition experienced in Thar area has caused not only loss of life, but also physical assets of poor population stand totally wiped off. So far relief measures undertaken by federal and provincial governments are inadequate to restore normal life in affected area due to absence of necessary infrastructure like proper roads and means of transportation etc.

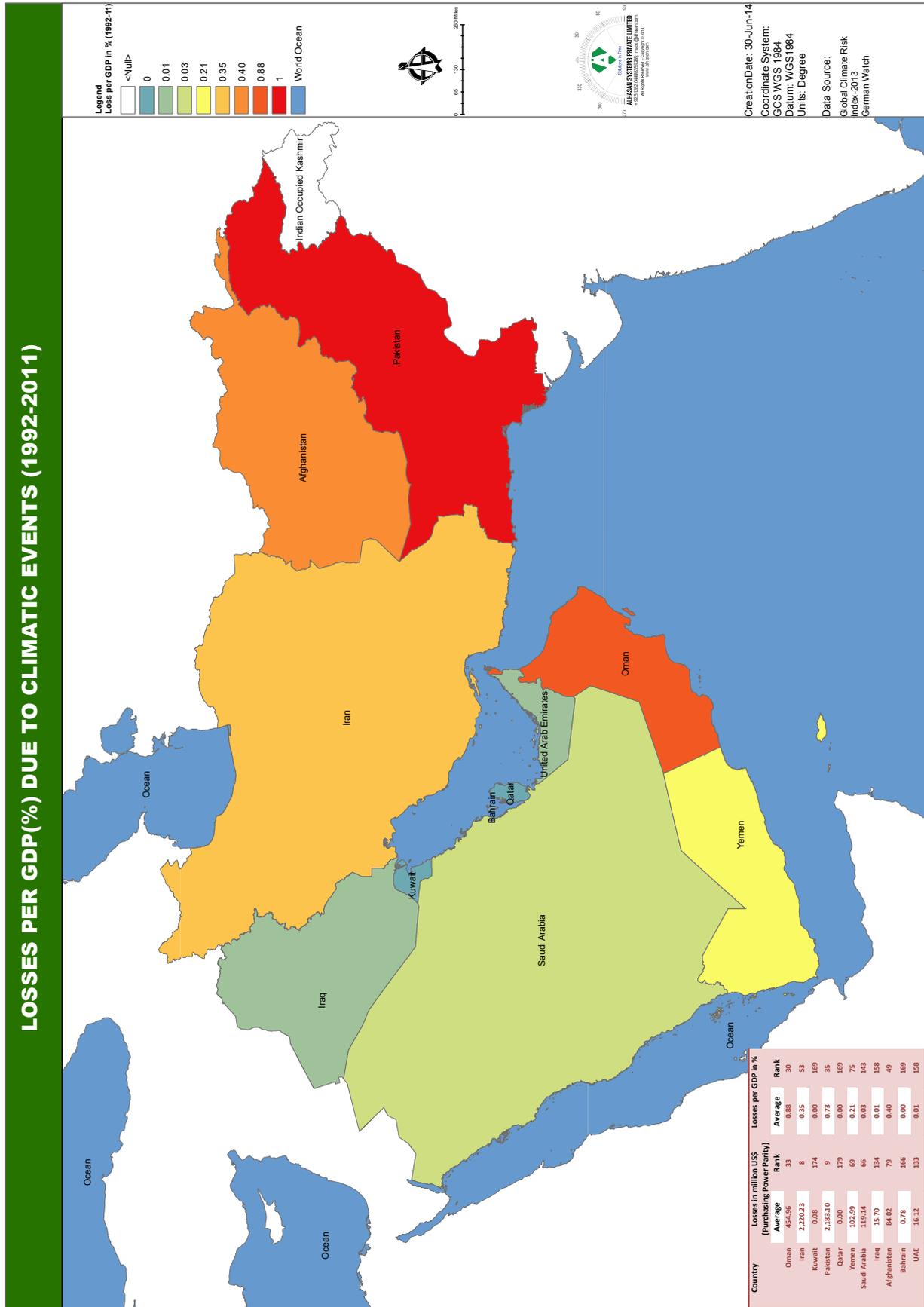
Generally in all developing economies poor segment of population are the major victim of natural disasters. They due to lack of propensity to save are devoid of meeting their current consumption needs and accordingly they are forced to divert their limited capital stock mainly livestock to meet their immediate needs. Hence they are trapped in vivacious circle of poverty due to reduced producing capacity and lack of labour skills and limited alternate job opportunities due to lack of mobility. Accordingly overall economic output is adversely affected and these countries already encountering fiscal deficit are entangled in a worsened fiscal state.

Generally after going through a disaster shock overall economy of the effected country recedes for a while and then starts recovering, but it's impact on manufacturing and agriculture sector results in drastic reduction in export of goods and services hence balance of payment as a whole goes into deficit state for quite a long time.

According to World Bank's findings on an average a developing nation faced with a natural disaster experience reduction in economic growth by 0.7% in the first year after disaster with a cumulative output loss three years after disaster of about 1.5% over and above the immediate direct loss. The report also reveals that developing countries experiencing any kind of natural calamity were found to suffer per capita real GDP reduced by 0.6% on an average and by 1% in low income developing countries in particular.

After a major disaster governments need to divert resources to provide economic relief to affected families and rebuilt damaged infrastructure. However, generally nations suffering from natural calamities resorted to external borrowings to support domestic economy if government's own resources are not enough and funding by aid giving agencies is not adequate to cope with the situation and preserve macro-economic stability. This ultimately results in steep rise in debt to GDP ratio, which persists for quite a long time and worsen fiscal deficit position. A recent study undertaken by World Bank shows that measures to be taken for regaining economic stability in shortest possible time countries need to develop skilled workforce and better institutions like local bodies government, health services and rule of law and security condition and government's preparedness for high spending to mitigate the economic cost of disaster faced. But unfortunately low income developing countries who already have large debt overhangs are found incapacitated to arrange for higher spending to meet even devastated infrastructure losses. However emergency aid and financial assistance can be helpful, but experience has shown that for low and middle income developing countries such liberal financial assistance are rare. During Pakistan's earthquake of 2005 government had received several pledges of financial assistance from different countries, but hardly 50% of the promised assistance was received.

As such particularly for developing countries planning ahead is essential. Rational macro-economic policies need to be formulated with a budgetary provision of funds for such setbacks / natural shocks and particularly for developing infrastructure like dams for ensuring continuous water supply for farms and arid areas besides means of transportations, crop storage facilities at government level particularly in countries having agrarian economies. Besides above taxation policy and government spending strategies need to be rationalize. These policies should be flexible enough as to ensure immediate diversion of funds from public spending to areas where needed in emergency. Further governments need to invest in insurance and self insurance to cover all risks emanating from natural disaster.



## ONCE UPON A TIME IN HAJAMRO CREEK

*Syed Muhammad Abubakar*

*The Nation, June 09, 2014*

There was a time when people living in Hajamro Creek used to rely on farming and other marginal enterprises including poultry farming, betel leaf, bananas, and coconuts orchards and grow melons in the area. They used to earn good money by exporting bananas and red rice to other countries. It was a port city in the British era and freshwater was available almost everywhere. However, with the passage of time, construction of barrages and dams lead to reduced freshwater availability in the area causing water logging and salinity which affected agricultural output. Communities had no other option but to switch to fishing as their main source of livelihood.

It must be noted that Hajamro Creek is one of the major creeks of Keti Bunder other than Chann, Khobar and Kangri creeks. Keti Bunder is one of the major towns along the Pakistani coastline situated at about 200 km south-east of Karachi. Stretching over an area of 60,969 ha, it was also given the status of municipal committee in 1932, which was later amended by the British Government as the majority of its population migrated to other areas due to reduction of freshwater following construction of Sukkur Barrage. Construction of Ghulam Mohammad Barrage further reduced freshwater supply to the town and its creeks, which forced communities to move to other localities for livelihood and safety. With the reduction in freshwater, the sea crept in, affecting the entire ecosystem and agriculture. Keti Bunder had 42 dehs (settlements) of which 28 have been engulfed by the intruding sea. Millions of hectares of land are lost due to this phenomenon and has forced communities to shift their homes after every five to ten years. With agriculture being impracticable due to poor crop yield, communities began to rely on fishing to earn income. However, this did not solve the problem as fish catch reduced considerably, which further spread poverty in the region.

German Watch Institute in its Global Climate Risk Index 2014 ranked Pakistan at number three after Haiti and the Philippines on its list of countries most affected by climate change, which shows the extent to which climate change is causing extreme weather events in Pakistan. It is also affecting the coastal areas of the country and vulnerable ecosystems. Today, the frequency of natural calamities has increased as cyclonic activity and floods during high tide are causing havoc for surrounding communities. Thatched huts made by fishermen of Hajamro Creek cannot withstand storms and strong winds, which often carry roofs away. The 2007 cyclone (Yemyin No. 03B) devastated the lives of communities in Hajamro Creek, as a majority of huts were completely destroyed or partially damaged. A similar situation was observed when cyclone Phet hit Keti Bunder hit, affecting five thousand families and destroying their homes and property. The 2010, 2011, 2012 and 2013 floods are the result of climate change which has caused Pakistan billions of dollars in losses in the form of damage to infrastructure, public property and lives. The 2012 floods alone caused a loss of 6 billion dollars, which lead to widespread poverty and economic crises all across the country.

World Wide Fund for Nature-Pakistan (WWF-Pakistan), a global conservation organization through its project Building Capacity on Climate Change Adaptation in Coastal Areas of Pakistan (CCAP) is working to make coastal communities and creeks resilient to climate change. With the implementation of interventions related to adaptation, mitigation and capacity building, the project will support climate resilient ecosystems to support the livelihoods of local communities. "Communities living in Hajamro Creek are living on the edge and are uncertain about their future as their lives are completely dependent upon environmental factors" said Tahir Abbasi, Site Coordinator, Keti Bunder, WWF-Pakistan while briefing journalists during a recent media exposure visit to Siddique Dablo village in Hajamro Creek, Keti Bunder. According to Rab Nawaz, Director Sindh, WWF-Pakistan, "We're losing land due to climate change because of sea levels rising. Damage by floods is the main problem, creating

an immense problem for nearby communities. The cost of flooding is 12 billion dollars, equivalent to the cost of building the Bhasha Dam."

Mangroves are known as a defense shield against storms and cyclones and prevent coastal erosion. Hence, in order to mitigate climate change, forest cover of mangroves should be increased so that villages such as Siddique Dablo are protected from harsh climatic impacts. WWF-Pakistan in order to build the resilience of coastal communities planted 7500 ha of mangroves through the Indus for All Programme (IFAP) and another 550 ha as part of the current CCAP project. Other interventions of the CCAP project include elevated homes, solar panels to charge mobile phones, legal fishing nets, crab fattening ponds to increase the weight of juvenile crabs and ice boxes to keep the daily fish catch fresh. All these interventions are meant to empower these communities so that they can have a decent standard of living and conserve natural resources. According to Ismail Dablo, General Secretary, Village Organization, Siddique Dablo Village, "We are greatly affected by climate change impacts, as storms and cyclones damage our homes and property, however mangrove plantations carried out by WWF-Pakistan have helped in reducing the impacts of natural calamities".

All these efforts have borne fruit as communities are now sensitized on building resilience to climate change. However, increased government support is required. Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) guidelines are available at all levels and should be implemented so that people can be evacuated in times of natural disasters. Mitigating climate change is an uphill task, it cannot be done overnight but continued efforts are required so that people living on the edge are protected from its deadliest impacts and saved from further loss.

## سرخیاں

تھر غذائی قلت کے سبب ہیں دونوں

میں 14 بچے جاں بحق

ساتھ ایشین نیوز ایجنسی (شام)

22 جون 2014

قدرتی آفات سے نمٹنے کی تیاری

بی بی سی اردو ڈاٹ کام، اسلام آباد

20 جون 2014

## تفصیلات

تھریار کر (شام نیوز) تھر کے صحرائیں غذائی قلت کے سبب گزشتہ تین دنوں کے دوران مختلف امراض میں مبتلا 14 بچے جاں بحق ہو گئے۔ سول اسپتال مٹھی کے سول سرجن ڈاکٹر نالے چنگو کے مطابق اسپتال میں غذائی قلت کے باعث مختلف امراض میں مبتلا درجنوں بچے اور بڑے زیر علاج ہیں۔ جن میں سے 14 بچے گزشتہ تین دنوں کے دوران جاں بحق ہو گئے۔ دوسری جانب اسپتال میں سہولیات کی عدم فراہمی، غیر اعلانیٰ لوشیدنگ اور بجلی کا متبادل انتظام نہ ہونے سے مریضوں کو شدید پریشانی کا سامنا ہے۔ ساتھ ہی گرمی نے مریض بچوں اور تیار داروں کو بے حال کر رکھا ہے

خشک سالی کے خطرے کے پیش نظر تھر، چولستان اور جنوبی بلوچستان کے علاقوں کو خصوصی توجہ دی جا رہی ہے۔ این ڈی ایم اے کے ممبر آریٹنیز بریگیڈیئر کامران ضیا کا کہنا ہے کہ رواں برس ایل نینبو اثرات کے پیش نظر صوبائی اور قومی سطح پر الگ الگ منصوبے تشکیل دیے جا چکے ہیں۔ ان کا کہنا تھا: صوبوں، کشمیر، گلگت بلتستان اور اسلام آباد کے بالائی علاقوں کے لیے منصوبے تیار کیے گئے ہیں۔ 30 جون اور یکم جولائی کو دوروزہ کانفرنس میں حتمی منصوبے پیش کیے جائیں گے۔ ان کی روشنی میں مومن سون کے لیے منصوبہ حکومت سے منظور کروایا جائے گا۔ بریگیڈیئر کامران ضیا کا کہنا تھا کہ ”محلہ موسمیات سے ہمیں موسمیاتی پیش گوئی موصول ہو چکی ہے جس کی بنا پر منصوبے تیار کیے گئے ہیں۔ اب کی بار جنوبی علاقوں میں معمول سے 30 فیصد کم بارش کا امکان ہے۔ اس لیے خشک سالی کے لیے بھی تیاری کی جا رہی ہے۔ ان کے بقول کسی بھی صورت میں سے نمٹنے کی بھرپور تیاری کی جا رہی ہے۔ ہم چار چیزوں پر زیادہ توجہ دے رہے ہیں۔ جن میں صحت، پانی، خوراک کی فراہمی اور موشیوں کے لیے اقدامات شامل ہیں۔ تمام اقدامات پر عمل درآمد پہلے سے جاری ہے۔ ہم ایل نینبو کے آنے کا انتظار نہیں کر رہے کہ خشک سالی کی صورت حال پیدا ہو اور ہم اس پر رد عمل دیں۔ بریگیڈیئر کامران ضیا نے انھوں نے بتایا کہ مٹی کے مینے کے نسبتاً ٹھنڈے ہونے باعث گلشیروں کے پگھلنے میں تاخیر ہوئی ہے اس لیے مومن سون اور برفانی تودوں کے پگھلنے کے اوقات کے یکساں ہونے کے باعث سیلاب کے خطرے کو خارج از امکان قرار نہیں دیا جاسکتا۔ بریگیڈیئر کامران ضیا کے بقول تمام صوبوں میں ضلعی سطح پر منصوبے بنائے گئے ہیں کہ کس طرح اور کس سطح کے سیلاب میں کن کن علاقوں میں اقدامات کرنے ہیں۔ لوگوں کو علاقوں سے منتقل کرنے کے لیے بھی منصوبہ بندی کی گئی ہے، حتیٰ کہ سیلاب کی صورت میں امدادی خیمہ بستوں کے لیے کے مقام کا تعین کیا گیا ہے۔ ان کا کہنا ہے کہ سیلاب سے پہلے تنبیہ جاری کی جائے گی اور ان لوگوں کو علاقے سے منتقل کر دیا جائے گا۔ بریگیڈیئر کامران ضیا کے بقول ان کے لیے شہری علاقوں میں آنے والے کسی ممکنہ سیلاب کی صورت میں شہری حکومتوں کے ساتھ تعاون کیا جا رہا ہے۔ ان کا کہنا تھا کہ انھیں بتایا گیا ہے کہ شہری حکومتوں نے نکاسی کے نظام میں بہتری کے لیے اقدامات کیے ہیں۔ بریگیڈیئر کامران ضیا کا کہنا تھا کہ خشک سالی کے خطرے کے پیش نظر تھر، چولستان اور جنوبی بلوچستان کے علاقوں کو خصوصی توجہ دی جا رہی ہے: ہم چار چیزوں پر زیادہ توجہ دے رہے ہیں: صحت، پانی، خوراک کی فراہمی اور موشیوں کے لیے اقدامات شامل ہیں۔ بریگیڈیئر کامران ضیا کا کہنا تھا کہ ”ہم پانی کی سطح پر نظر رکھے ہوئے ہیں۔ تمام اقدامات پر عمل درآمد پہلے سے جاری ہے۔ ہم ایل نینبو کے آنے کا انتظار نہیں کر رہے کہ خشک سالی کی صورت حال پیدا ہو اور اس کے بعد ہم اس پر رد عمل دیں۔“

ایڈیٹیو مرکز کے انچارج نے کہا کہ عرس کے آغاز سے ایک روز قبل 14 افراد جاں بحق ہوئے تھے۔ پاکستان کے صوبہ سندھ کے شہر سیہون میں قلندر لعل شہباز کے عرس کے پہلے دو دنوں میں بدھ کی شام تک شدید گرمی کی وجہ سے 43 افراد ہلاک ہوئے ہیں۔ صوبہ سندھ کے ضلع جامشورو اور دادو ان اضلاع میں شامل ہیں جہاں درجہ حرارت آج کل 48 ڈگری سینٹی گریڈ تک ہوتا ہے۔ صبح دس بجے سے گرمی بڑھتی جاتی ہے جو مغرب تک برقرار رہتی ہے۔ ایڈیٹیو مرکز حیدرآباد کے انچارج محمد معراج عرس کے موقع پر سیہون میں ایڈیٹیو کیپ کی نگرانی کرتے ہیں۔ ان کا کہنا ہے کہ عرس کے آغاز سے ایک روز قبل 14 افراد جاں بحق ہوئے تھے۔ ان میں چار ایسے جوان افراد بھی شامل تھے جو نہر میں نہاتے ہوئے ڈوب کر ہلاک ہو گئے تھے۔ اس کے بعد 17 اور 18 جون کو شدید گرمی اور لوہے کی بجلی میں لوگ ہلاک ہوئے جس کی وجہ سے مرنے والوں کی کل تعداد بدھ کی سہ پہر تک 47 ہو گئی۔

ڈپٹی کمشنر اور عرس کمیٹی کے سربراہ ادیب سہیل بچپانی نے تصدیق کی کہ گرمی کی شدت کی وجہ سے اموات ہوئی ہیں۔ ان کا کہنا تھا کہ نہاتے ہوئے ڈوبنے سے صرف ایک شخص ہلاک ہوا۔ محمد معراج نے کہا کہ ہلاک ہونے والوں میں کراچی اور ٹنڈو آدم کے چار افراد کے علاوہ اکثریت کا تعلق پنجاب سے ہے، ایسے تمام افراد جن کی شناخت ہو گئی، ان کی میتیں ان کے آبائی علاقوں کو روانہ کر دی گئیں۔

## سہولتیں محدود

سہون میں موجود ہسپتال میں بھی سہولتیں محدود ہیں۔ معراج کا کہنا ہے کہ ہسپتال میں مردہ خانے یا سرد خانہ کی کوئی سہولت نہ ہونے کی وجہ سے لاشیں خراب ہوئی ہیں۔ ان کا کہنا تھا کہ ہلاک ہونے والوں میں 14 افراد ایسے تھے جو لاوارث نکلے۔ معراج نے شکایت کی کہ لاوارثوں کو دفنانے کے لیے ایڈیٹیو رضا کاروں کو سخت مشکل کا سامنا ہوتا ہے کیوں کہ مقامی قبرستان میں لوگ تغدین کی اجازت نہیں دیتے۔ انھوں نے بتایا کہ ایڈیٹیو مرکز نے ضلعی انتظامیہ سے قبرستان کے لیے زمین کا مطالبہ کیا تھا جس پر ابھی تک غور نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔ سہون میں موجود ہسپتال میں بھی سہولتیں محدود ہیں۔ معراج کا کہنا ہے کہ ہسپتال میں مردہ خانے یا سرد خانہ کی کوئی سہولت نہ ہونے کی وجہ سے لاشیں خراب ہوئی ہیں اور علاقے میں تعفن تک پھیلا ہے۔ اس پر ڈپٹی کمشنر نے کہا کہ مردہ خانہ کی عدم موجودگی کے بارے میں وہ کچھ ایسے نہیں کہہ سکتے کہ اس کا قیام تو کسی منصوبے کے تحت ہوتا ہے جس کا انھیں کوئی علم نہیں ہے۔ لعل شہباز قلندر کا تین روزہ عرس بھارت کو اختتام پزیر ہو گا۔ عرس کا افتتاح محکمہ اوقاف کے صوبائی وزیر عبدالحمید نے مشکل کے روز کیا تھا جبکہ اختتامی تقریب میں وزیر اعلیٰ سندھ کی آمد متوقع ہے۔ عرس میں شرکت کرنے کے لیے ملک بھر کے دور دراز علاقوں سے ہزاروں زائرین سہون پہنچے ہیں۔ سہون کراچی سے ڈھائی سو کلومیٹر کے فاصلے پر انڈس ہائی وے پر واقع ہے۔ عرس کے دوران لعل میری رکیو

لعل شہباز کے عرس میں گرمی کی وجہ

سے 43 افراد ہلاک

بی بی سی اردو ڈاٹ کام، حیدرآباد

20 جون 2014

پت بلاج' پر دھماکا ڈالا جاتا ہے۔ عرس کی تقریبات کا انتظامیہ کی طرف سے باقاعدہ افتتاح مزرا پر چار چڑھا کر کیا جاتا ہے جبکہ زائرین ایک مخصوص وقت پر دھماکا ڈال کر عرس کے آغاز کا تقاریر بجاتے ہیں۔ 'لعل میری رکھیو پت بلاج' پر دھماکا ڈالا جاتا ہے جس میں مرد اور خواتین حصہ لیتے ہیں اور بے حال ہو جاتے ہیں۔ عرس کا اختتام بھی دھماکا ڈال کر کیا جاتا ہے جس میں سینکڑوں افراد شریک ہوتے ہیں۔ لعل شہباز قلندری درگاہ کا انتظام صوبائی محکمہ اوقاف کی ذمہ داری ہے۔ محکمہ اور حکومت لوگوں کی رہائش کے علاوہ ہسپتال کی حالت کو بہتر نہیں بنا سکی ہے۔ درگاہ سے محکمہ اوقاف کو ہر ماہ ہزاروں روپے کی آمدنی ہوتی ہے جو زائرین نظر آنے کی صورت میں سرب مہر کیے میں ڈالتے ہیں۔ سکر رائج اوقات کے علاوہ نظر آنے میں زیورات بھی برآمد ہوتے ہیں جو خواتین کے گلے کے ہار، ہاتھوں کی چوڑیوں یا بالیوں کی صورت میں ہوتے ہیں۔

کراچی (اسٹاف رپورٹر) مسلم سندھ کے صدر حلیم عادل شیخ پی آر ایف کے رضا کاروں کے ہمراہ ٹھٹھہ اور سجاد کا دورہ کرینگے جہاں سمندری طوفان سے متاثرہ لوگوں میں امدادی سامان تقسیم کیا جائے گا۔ مسلم لیگ کے صوبائی سیکرٹریٹ میں مسلم لیگ اور پی آر ایف کے رضا کاروں سے ملاقات میں ان کا کہنا تھا کہ ٹھٹھہ اور سجاد میں سمندری طوفان سے متاثرہ 35 ہزار خاندان بے یار و مددگار حکومتی امداد کے منتظر ہیں۔ کینٹی بندر، کھارو چھان، شاہ بندر، جانی، نانور، گھوڑا باری اور دیگر سینکڑوں علاقوں میں نظام زندگی درہم برہم ہے جبکہ حکومت چیف منسٹر ہاؤس میں میٹنگوں میں مصروف ہے۔ متاثرہ لوگوں کے پاس کھانے پینے کے ساتھ سر چھپانے کے لیے شیلٹر بھی موجود نہیں ہے۔ جن مال مویشیوں کی وجہ سے ان کا گزارا اوقات ہوتا تھا کئی کئی فٹ پانی کی وجہ سے وہ دودھ دینے سے بھی قاصر ہیں۔ امید تو یہ ہے کہ جاری تھی کے اضلاع تصور کیے جاتے ہیں ہر کوئی یہ سمجھ رہا تھا کہ چند گھنٹوں میں ہی بہت سا امدادی سامان اور متاثرہ لوگوں کو VVIPs کو ٹھٹھہ اور سجاد کے یہ دونوں اضلاع مدد کے لیے سندھ حکومت پہنچ جائے گی مگر معاملہ اس کے برعکس نکلا ہے لوگ اس وقت شدید کرب میں مبتلا ہیں۔ حکومت نے ہمیشہ کی طرح سندھ کی عوام کو اس مشکل گھڑی میں اکیلا چھوڑ رکھا ہے۔ اس موقع پر پی آر ایف کے ایگزیکٹو ڈائریکٹر جی آر بلوچ، ٹیس جو کھیو، ملک عارف اور دیگر موجود تھے۔ پی آر ایف کی ٹیم نے حلیم عادل شیخ کو ٹھٹھہ اور سجاد کے دورے سے متعلق آگاہ کیا اور لوگوں کی مشکلات کا تذکرہ کیا۔

کراچی (این این آئی) بحیرہ عرب میں سمندری طوفان نانوک کی شدت بتدریج کم ہوتے ہوئے اب صرف ہوا کے کم دباؤ تک محدود ہو گئی تاہم ملک کے ساحلی علاقوں میں تباہ کاریاں جاری ہیں۔ طوفان کے اثرات اب بھی بلوچستان کے کچھ جگہ سندھ کے بیشتر ساحلی علاقوں پر موجود ہیں جہاں سمندری اور اونچی اونچی لہریں اٹھتی رہیں اور پانی معمول کے برخلاف 3 سے 4 سو فٹ تک پھیل گیا۔ کراچی میں ابراہیم حیدری، ہاکس بے، سینڈز ہٹ، پیر اڈا پوٹھ اور دیگر ساحلی علاقوں میں قائم ہٹ کئی کئی فٹ پانی میں ڈوبے ہوئے ہیں۔ کسی بھی ناخوشگوار واقعے سے بچنے کے لئے کشتیوں نے کراچی نے دفعہ 144 نافذ کرتے ہوئے سمندر میں نہانے پر پابندی عائد رکھی تاہم اس کے باوجود لوگوں کی بڑی تعداد ساحل سمندر پر موجود تھی۔ کراچی سے متصل بلوچستان کے ساحلی علاقے حب، ڈام، سوئیانی اور گڈانی میں سمندری پانی شہروں میں داخل ہو گیا۔ طغیانی کے باعث سندھ میں ٹھٹھہ، بدین، سجاد اور زیر پوٹھ پر واقع 90 سے زائد دیہات ملک کے دیگر حصوں سے زمینی رابطہ ختم ہو گیا اور ماہی گیروں کی آبادیاں محفوظ مقام پر منتقل ہو گئیں۔ فشر فوک کا کہنا ہے کہ سمندری طوفان کے اثرات اتوار کی رات تک برقرار رہیں گے اس لئے ساحل پر موجود ماہی گیروں کو اتوار کی رات تک کھلے سمندر میں جانے سے منع کیا گیا ہے۔ ادھر بلوچستان کے ساحلی علاقوں گوادر، جیوانی، پسنی اور ماڑہ، ڈام، سوئیانی اور گڈانی میں سمندری طوفان نانوک کے زیر اثر سمندری لہریں آبادیوں میں داخل ہو گئیں۔ گھروں میں پانی داخل ہونے سے لوگوں میں خوف و ہراس پھیل گیا۔ 10 سے 12 فٹ اونچی لہریں ساحل سے ٹکراتی رہیں۔ دریں اثناء وزیر اعلیٰ سندھ سید قائم علی شاہ نے سمندری طوفان سے متاثرہ ٹھٹھہ سوئیانی کینٹی بندر اور دیگر مقامات کا دورہ کیا اور متاثرین کی بحالی کے لئے جاری کارروائیوں کا جائزہ لیا۔ انہوں نے متاثرین کے لئے 2 کروڑ روپے امداد کا اعلان کیا اور کہا کہ نقصان کا اندازہ لگا کر ریلیف پیسج کا اعلان کیا جائے گا۔

کراچی / کوئٹہ (خصوصی رپورٹر + نوائے وقت رپورٹ) بحیرہ عرب میں سمندری طوفان کے باعث ٹھٹھہ اور بدین کے کئی دیہات زیر آب آگئے جبکہ سمندر میں طغیانی کے باعث کراچی میں سینڈز ہٹ اور پیر اڈا پوٹھ پر قائم کئی ہٹ بھی پانی میں بہ گئے۔ کراچی کی مغربی ساحلی پٹی میں سمندر میں طغیانی آگئی جس کی وجہ سے تفریحی مقامات سینڈز ہٹ اور ہاکس بے پیر اڈا پوٹھ پر سمندر کا پانی سڑکوں تک پہنچ گیا اور ساحل پر بے کئی ہٹ بھی پانی میں بہ گئے اور منوڑہ تک جانے کا واحد زمینی راستہ بھی منقطع ہو گیا۔ سمندر میں مچھلیوں کے شکار کیلئے جانے والی تمام لانچوں کو بھی واپس بلا لیا گیا۔ کشتیوں نے ساحل سمندر پر دفعہ 144 نافذ کر دی ہے۔ سمندر پر تفریح کیلئے آنے والوں کو بدایات جاری کی ہیں وہ ساحل سمندر پر نہ آئیں۔ نوائے وقت رپورٹ کے مطابق بلوچستان کے ساحلی علاقوں میں تیز ہواؤں کی چلنا شروع ہو گئیں۔ تیز ہواؤں کے سبب سمندر میں طغیانی آگئی ہے۔ سمندری پانی بلوچستان کے ساحلی علاقوں سے متصل شہری آبادی میں داخل ہو گیا۔ سمندر میں طغیانی سے لیسبلہ، ڈام، سوئیانی اور شپ برینگ یارڈ سمیت دیگر علاقے متاثر ہوئے۔ آئی این پی کے مطابق بحیرہ عرب میں اٹھنے والا طوفان نانوک آئندہ 48 گھنٹوں میں اومان کے ساحل سے ٹکرائے گا، محکمہ موسمیات کے مطابق 500 تا نیکل میل دور سمندری طوفان سے کراچی کو کوئی خطرہ نہیں تاہم موسم اور آلود اور ملکی بارش کا امکان ہے۔ سمندر میں لہروں کے باعث ماہی گیروں کی کشتی لاپتہ ہو گئی، کشتی میں 19 افراد سوار تھے، فشر میں کو آپریٹو سوسائٹی نے ہنگامی صورتحال نافذ کر دی اور میری ٹائم سکیورٹی ایجنسی اور پاک بحریہ سے مدد طلب کر لی ہے۔ وقت نیوز کے مطابق تریمان فشر فوک نے بتایا ہے کہ کراچی میں کینپ کے قریب سوار گھٹھ سمندری پانی میں ڈوب گیا۔ سمندری لہریں ساحلی علاقوں میں گھروں میں داخل ہو گئیں۔ سٹاف رپورٹر / خصوصی رپورٹر کے مطابق گہرے سمندر میں موجود 200 سے زائد کشتیوں میں سوار ہزاروں ماہی گیروں نے جزائر اور تھر کے جنگلات میں پناہ لی ہے۔ دوسری جانب بھرا سمندر کراچی کے مہارک و پتھ سے لیکر جاتی تک 350 کلومیٹر طویل علاقے میں موجود کناروں پر آباد ماہی گیر بستیاں پر چڑھ دوڑا جس سے سینکڑوں دیہات زیر آب آگئے۔

سمندری طوفان سے متاثر 35 ہزار

خاندان حکومتی امداد کے منتظر

حلیم عادل شیخ

نوائے وقت

17 جون 2014

سمندری طوفان کی شدت میں کمی،

90 دیہات پانی میں ڈوبے رہے

نوائے وقت

15 جون 2014

سمندری طوفان سے ٹھٹھہ، بدین،

بلوچستان کے کئی علاقے زیر آب، 19

ماہی گیروں کی کشتی لاپتہ، کراچی

ساحل پر دفعہ 144 نافذ

نوائے وقت

13 جون 2014

اسلام آباد (شام نیوز) پاکستان کے میدانی علاقے گرمی کی لپیٹ میں ہیں جس سے لوگوں کے معمولات زندگی شدید متاثر ہوئے ہیں۔ کئی کئی گھنٹے کی لوڈ شیڈنگ نے عام شہریوں کی تکالیف میں اضافہ کیا ہے اور بڑی تعداد میں لوگ لوگنے سے ہپتالوں تک پہنچے ہیں۔ محکمہ موسمیات کے مطابق گذشتہ 24 گھنٹے کے دوران پاکستان کا گرم ترین علاقہ تربت راجہاں درج حرارت 50 ڈگری سینٹی گریڈ تک پہنچ گیا جبکہ جنوبی پنجاب کا شہر جھکڑ 49 سینٹی گریڈ کے ساتھ دوسرے نمبر پر رہا۔ گوادر، جبکہ آباد، سبی، لاہور، ملتان، بہاولپور، ڈیرہ غازی خان سمیت سندھ پنجاب اور بلوچستان گرمی کی لپیٹ میں رہے۔ محکمہ موسمیات کا کہنا ہے کہ گرمی کی حالیہ لہر آئندہ پانچ روز تک برقرار رہے گی اور اس دوران بعض علاقوں میں درج حرارت میں اضافہ ہو سکتا ہے۔ پاکستان میں سال کے یہ دن طویل ترین شمار ہوتے ہیں اور ان دنوں میں گرمی کی شدت سے یوں محسوس ہوتا ہے کہ سورج سوائیز پر آچکا ہے۔ دوپہر کا زیادہ وقت لوگ گھروں، دفاتر یا کاندوں کے اندر گزارنے کو ترجیح دیتے ہیں لیکن بجلی کی طویل بندش لوگوں کو گھروں میں بھی چین نہیں لینے دیتی۔ محکمہ موسمیات کا کہنا ہے کہ گرمی کی حالیہ لہر آئندہ پانچ روز تک برقرار رہے گی اور اس دوران بعض علاقوں میں درج حرارت میں اضافہ ہو سکتا ہے۔ گرمی میں اضافے کے ساتھ ہی بجلی کی طلب میں اضافہ ہو گیا ہے جس نے بجلی کے شارٹ فال کو مزید بڑھا دیا ہے۔ شہری اور دیہی علاقوں میں 12 سے 16 گھنٹے تک کی اعلانیہ اور غیر اعلانیہ لوڈ شیڈنگ جاری ہے۔ گرمی کی شدت میں اضافے کے ساتھ ملک کے مختلف حصوں میں لوڈ شیڈنگ کے خلاف چھوٹے بڑے مظاہرے گذشتہ ایک ہفتے سے جاری ہیں۔ محکمہ موسمیات کا کہنا ہے کہ آگے ہفتے گلگت بلتستان، خیبر پختونخوا اور کشمیر کے دریاں میں برف پگھلنے کی وجہ سے بہا میں اضافہ ہو گا اور تربیلا ڈیم میں پانی کی آمد میں خاطر خواہ اضافہ ہو سکتا ہے جس سے بجلی کی پیداوار بڑھانی جاسکتی ہے۔ پاکستان میں شدید گرمی میں شہریوں کو روزگار کے لیے گھروں سینکنا پڑتا ہے۔ کڑی دھوپ میں سینٹ کی بوریاں ڈھونڈنے والے محنت کش محمد اکرم کی موٹر سائیکل پک اپ کو میں نے سڑک کنارے روکا اور پوچھا کہ اتنی گرمی میں وہ کیا کر رہے ہیں؟ انھوں نے کہا کہ اگر وہ کمائیں گے نہیں تو گھر میں فاقے ہوں گے۔ انھوں نے بتایا کہ وہ آٹھ ہزار روپے ماہوار کے ملازم ہیں اور اگر چھٹی کرتے ہیں تو تنخواہ کٹ جاتی ہے۔ محمد اکرم نے کہا گرمی سے بیمار پڑ کر انھوں نے چھٹی کی تھی لیکن سینٹ فروش مالک دکان نے انھیں زبردستی بلا لیا۔

پاکستان کے میدانی علاقے گرمی کی لپیٹ میں، لوگوں کے معمولات

زندگی شدید متاثر

ساتھ ایشین نیوز ایجنسی (شام)

12 جون 2014

موسمیاتی تبدیلیوں سے اگلی صدی تک کروڑوں افراد متاثر ہو سکتے

ہیں ماہرین

نوائے وقت

11 جون 2014

لاہور (این این آئی) ماہرین نے خبردار کیا ہے کہ موسمیاتی تبدیلیوں کے سبب متوقع طور پر سب سے زیادہ متاثر ہونے والے علاقوں میں ایشیا بحر الکاہل بھی شامل ہے اور ان تبدیلیوں سے اگلی صدی تک کروڑوں افراد متاثر ہو سکتے ہیں۔ ایک رپورٹ کے مطابق سائنسدانوں کی بہت بڑی تعداد متفق ہے کہ ہماری زمین کا موسم تبدیل ہو رہا ہے۔ درجہ حرارت میں بے قاعدہ اضافہ، پانی، برف پڑنے اور بارشوں کے اوقات یا ترتیب میں تبدیلی، سمندری سطحوں میں اضافہ اور موسموں کی شدت جو ہمارے سارے زمین کو بری طرح متاثر کر رہے ہیں اور یہ گرمیوں کی گیسوں کے استعمال کی وجہ سے ہے۔ سائنسدانوں کا کہنا ہے کہ ساحلی علاقوں میں موسمیاتی تبدیلیوں سے سیلابوں کے باعث اگلی صدی کے آغاز تک کروڑوں لوگ متاثر ہوں گے۔ دنیا میں بعض شہر جیجنگ کی طرح اس قدر آلودہ ہیں کہ وہاں سانس لینا بھی دشوار ہے۔ جیجنگ کی ہوا اتنی آلودہ ہے کہ وہاں ماسک کے بغیر سانس لینا محال ہے۔ پچھلی ایک صدی کے دوران عالمی سطح پر سمندری سطح میں 0.19 میٹر اوسط اضافہ ہوا، جس میں مزید تیزی سے اضافہ متوقع ہے۔ اس کی وجہ سمندروں کا درجہ حرارت بڑھنا اور گلیشیرز کا تیزی سے پگھلنا ہے۔

پشاور، گرمی کی شدت میں اضافہ، لو چلنے سے شہری بیمار ہو کر ہسپتال پہنچنے لگے

ساتھ ایشین نیوز ایجنسی (شام)

10 جون 2014

وفاق کی جانب سے تھر متاثرین کی امداد کے لئے دوسری قسط جاری

نوائے وقت

05 جون 2014

پشاور (شام نیوز) پشاور میں گرمی کی شدت برہتی جا رہی ہے اور گرم لو چلنے سے شہریوں کی بڑی تعداد بیمار ہو کر ہپتالوں کا رخ کر رہی ہے۔ طبی ماہرین نے شدید گرم موسم میں احتیاطی تدابیر اختیار کرنے کی ہدایت کی ہے۔ تھنات کے مطابق ملک کے دیگر شہروں کی طرح صوبائی دارالحکومت پشاور میں بھی ان دنوں سورج سوا نیزے پر ہے اور شدید گرمی کی وجہ سے لوگوں کی حالت غیر ہے۔ دوپہر کے وقت درجہ حرارت مزید بڑھ جاتا ہے جبکہ گرم لو چلنے سے شہری بیمار ہو کر ہپتالوں کا رخ کر رہے ہیں۔ طبی ماہرین کا کہنا ہے کہ شدید دھوپ میں نکلنے سے پہلے ایک یا دو گلاس پانی پی لینا چاہیے جبکہ سر ڈھانپ کر رکھی جائے۔ بازار میں فروخت ہونے والے مشروبات سے پرہیز کیا جائے جبکہ بازاری کھانے بھی نہ کھائے جائیں۔ تازہ سبزی اور رسیلے پھلوں کا استعمال گرمی میں مفید ہے۔

کراچی (اسٹاف رپورٹر) وفاقی حکومت نے ضلع تھر کے قحط زدہ لوگوں کو امداد کی دوسری قسط جاری کر دی ہے۔ تقریباً 354 ملین روپے کی قسطی آئی ایس پی سے تعلق رکھنے والے 53 ہزار سے زائد تھر متاثرین میں تقسیم کی گئی ہے۔ تھر کے قحط زدہ لوگوں کی امداد کے لیے وفاقی حکومت نے پہلا قدم اٹھاتے ہوئے یہ اعلان کیا ہے کہ نقد مالی امداد متاثرہ خاندانوں میں تقسیم کی جائے گی۔ امداد کی تقسیم کو شفاف اور موثر بنانے کی غرض سے اس بات کو فیصلہ کیا گیا کہ غربت شناسی کی بنیاد پر آئی ایس پی کے اہل مستحقین جو ڈیٹ کارڈ حاصل کر چکے ہیں اس امداد سے فائدہ اٹھا سکیں گے۔ اپریل 2014 میں 51 ہزار سے زائد تھر مستحقین کو 6400 روپے فی کس کے حساب سے پہلی قسط ادا کی گئی۔ یہ رقم 3600 روپے کی سہ ماہی ادائیگی کے علاوہ تھی جس کا مطلب ہے کہ مالی سال 2013-14 کی تیسری سہ ماہی میں تھر کے لیے 10000 روپے کی مجموعی رقم فی مستحق ادا کی گئی۔ ایک مرتبہ پھر 51 ہزار سے زائد تھر مستحقین کو اضافی 6400 روپے فی کس ادا کئے گئے ہیں اور اس حساب سے مالی سال 2013-14 کی چوتھی سہ ماہی میں مستحقین کے لیے 10000 روپے کی مجموعی رقم فی مستحق بنتی ہے۔ مزید برآں، مستحقین تک رسائی حاصل کرنے کی مہم کے ذریعے پہلی قسط کی ادائیگی سے لے کر اب تک 1997 ضلع تھر کے مستحقین کو نقد مالی معاونت کے لیے شامل کیا جا چکا ہے۔ ان مستحقین کو دونوں قسطوں 12800 روپے فی کس کے حساب سے ادا کی گئی ہیں جو بینظیر انکم سپورٹ پروگرام کی سہ ماہی مالی معاونت کے علاوہ ہیں۔ اس کے علاوہ، آئی ایس پی نے حال ہی میں موجودہ مالی سال کی چوتھی سہ ماہی کی قسط بھی جاری کر دی ہے اور تھر کے مستحقین امداد کی رقم کے ساتھ قسط بھی وصول کریں گے۔ ادائیگی کے لیے پارٹنر بینک یو بی ایل کو ضلع میں خاص انتظامات کرنے کی ہدایت کی گئی ہے تاکہ متاثرہ مستحقین ایک آسان اور باوقار طریقے سے امداد حاصل کر سکیں۔

سوات (شاہ نیوز) سوات میں زلزلے کے جھٹکے محسوس کئے گئے۔ زلزلہ پیمائے مرکز خیبر پٹی کے کے مطابق سوات شہر اور گرد و نواح میں زلزلے کے جھٹکے محسوس کئے گئے جس کی شدت ریکٹر اسکیل پر چار اعشاریہ چھ ریکارڈ کی گئی۔ زلزلہ پیمائے مرکز کے مطابق زلزلے کا مرکز کوہ ہندوکش کا پہاڑی سلسلہ تھا۔

سوات شہر اور گرد و نواح میں زلزلے کے جھٹکے

نوائے وقت

20 جون 2014

پشاور اسٹیمپ سمنڈر میں اضافہ کئی ایشیائی ڈیلٹاؤں میں نمکین پانی کی آمیزش

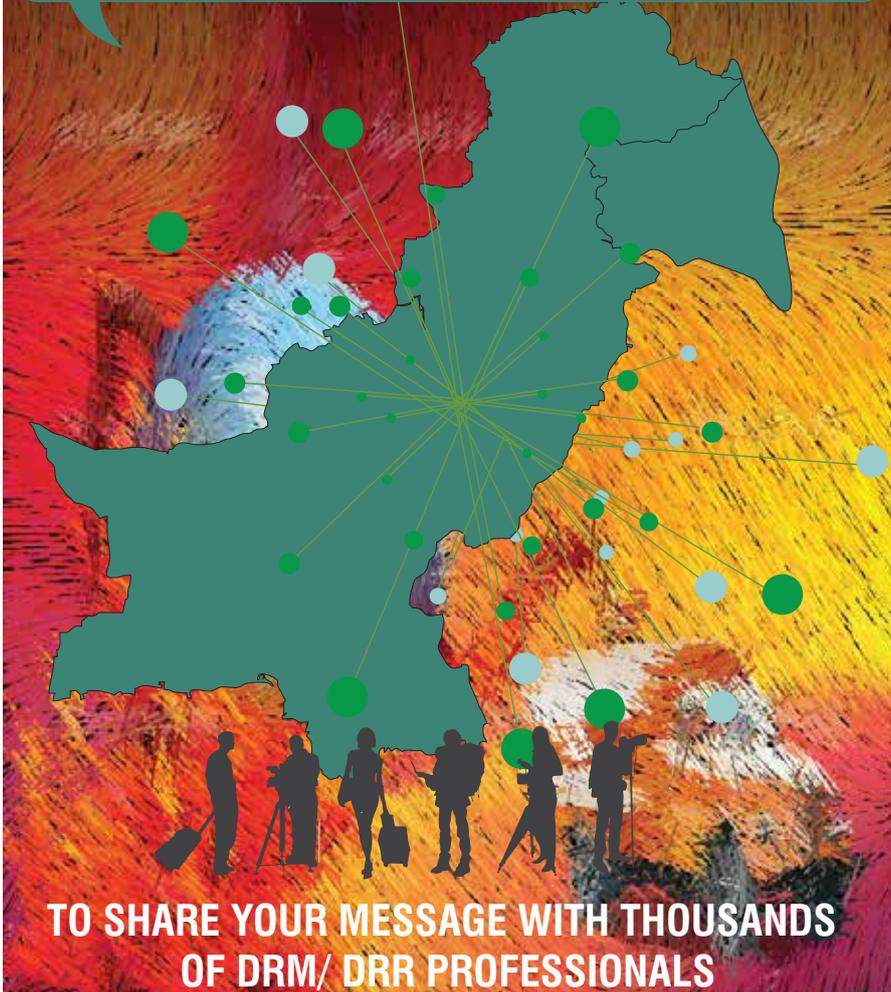
میں اضافہ کریگا، ماہرین

ساؤتھ ایشیائی نیوز ایجنسی (شاہ)

4 جون 2014

اسلام آباد (شاہ نیوز) ماہرین نے خبردار کیا ہے کہ سطح سمندر میں اضافہ کئی ایشیائی ڈیلٹاؤں میں نمکین پانی کی آمیزش میں اضافہ کریگا جس سے نہ صرف موسمیاتی خطرات بڑھیں گے بلکہ مانی گیری کی صنعت اور دوسری آبی افزائش پر بھی تباہ کن اثرات مرتب ہوں گے۔ سیکرٹری فشریز ڈیپٹمنٹ بورڈ محمد جنید وٹو نے انوائز مینٹل وائچ ٹرسٹ کے زیر اہتمام عالمی یوم ماحولیات کی تقریب سے خطاب کرتے ہوئے کہا ہے کہ سمندر کے درجہ حرارت میں اضافہ، سمندری تیزابیت اور ساحلی موگلوں میں کمی مچھلیوں کی افزائش پر گہرے اثرات مرتب کریگی۔ ان وجوہ سے جنوبی اور جنوب مشرقی ایشیاء کے کئی ممالک زیادہ متاثر ہونگے۔ چیئر پرسن انوائز مینٹل وائچ ٹرسٹ شائلہ جاوید بھٹی نے کہا کہ موسمیاتی تغیرات کے پاکستان پر اثرات قدرتی آفات کے بڑھتے ہوئے خطرات کی شکل میں سامنے آچکے ہیں۔ اس کے باوجود موسمیاتی تبدیلیوں کے چیلنج کا مقابلہ کرنے کے لئے ماحولیاتی شعوری بیداری کی اہمیت وادراک عملی اقدامات مطلوبہ پیمانے پر نہیں کیے جارہے جبکہ پاکستان موسمیاتی تبدیلیوں سے خطرے میں گھرے پہلے چند ممالک میں شامل ہے۔ چیئر مین پاکستان ایسوسی ایشن آف گرین ایگریکلچرل جرنلسٹ (پاجا) راجہ جاوید علی بھٹی نے کہا کہ ماحولیاتی بگاڑنے پانی، زمین، ہوا اور فضاء سب کو آلودہ کر دیا ہے۔ لہذا ماحولیات کا تحفظ اب انفرادی، قومی، اجتماعی اور عالمی فریضہ ہے۔ بیداری فکرمورم میں ای ڈیپٹی کی تقریب ماحولیات میں فاطمہ جناح دوسمن یونیورسٹی راولپنڈی کی طالبات جویریہ سلیم، ہما فاروق، آسیہ وہاب، سید اقبال اور بحریہ یونیورسٹی اسلام آباد کے محمد اسامہ مغل نے مشترکہ طور پر سلائیڈ شو کے ذریعے بڑھتی ہوئی سطح سمندر کے منفی اثرات کو موثر انداز میں اجاگر کیا۔ تقریب کے مہمان خصوصی محمد جنید وٹو اور مہمانان اعزاز پروفیسر نذیر احمد شال، افسانہ نگار فاطمہ علوی، شاعرہ منیرہ احمد نے طلباء و طالبات میں تعریفی و شراکتی سرٹیفکیٹس تقسیم کیے۔

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<p>Relief, Rehabilitation &amp; Settlement Department of KPK (RR&amp;SD) 0092-91-9212058 0092-91-9213855 0092-91-9214025 secretary@pdma.gov.pk dg@pdma.gov.pk PDMA-PaRRSA Civil Secretariat, Opp. Police Line, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Pakistan Space and Upper Atmosphere Research Commission (SUPARCO) Karachi Office: +92 21 34690765 Lahore Office: +92 42 35293040-50 Islamabad Office: +92 51 9075100 Peshawar Office: +92 91 5837195 Multan Office: +92 61 9210136 Fax: +92 21 34644928, +92 21 34694941 am.pr@suparco.gov.pk SUPARCO Headquarters, SUPARCO Road, P. O. Box No. 8402, Karachi-75270</p>
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<p>Indus River System Authority (IRSA) (IRSA) Chairman IRSA 051-9252471 Fax: 051-9252642 irsa.wcap@gamil.com Indus River System Authority (IRSA), Block R-3, G-7 Markaz, Sitara Market, Islamabad</p>	<p>Earthquake Reconstruction &amp; Rehabilitation Authority(ERRA)-Islamabad +92-51-903-0822 Fax:+92-51-903-0840 www.erra.gov.pk dgmne@erra.gov.pk/bajwa@erra.gov.pk/irram@erra.gov.pk /nawazish@erra.gov.pk ERRA HQ Building Complex, P.O. Box 2688, Murree Road, Islamabad, Pakistan</p>
<p>Pakistan Meteorological Department (PMD) (+92-51) 9250360 Fax: (+92-51) 9250368 http://www.pmd.gov.pk pmd@pmd.gov.pk Headquarter Office Sector H-8/2, Islamabad</p>	<p>Water and Sanitation Agency - (WASA) (051)-5555490-92 Fax: 051-5539490 info@wasa.rda.gov.pk Rawalpindi Development Authority - (RDA) Liaquat Bagh, Rawalpindi - Pakistan</p>

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**United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)**

**World Food Programme (WFP)**

<p>92-51-2829502-6  FAX: 92-51-2279455, 2279451,90-9201-2800  WWW.UNHCR.ORG.PK  PAKIS@UNHCR.ORG  UNHCR, Bo Islamabad, Diplomatic Enclave G-4 Near Quid-E-Azam Universty,P.O.Box 1263</p>	<p>+92-51-8312000  Fax: +92-51-8438251  mailto:WFP.Islamabad@wfp.org  Plot no. 1, Diplomatic Enclave No 1, Sector G-5, Islamabad</p>
<p>United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNCIEF)  +92-51-2097700  Fax: +92-51-2097799</p>	<p>World Health Organization (WHO)  +92 51 843 2451  Facsimile: +92 51 925 5083  wr@pak.emro.who.int  PO Box 1013 Islamabad, Pakistan</p>

## INTERNATIONAL NON GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

<p>UN-HABITAT  United Nations Human Settlements Programme  International NGO  0092-51-835 7358,0092-51-835 7383  www.unhabitat.org.pk  GPO Box 1980, Islamabad, Pakistan  mailbox@unhabitat.org.pk</p>	<p>Catholic Relief Services (CRS)  International NGO  0092-51-2656181  fahad.khan@crs.org  farukh.khan@crs.org  House No 8, Street No 60, Sector F-7/4, Parbat Road, Islamabad</p>
<p>Children First (CF)  International NGO  0092-51-2286704-6  info@childrenfirst.org.pk  House No. 924, Street No. 28, Sector G-9/1, Islamabad</p>	<p>Danish Refugee Council (DRC)  International NGO  0092-91-5701896  0092-302-8590014  Fax: 0092-91-5701897  rem@drc-afpak.org  pm@drcpakistan.pk , saeed.ahmad@drcpakistan.pk  House No. 10/ C-2, Railway Road, University Town, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Help Age International (Help Age)  International NGO  0092-51-8356476  0092-051-8356486  Fax: 0092-51-8356486  info@helpage.org.pk  ajeeba.aslam@helpagesa.org  House No. 99, Street No. 60, Sector I-8/3, Islamabad</p>	<p>Hundreds of Original Projects for Employment (HOPE'87)  International NGO  0092-51-2602486  info@hope87.org  House No. 15-A, Street No. 62, Sector G-6/4, Islamabad</p>
<p>Inter Cooperation (IC)  International NGO  0092-91-5830416  0092-91-5830254, 0092-91-5829817  Fax: 0092-91-5829594  info@intercooperation.org.pk  icpak@itercooperation.org.pk  Inter Cooperation, House No. 60, Street No. 9, Sector G-III, Phase II, Hayatabad, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>International Catholic Migration Commission (ICMC)  International NGO  0092-051-2101550  info@icmc.net  House No. 30, Street No. 15, Sector F-11/2, Islamabad</p>
<p>International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC)  International NGO  0092 -51-9250416-17  Fax: 0092-51-9250418  yasir.manzoor@ifrc.org  National Headquarter, Sector H-8, Near Allama Iqbal Open University, Islamabad</p>	<p>Muslim Aid-UK (MA)  International NGO  0092 51 210 2249  0092 51 210 2252  Fax: 0092 51 221 3542  Mail@muslimaid.org.pk  House No: 228, Street No-23, F-11/2, Islamabad</p>
<p>Oxfam Pakistan (Oxfam)  International NGO  0092-51-2653342  Fax: 0092-51-2653491  oxfampak@oxfam.org.uk  mail@oxfampk.org.uk  House No. 201, Street No. 10, Sector E-7, Islamabad</p>	<p>Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS)  International NGO  0092-51-9250404  0092-51-9250405  Fax: 0092-51-9250413  hilal@isb.comsats.net.pk  PRCS National Headquarters, Sector H-8, Islamabad</p>
<p>Partner Aid International (PAI)  International NGO  0092-51-2212917  Fax: 0092-51-2212926  dean@partneraid.org  House No. 17- C, Nazim Uddin Road, Sector F-10/4,</p>	<p>Plan International Pakistan (PIP)  International NGO  0092-51-2609435-40  Fax: 0092-51-2609442  pakistan.co@plan-international.org  House No. 9, Street No. 32, Sector F-7/1, Islamabad</p>

Islamabad	
<p><b>Qatar Red Crescent (QRC)</b> International NGO 0092-51-9250416-7 0092-333-5115133, 0092-301-5280683, 0092-300-90696 Fax: 0092-51-9250418 khaliq1@hotmail.com IFRC-Pakistan Delegation, PRCS-National Headquarter, Sector H-8, Islamabad</p>	<p><b>RedR UK</b> International NGO 0092-51-8357974 0092-51-8357975 Fax: 0092-51-8437974 pakistan@redr.org.uk House No. 29-A Ground Portion, Street No. 32, Sector F 7/1, Islamabad</p>
<p><b>Relief International (RI)</b> International NGO 0092-51-2300630 0922-345-5566171 info@ri.org House No.22, Street No. 147, Sector G-13/4, Islamabad</p>	<p><b>Social Aid Pakistan (SAP)</b> International NGO 0092-51-4861634 writeus@socialaid.org ahmad@socialaid.org P.O. Box. No. 2075, Sector I-8/4, Islamabad</p>
<p><b>Information Management and Mine Action Programs (IMMAP)</b> International NGO 0092-21-35837242-3 Fax: 0092-51-8350753 support@himpakistan.pk support@drpakistan.pk 8th Floor Horizon Tower, Plot No. 2/6, Block III, Clifton, Karachi, Sindh</p>	<p><b>Christian Reformed World Relief Committee (CRWRC)</b> International NGO 0092-331-5302923 irmpakistan@gmail.com, Islamabad</p>
<p><b>Caritas Pakistan (CP)</b> International NGO 0092-42-36315584 0092-42-36315585 caritas@caritas.org.pk 0092-42-36368704 Caritas Pakistan National Secretariat, 23/3 Race Course Road - 54000 Pakistan, Lahore, Punjab</p>	<p><b>Church World Service – Pakistan / Afghanistan (CWS-P/A)</b> International NGO 0092-21-34390541-44 cwspa@cyber.net.pk 0092-21-4390922 House No. 42-H, PECHS, Dr. Mehmood Hussain Road, Block No.6, Karachi, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Solidar Switzerland (SS)</b> International NGO 0092-51-2300176 0092-51 8432091/0092-51-2300176 info@solidar-switzerland.org.pk House No. 580, Street No. 6, Sector G-11/1, Islamabad</p>	<p><b>CHEF International (CHEF)</b> International NGO 0092-51-2112921 – 25 Fax: 0092-51-21002170 info@chef.org.pk zahidshafiq@chef.org.pk House No. 24, Street No. 28, Sector- F-10/1, Islamabad</p>
<p><b>Swiss Foundation and International Cooperation (IC)</b> International NGO 0092-91-5830416, 0092-91-5829817 0092-91-5830254 Fax: 0092-91-5829594 icpak@intercooperation.org.pk House No.60, Street 09, Sector G-3, Phase 2, Hayatabad, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)</b> International NGO 0092-21-35861540 0092-21-35861541 -3 Fax: 0092 21 35835760, 0092 21 35761448 cro.pk@iucn.org 1, Bath Island Road Karachi, Karachi, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Focus Humanitarian Assistance Pakistan (FOCUS)</b> International NGO 0092-51-111253254 0092-51-2072500 / 30 Fax: 0092 51 2072551, 0092-51-2072552 focuspakistan@focushumanitarian.org Serena Bussines Complex Level 9, Khayaban-e-Suharwardy, Islamabad</p>	<p><b>Human Aid Focus (HAF)</b> International NGO 0092 -51-2872605 0092-300-5110852, 0092 -300-5534313 Fax: 0092 -51-2872605 humanaidfocus@yahoo.co.uk hafpk@yahoo.com House No. 2, Street NO. 37, Sector: F-6/1, Islamabad</p>
<p><b>Institute for Social and Environmental Transition (ISET)</b> International NGO 0092-51-2552188 Fax: 0092-51-2855756 fkhan@isetpk.org House No. 8-B, Street No. 1, Sector: F-8/3 , Islamabad</p>	<p><b>The World Bank (WB)</b> International NGO 0092-51-9090000 0092-51-2279641-7 Fax: 0092-51-2279648-9 mariamaltaf@worldbank.org sshajeel@worldbank.org 20-A Shahrah-e-Jamhuriat , Sector G-5/1 , Islamabad</p>
<p><b>Aga Khan Development Network (AKDN)</b> International NGO 0092-51-111253254 0092-51-2072500 Fax: 0092-51-2072551 erum.adnan@akdn.org</p>	<p><b>Shelter Now International (SNI)</b> International NGO 0092-300-0550001 0092-91-5703617 Fax: 0092-91-5840522 bafhayernaseem@gmail.com</p>

ans.irfan@akdn.org Agha Khan Development Network Seerana Business Complex, G-5 Level 9, Islamabad	House No.1 Pawaki, Circular Lane, University Town, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
<b>HTSPE</b> International NGO 0092-51-2894216 mir.quasmi@htspe.com.pk info@htspe.com.pk House No. 202, 2nd floor, 55-B, Islamabad Stock Exchange (ISE) Towers, Jinnah Avenue, Blue Area, Islamabad	<b>Action Contre la Faim (ACF)</b> 0092-51-2250212 Fax: 0092-51-2250213 hon.pk@acf-international.org www.actionagainsthunger.org/countries/asia/pakistan House No. 1-B, Street No. 34, Sector F-8/1 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory
<b>Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development (ACTED)</b> 0092-51-2653035, 0092-51-2277162 FAX: 0092-51-2653037 islamabad@acted.org www.acted.org House No. 5, Street No. 29, Sector F-7/1 Islamabad , Islamabad Capital Territory	<b>ActionAid Pakistan (AAP)</b> 0092-51-2611614-20, 0092-51-2611617 FAX: 0092-51-2611623 paras.tamang@actionaid.org, javeria.malik@actionaid.org www.actionaid.org/pakistan House No. 8, Street No 31, F-7/1 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory
<b>American Refugee Committee (ARC)</b> 0092-51-226060 1-4 FAX: 0092-51-2260605 info@arcpakistan.org, yasir@arcpakistan.org www.arcpakistan.org House No. 32-B, Street No. 25, Sector F-8/2, Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory	<b>Church World Service-Pakistan/Afghanistan (CWS-P/A)</b> 0092-21-34390541-44 FAX: 0092-21-4390922 cwspa@cyber.net.pk www.cwspa.org House No. 42-H, PECHS, Dr. Mehmood Hussain Road, Block No.6 Karachi Sindh
<b>CARE International (CARE) Pakistan</b> 0092-51-2855924-5, 0092-51-2254738-39 FAX: 0092-51-2855926 mail@careinternational.org.pk www.careinternational.org.pk House No.10, Street No. 37, Sector F-8/1 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory	<b>Catholic Relief Services</b> 0092-51-2656181 fahad.khan@crs.org, farukh.khan@crs.org www.crs.org House No 8, Street No 60, Sector F-7/4, Parbat Road Islamabad , Islamabad Capital Territory
<b>CESVI</b> 0092-51-2853364 FAX: 0092-51-2853363 pakistan@cesvioverseas.org www.cesvi.eu House No.8-B, Street No. 60, Sector F-8/4 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory	<b>Concern Worldwide</b> 0092-51-2609161-91 FAX: 0092-51-2609190 pakistan.islamabad.info@concern.net www.concern.net House No. 8, Street No. 30, Sector F-7/1 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory
<b>Danish Refugee Council (DRC)</b> 0092-91-5701896, 0092-302-8590014 FAX: 0092-91-5701897 rem@drc-afpak.org, pm@drcpakistan.pk , saeed.ahmad@drcpakistan.pk drc.dk/relief-work/where-we-work/central-asia/pakistan/ House No. 10/ C-2, Railway Road, University Town Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	<b>Diakonie Katastrophenhilfe</b> 0092-51-8312530 FAX: 0092-51-8312531 dpm@dkh-pakistan.org www.diakonie-katastrophenhilfe.at/goto/en/katastrophenhilfe/pakistan House No. 1, Street No.15, Sector F/8-3 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory
<b>Handicap International</b> 0092-303-5341306, 0092-342-5928856 hom@hi-pakistan.org, me.coordo@hi-pakistan.org www.handicap-international.org House No. 245, Street No. 52, Sector F-10/4 Islamabad Capital Territory	<b>Help Age International</b> 0092-51-8356476, 0092-051-8356486 FAX: 0092-51-8356486 info@helpage.org.pk, ajeeba.aslam@helpagesa.org www.helpage.org House No. 99, Street No. 60, Sector I-8/3 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory
<b>Helping Hand for Relief And Development</b> 0092-051-8438800, 0092-051-8438801 – 2 FAX: 0092-051-8314973 fazal.rehman@hhrd.pk, info@hhrd.pk www.hhrd.org HHRD Plaza, Plot #1, Bazar No-7, Street No.38, Umar Market, G-10/4 Islamabad Capital Territory	<b>International Rescue Committee (IRC)</b> 0092-51-2822214-6 Fax: 0092-51-2822284 faheemuddin.khushik@pakistan.theirc.org, faheemfani@gmail.com www.rescue.org/where/pakistan House No. 11, Street No. 4, Sector F-6/3 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory
<b>Islamic Help</b> Tel: +92- 51- 2601751-2 Fax: +92- 51- 2601753 Email: info@islamichelp.org.pk Islamic Help 11, Main School Road F-6/1 Islamabad Pakistan	<b>Mercy Corps</b> 0092-51-2878082-84, 0092-300-8564112 Fax: 0092-51-2878081 anoor@pk.mercycorps.org, mhussain@pk.mercycorps.org

	<p>www.mercycorps.org/countries/pakistan House No. 152, Main Margala Road, Sector F-6/3 , Islamabad Capital Territory</p>
<p><b>Qatar Charity</b> 0092-51-2212240, 0092-51-2212241 Fax: 0092-51-2212239 info@qcharity.org.pk www.qcharity.org.pk House No. 31 Street No. 111, Sector G-11/3 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory</p>	<p><b>SOLIDARITES INTERNATIONAL</b> 0092-51-2213325 Fax: 0092-51-2213325 www.solidarites.org/en/nos-missions/pakistan adm.coo@solidarites.org, hom@solidarites.org House No. 91-A, Street No. 43, Sector F-10/4 Islamabad Capital Territory</p>
<p><b>Tearfund</b> 0092-233-512166, 0092-233-864413 ashraf.mall@tearfund.org, pakistan-hrm@tearfund.org www.tearfund.org Tearfund Pakistan Office, BTC Compound, Ali Town Mirpur Khas Sindh</p>	<p><b>World Vision</b> 0092-51-2287126-32 Fax: 0092-51-2287135 pakistan.worldvision.org sajida_mansoor@wvi.org, alexander_davey@wvi.org House No. 3 Street No. 2, Sector F-8/3 Islamabad Islamabad Capital Territory</p>

### LOCAL NON GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

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<p><b>Community Empowerment and Development Organization (CEDO)</b> 0092-91-346-9129093 0092-91-345-9369580 cedo.org2010@yahoo.com Near Rehman Hotel Khar Bajaur Agency, FATA</p>	<p><b>Community Research and Development Organization (CRDO)</b> 0092-91-5852202 0092-91-5852282 info@crdopk.org imraninam@mysteryre.pk House No. B-2, New Arbab Colony, Abdara Road Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p><b>Doaba Foundation (DOABA)</b> 0092-61-6213256 0092-61-6213256 doaba.foundation@doabafoundation.org H. No.1, Street No.2, Behind Toyota Showroom, Shalimar Colony, Bosan Road, Multan, Punjab</p>	<p><b>Dosti Development Foundation (DDF)</b> 0092-91-5606204 0092-300-592-5322 0092-91-5606205 info@ddf.org.pk 1st Floor, Noor Allied Heights, Near Qayyum Stadium, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p><b>Environmental Protection Society (EPS)</b> 0092-946-9240254 0092-946-721062 info@eps-swat.org Environmental Protection Society, Darbar, Swat Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>Integrated Community Development Initiative (ICDI)</b> 0092-91-5842744 0092-303-8815551 FAX: 0092-91-5845411 icdirub@gmail.com corneliusasghar@gmail.com House No. 4, Street No. 1, Near Buraq Education System, Tambuwan Stop, University Road, Peshawar</p>
<p><b>Livelihood Initiative for Human Excellence (LIFE)</b> 0092-347-5230414 lifekpk786@yahoo.com lifepakistan786@gmail.com, wazirali64@gmail.com OfficeNo. UG-391-A, Deans Trade Centre, Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>Pakistan Village Development Programme (PVDP)</b> 0092-91-5846604 0092-91-5846605, 0092-346-6611666 FAX: 0092-91-5846605 ziaulhaq@pvdppak.org, pvdpp@brain.net.pk ziapvdpp@gmail.com Pakistan Village Development Programme House: 10/A, Hadi Lane, Old Bara road, University Town, Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p><b>Peace and Development Organization (PADO)</b> 0092-300-5929056 0092-91-570 3647</p>	<p><b>Strengthening Participatory Organization (SPO)</b> 0092-51-2228681-4 0092-51-2228691, 0092-51-8444904</p>

<p>furqan@pado.org.pk shernaseer@yahoo.com H.No. 15 B (4), Old Jamrud Road, University Town, Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>info@spopk.org House No. 09, Street No 51, Sector E-11/3, Islamabad</p>
<p>Sungi Development Foundation (SDF) 0092-992-385710 0092-992-385713 FAX: 0092-992-385769 sungi@sungi.org Sungi Development Foundation A 25, Small Industrial Estate Mandian, Abbottabad</p>	<p>Swat Participatory Council (SPC) 0092-946-721296 0092-345-9510067 roshanswat@gmail.com spcswat@gmail.com Naeem House, Near Girls College, Swat Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Swat Youth Front (SYF) 0092-946-723388 0092-300-5744611 0092-946-710668 syf@syfswat.org Swat Youth Front, Opposite Grassy Ground, Swat Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Trust for Voluntary Organizations (TVO) 0092-51-9211399 0092-51-2270253 FAX: 0092-51-2275803 contact@tvo.org.pk amjadzebkhani@gmail.com House No. 28, Old Embassy Road, Ataturk Avenue, Sector G-6/, Islamabad</p>
<p>Pakistan Fisherfolk Forum (PFF) 0092-213-5092862/0092-213-4534463 0092-21-35090543 FAX: 0092-213-5092862 pakistanfisherfolk@hotmail.com Sachall Hall, Ibrahim Hyderi, Bin Qasim Town 75190, Karachi Sindh</p>	<p>Organization for Social Development Initiatives (OSDI) 0092-213-2446208 0092-213-2446209 FAX: 0092-213-2410723 contact@osdi.org 9th Floor Business Centre, Mumtaz Hassan Road, Sindh</p>
<p>Sayya Foundation (SF) 0092-604-683190 FAX: 0092-604-330377 sayyafoundation@yahoo.com Chowk Kotla Naseer, P.O Box No. 8, Rajanpur, Punjab</p>	<p>Society for the Advancement of Nature, Justice &amp; Health (SANJH) 0092-66-2040598 0092-341-7022965 info@sanjh.org.pk sanjhorg.pk@gmail.com Pakistan Public School, Gurmani Town, Tehsil Kot Addu, Muzaffargarh</p>
<p>Participatory Development Initiatives (PDI) 0092-21-35842762 0092-21-35842763 FAX: 0092-21-35842763 pdi@pdi.org.pk PDI House, 2nd Floor, Plot # 34-C, Street # 10, Badar Commercial, DHA Phase- V, Karachi, Sindh</p>	<p>Tameer-e-Khalq Foundation (TKF) 0092-81-2870124 FAX: 0092-81-2823497 info@tameerekhalaq.org House No. 80-A, near LGS School, Jinnah Town, Quetta Balochistan</p>
<p>LASOONA 0092-946-9240071 0092-946-9240072 FAX: 0092-946-721421 lasoona@gmail.com info@lasoona.org College Officers Colony, Swat, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Laar Humanitarian and Development Program (LHDP) 0092-346-3752227 0092-333-2758907 info@lhdp-pakistan.org iqbal.hyder@lhdp-pakistan.org Bungalow No: 68, Ali Town, Opposite Session Court, Badin</p>
<p>Sindh Rural Support Program (SRSP) 0092-22-2654446 FAX: 0092-22-2655382 info@sindhrrsp.org A-9, Hyderabad Town, Phase II, Qasimabad, Hyderabad Sindh</p>	<p>Indus Development Organization (IDO) 0092-22-2654117/0092-331-3556353 0092-331-3556353 FAX: 0092-22-2654117 info@idosindh.org zaindp@gmail.com Banglow No B- 36 Faraz Villaz 2, Near Nasim Nagar Chowk, Qasimabad, Hyderabad</p>
<p>Kurram Welfare Home (KWH) 0092-0300-7265533 0092-341-7444447 kwh_org1@hotmail.com Quraish Market, Tehsil Sadda, FATA Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p>Research and Development Foundation (RDF) 0092-22-2651728 FAX: 0092-22-2659219 mail.rdfoundation.org.pk House No.D6, Naseem Nagar, Phase-III Near, Eden Grammar School, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>
<p>Takhleeq Foundation</p>	<p>Lodhran Pilot Project</p>

<p>(TF) 0092-213-4130313 0092-213-4130314 FAX: 0092-213-4130315 info@takhleeqfoundation.org House No. C-14, Opposite Nomani Masjid, Al-Hilal Housing Society, Opposite Askari Park, Behind PSO Petrol Pump, University Road, Karachi, Sindh</p>	<p>(LPP) 0092-608-362928, 0092-608-361030 0092-345-4977773 FAX: 0092-608-363199 info@lpp.org.pk Kehror Pacca Road, Lodhran, Punjab</p>
<p>Sewa Development Trust Sindh (SDTS) 0092-243-554082 0092-300-3123739 FAX: 0092-243-554082 sewatrustsindh@yahoo.co.uk info@sewatrust.org House No. A-3, third floor, Civic Centre, Khairpur, Sindh</p>	<p>Sanjh Foundation (SF) 0092-345-9997877 0092-301-6951534 sanjh_org@hotmail.com, nazimbaloach@sanjhfoundation.org Sanjh Complex Dinpur Alipur road, Muzaffargarh, Punjab</p>
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<p>Rural Development Policy Institute (RDPI) 0092-300-5003704 0092-51-2854523 FAX: 00-92-51-2854783 mail@rdpi.org.pk House No. 755, Street No. 24, Sector G-9/1, Islamabad</p>	<p>Struggliens's Pakistan Social Welfare Organization (SPSO) 0092-715-633478 FAX: 0092-715-633478 info@spsso.org.pk SPSO House # C-123, Steet # 09, Hamdard Housing Society, Abbasi Road, Sukkur, Sindh</p>
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<p>Awami Development Organization (ADO) 0092-606-412571 0092-606-315575 msgul98@hotmail.com, info@awammi.org ed@awammi.org House # 6-C, Housing Colony Phase-II, Layyah, Punjab</p>	<p>Admiral Development Organization (ADO) 0092-25-4003477 0092-300-3270452 FAX: 0092-25-4710460 admiral.dev.org@gmail.com House No. 1/13 Block-D, Abdullah Apartment, Near Gird Station, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>
<p>MOJAZ Foundation (MF) 0092-542-412-313 0092-542-413-313 FAX: 0092-542-413-313 info@mojaz.org</p>	<p>Society for Community Development Balochistan (SCD) 0092-81-2870518 FAX: 0092-81-2870524 info@scdpk.org House No. 21-B, Jinnah Town, Quetta, Balochistan</p>

Pakistan Head Office: Opposite DCO House, Near Islamia Post Graduate Boys Collegue, Circular Road, Narowal, Punjab	
<b>Al-Mehran Rural Development Organization Sindh (AMRDO)</b> 0092-222-103230 FAX: 0092-222-103230 info@amrdo.org jabbar@amrdo.org Bungalow No 14-A Abdullah City Bungalow near Naseem Nagar Chowk, Hyderabad, Sindh	<b>Sindh Community Foundation (SCF)</b> 0092-22-2107676 0092-300-3049303 FAX: 0092-22-2107676 sindhfoundation@yahoo.com B-14, Model Town, Near Chandio Goth, Qasimabad, Hyderabad, Sindh
<b>Pattan Development Organization (PDO)</b> 0092-51-2299494 0092-51-2211875 FAX: 0092-51-2291547 info@pattan.org House No. 5, Street No. 58, F-10/3, Islamabad	<b>Health and Nutrition Development Society (HANDS)</b> 0092-21-34532804 0092-21-34527698 FAX: 0092-21-34559252 info@hands.org.pk 140-C, Block II, PECHS, Near Kashmir Road, Karachi, Sindh
<b>Azad Jammu and Kashmir Rural Support Program (AJKRSP)</b> 0092-5822433031 0092-3335888741 FAX: 0092-5822433034 attique.ajkrsp@gmail.com House No D-95, Street No 15, Upper Chattar, Muzaffarabad Azad Kashmir	<b>SAMI Foundation (SF)</b> 0092-238-571593 FAX: 0092-238-571593 sami.foundation@gmail.com info@samifoundation.org.pk Near Eye Hospital, Akber-e-Azam Road, Umerkot, Sindh
<b>Primary Education Project (PEP, DoH)</b> 0092-22-2633450 eric.ibraham@gmail.com Diocesan Education Centre, St. Philips Church Compound, 3 Jacob Road, Tilak Incline, Hyderabad, Sindh	<b>Spatial Planning and Development Engineering Foundation (SPADE)</b> 0092-423-5312712 0092-321-7111197 intute.ltd@live.com Mohammad Ali Johar Town, H.No.667, Block-P, Lahore, Punjab
<b>Karachi Relief Trust (KRT)</b> 0092-302-5415941 0092-300-2346434 info@karachirelief.org imran.fuchsia@gmail.com, saeedtaqi@gmail.com Flat A - 5, Clifton Garden 1, FL - 1, Block - 3, Clifton, Karachi Sindh	<b>Rising Educational and Environmental Development Society (REEDS)</b> 0092-300-3702453 0092-300-3708659 FAX: 0092-838-710256 reeds619@gmail.com reeds_nasirabad@yahoo.com REEDS, C/O Haq Bahu Photo State, Naseerabad, Balochistan
<b>Pakistan International Peace and Human Rights Organization (PIPHRO)</b> 0092-297-745924 0092-333-2668296 piphro_org@yahoo.com piphro@gmail.com P.O Nindo Shaher, Badin, Sindh	<b>Sustainable Development Society (SDS)</b> 0092-996-850744 0092-996-414243 FAX: 0092-996-850618 sds@sds.org.pk Bahind Distric Court, Near District Forest Office, Alpurai, Shangla, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
<b>Advocacy, Research, Training and Services (ARTS) Foundation (ARTS)</b> 0092-233-863232 FAX: 0092-233-863232 artsfoundation@yahoo.com info@artsfoundation.org.pk , artsfoundation.pakistan@gmail.com House No. 21, Commercial Area, SatelliteTown, Mirpurkhas, Sindh	<b>Sindh Desert Development Organization (SDDO)</b> 0092-331-3885606 0092-238-517476 FAX: 0092-238-406846 sddoukt@gmail.com B- 16, Near Civil Hospital, Thar bazar, Umerkot, Sindh
<b>Balochistan Social Development Program (BSDP)</b> 0092-81-2863683 0092-300-3846330 FAX: 0092-81-2863683 bsdp_qta@yahoo.com bsdp_qta@hotmail.com House No. 117-C Samangli Housing Scheme, Quetta Balochistan	<b>Asia Humanitarian Organization (AHO)</b> 0092-91-2601017 0092-301-8878533 info@aho.org.pk ahmadnawaz@aho.org.pk H.No.74-B, Main Abdara Road, University Town, Peshawar Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

<p><b>Social Effort for Education and Development (SEED)</b>                  0092-91-5841843                  FAX: 0092-91-5852134                  info@seed.org.pk                  4 – C, Circular Lane, University Town, Peshawar                  Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>Association for women’s awareness and rural development (AWARD)</b>                  0092-41-8565542                  FAX: 0092-41-8565621                  award21m@brain.net.pk                  info@awardpakistan.org                  Azeem House, Street # 10, Barkatpura (Warispura)                  Faisalabad, Punjab</p>
<p><b>Sindh Rural Partners Organization (SRPOO)</b>                  0092-233-862447                  FAX: 0092-233-862447                  srpo.hyd@gmail.com                  House# 15, Block 18, Satellite Town, Mirpurkhas, Sindh</p>	<p><b>Social Watch and Welfare Development (SWWD)</b>                  0092-235-841224                  0092-300-3033223                  swwdpc@gmail.com                  SWWD Office, Brohi Manzil, Near Civil Shahdadpur Institute of Medical Sciences, Sanghar, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Rural Support Programs Network (RSPN)</b>                  0092-51-2829141 , 0092-51-2829556                  0092-51-2822476 , 0092-51-2821736                  FAX: 0092-51-2829115                  info@rspn.org.pk                  House No.7, Street No. 49, Sector: F-6/4, Islamabad</p>	<p><b>Roshni Pakistan</b>                  0092-61-6539293                  FAX: 0092-61-6539293                  roshnipakistan@yahoo.com                  House No. 94-A, Street No.7, Al Quraish Housing Society, Sher Shah Road, Multan, Punjab</p>
<p><b>Society for Sustainable Development (SSD)</b>                  0092-91-5843414                  0092-300-9003181                  FAX: 0092-91-5843414                  awake23@yahoo.com                  SSD House No. 13-B, Rehman Baba Road, Opposite British Lodge, University Town.Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>Pakistan Rural Initiatives for Emergency Preparedness, Response and Development (PREPARED)</b>                  0092-91-5843644                  0092-301-5602469                  Info@prepared.com.pk                  gkhan@prepared.com.pk                  House No.41, Gulshan Iqbal Town, Arbab Road, Peshawar                  Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p><b>Community Development Network Organization (CDNO)</b>                  0092-722-650216                  FAX: 0092-722-650991                  cdno.org@gmail.com                  Near Pir Bukhari, Jamia Mosque , Jacobabad, Sindh</p>	<p><b>Watan Development Organization (WDO)</b>                  0092-243-528466                  FAX: 0092-243-641352                  watandevlopment.org@gmail.com                  info@watan.org.pk                  House .No. 2570, Station Road, Gambat, Khairpur, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Association for Betterment of Oppressed Pakistani People (BOPP Association)</b>                  0092-300-3011259                  0092-321-3024240                  FAX: 0092-332-2624454                  info@bopp.org                  Association for Betterment of Oppressed Pakistani People,Near Yasrub Hotel, Goods Naka, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>	<p><b>Cavish Development Foundation (CDF)</b>                  0092-51-2212434                  FAX: 0092-51-2100954                  info@cavish.org                  House No. 266-B, Street No. 31, Sector F-10/1, Islamabad</p>
<p><b>Serve Foundation Pakistan (SFP)</b>                  0092--333-2753432                  0092--313-2226858                  aftab@servefoundation.org.pk                  Near Hassan Ali Shah Imam Bargaha, Shahdadkot, Sindh</p>	<p><b>Life Development Foundation (LDF)</b>                  0092-51-2352834                  0092-345-5897493                  FAX: 0092-51-2355901                  info@lifedevelopmentfoundation.org                  House No. 200, 3rd Road, Sector G-10/4, Islamabad</p>
<p><b>Samaj Development Foundation (SDF)</b>                  0092-301-5105788                  samajdf@gmail.com                  First Floor Muslim Commercial Bank, Gulshan Iqbal Branch, Rahim Yar Khan, Punjab</p>	<p><b>Aga Khan Rural Support Programme (AKRSP)</b>                  0092-51-2100645                  0092-345-5904947                  info@akrsp.org.pk                  House No.343, Street No. 32, F-11/2, Islamabad</p>
<p><b>JAGGARTA Social Welfare Organization (JO)</b>                  0092-233-866391                  0092-334-3553908 ,0092-302-3319533                  FAX: 0092-233-866391                  info@jaggarta.org                  jaggarta@yahoo.com                  House # 1440 / 29,Karimabad, Mirpurkhas, Sindh</p>	<p><b>Education Awareness and Community Health (EACH)</b>                  0092-41-5504488                  0092-333-6116872                  FAX: 0092-41-2404488                  each@nexlinx.net.pk                  info@each.org.pk                  Main Bazar Masoodabad, Near Sultan Chowk, Samanabad, Faisalabad, Punjab</p>

<p><b>Human and Enterprise Development Institute (HEDI)</b> 0092-5811-450302 0092-306-8000679 FAX: 0092-5811-450302 hedi.glt@gmail.com Naveed Shaheed Road, Near Sedna School, Gilgit</p>	<p><b>Aakash Welfare Society (AWS)</b> 0092-22-2654055 0300-2371853 FAX: 0092-22-2654055 aaksahwshyd@gmail.com khalidshah_a@yahoo.com H-100/10, HDA Banglows Near Marvi Lawn, Banglow E-446, Gulistan-e-Sajad, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>
<p><b>AASAAN Foundation (AF)</b> 0092-51-4449891 0092-51-4447416 FAX: 0092-51-4447415 info@aasaan.org House No. 236, Street No. 29, Sector: I-9/1, Islamabad</p>	<p><b>Action Against Poverty (AAP)</b> 0092-61-4541799, 0092-300-6307403 0092-313-6306666 sarfraclement@gmail.com aappk@brain.net 60 La Salle Colony, Behind Naqashband Colony, Khanewal Road, Multan, Punjab</p>
<p><b>Social and Educational Environment Development Society (SEEDS)</b> 0092-333-3898330 0092-837-430027 rasheed_magsi2002@yahoo.com seedsjhallmagsi@yahoo.com Basti kamal Shah, Post Office Gandawa, Jhall Magsi, Balochistan</p>	<p><b>Jeejal Foundation Sindh (JF)</b> 0092-723-684019 0092-3018319019 FAX: 0092-723-684019 jeejalfoundation@gmail.com ghotojaved@gmail.com Jawad Colony, Street # 01, Banglow # 01, By-Pass Road, Ghotki, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Participatory Development Initiative (PDI)</b> 0092-937-875810 0092-300-9176198 pdi.org2010@gmail.com miralishahh@yahoo.com House No. 171, Street No.6, Sector-D, Sheikh Maltoon Town, Mardan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>Pak Rural Development Programme (PRDP)</b> 0092-336-5250036 0092-997-310216 prdpbtg@gmail.com iivcbtg@gmail.com Dr. Zareen Building, Police Colony, Back side Young Muslim School College, Battagram, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p><b>Dehi Samaji Taraqiati Council (DSTC)</b> 0092-346-6443091 0092-302-6443091 FAX: 0092-604-690003 dstc.org@gmail.com Kla NoorTown Band Road, Rajan Pur, Punjab</p>	<p><b>Center of Excellence for Rural Development (CERD)</b> 0092-91-5851801 Fax: 0092-91-5851802 cerd.nwfp@gmail.com xmasyp@gmail.com House No. 27-A, Syed Jamaludin Afghani Road, University Town, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p><b>Development Concerns (DC)</b> 0092-333-9964742 0092-300-5791330 d.concerns@gmail.com nthaeem@gmail.com Malik Inayat Ullah House, Khayaban-e-Iqbal Town, Near Alizai Daal Mill, Multan Road, D.I.Khan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>Innovative Development Organization (IDO)</b> 0092-81-2834917 0092-81-2834642 Fax: 0092-81-2838823 ali@ido.org, info@ido.org ido_qta@yahoo.com House No. 69-A, Chaman Housing Scheme, Quetta, Balochistan</p>
<p><b>Integrated Rural Awareness and Development Organization (IRADO)</b> 0092-345-3789946 Fax: 0092-22-3830301 irado54@yahoo.com info@iradosindh.org Banblow # B14, AlMustafa Town, Phase 2, Qasimabad, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>	<p><b>Mehran Rural Development Society (MRDS)</b> 0092-306-2339743 0092-333-2782102 mehran.mrds@yahoo.com info@mrdssindh.org Ahsan Shah Colony, Near Marvi Hospital, Hyderabad Road, Matli, Badin, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Association for Human Development (AHD)</b> 0092-51-2890020 0092-333-5026459 FAX: 0092-51-2890020 ahd.pakistan@yahoo.com main@ahd.org.pk Office No.2, Block 25, PHA Near ZTBL, Sector: G-7/1, Islamabad</p>	<p><b>Organization for Participatory Development (OPD)</b> 0092-55-4232165 0092-55-4232166 Fax: 0092-55-4232166 opd_ho@yahoo.com, Rehmat Pura, Near Al-Janat Bakers, Noweshra Road, Gujranwala, Punjab</p>
<p><b>Society for Environment Action Reconstruction and</b></p>	<p><b>Rights and Rights Social Society</b></p>

<p><b>Humanitarian Response (SEACRH)</b>                  0092-25-4710299                  0092-300-3250826                  Fax: 0092-25-4710299                  info@search.org.pk                  Housing Society, Dadu Town, Daro Road, Dadu, Sindh</p>	<p><b>(RRSS)</b>                  0092-333-7405060                  0092-333-6009884                  rightsandrights@yahoo.com                  Rehman College Near Nothren Railway Crossing Mini Bypass, Muzafargarh, Punjab</p>
<p><b>Sangat Development Foundation (SDF)</b>                  0092-334-3475360                  Fax: 0092-244-362011                  sangatsindh@gmail.com                  nisarbrosi@yahoo.com                  Flat # 07, Sharif Building Market Road, Nawabshah, Sindh</p>	<p><b>Building Advanced Society through Integrated Community (BASIC) Development Foundation (BASIC DF)</b>                  0092-222-652301                  Fax: 0092-222-652301                  info@basicdf.org.pk                  House No. C-06, Prince Town, Phase-II, Wadhu Wah Road, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Sustainable Development Organization (SDO)</b>                  0092-5822-203397                  0092-300-9773466                  info@sdo.org.pk                  khurram@sdo.org.pk                  Near WWF Office, Opposite Jamia Masjid, Old Chungi Chowk, Domail Syedan Garipan, Muzaffarabad, AJ&amp;K</p>	<p><b>Community Social Welfare Council (CSWC)</b>                  0092-51-5538578                  0092-51-2561611                  Fax: 0092-51-5538578                  cswc66@gmail.com                  khalidleo@gmail.com                  House No. 1-A (Family Health Clinic), Mohallah Eidgah, Opp. TB Hospital, Rawalpindi, Punjab</p>
<p><b>AL-KHIDMAT</b>                  0092-969-352395                  Fax: 0092-969-352395                  alkhidmat.org@gmail.com                  alkhidmat.org2001@gmail.com                  House No. 494/B, Nawab Street, Bannu, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>Neelab Children and Women Development Council (NCWDC)</b>                  0092-333-6476588                  0092-312-6476588, 0092-306-6476588                  neelabranjanpur@gmail.com                  aftabmasto@gmail.com                  Mohalla Mohsin Shah, Ward No.12, Rajanpur, Punjab</p>
<p><b>National Development Organization (NDO)</b>                  0092-300-9058550                  0092-91-5843951                  Fax: 0092-91-5852659                  ceo.ndo@gmail.com                  asgharali@consultant.com                  NDO 3- Jhandagai, Opposite Usmania Restaurant, University Road, Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>Sustainable Development Foundation Sindh (SDF)</b>                  0092-235-541666                  0092-333-2912837                  Fax: 0092-235-541666                  sdfsinh@gmail.com                  House # 946/34, District Council Colony, Sanghar, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Aurat Association (AA)</b>                  0092-997-303010                  0092-301 8170632                  Fax: 0092-997-303010                  auratassociation@hotmail.com                  House No. A-117 Ghazi Kot Township, Main Road, Mansehra Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>	<p><b>Islamia Educational and Welfare Society (IEWS)</b>                  0092-838-613722                  0092-300-3426500                  Fax: 0092-331-3426500                  sdip29@yahoo.com                  nazir.iews@gmail.com                  Ali Gohar Chowk Civil Hospital Road, Usta Muhammad, Jaffarabad, Balochistan</p>
<p><b>Foundation for Women and Children (FWC)</b>                  0092-254-730015                  0092-333-2700306                  fwc.sindh@gmail.com                  mangi_saleh@yahoo.com                  Street # 4, Hatta Mohalla, Mehar City, Dadu, Sindh</p>	<p><b>Rural Development Foundation Sindh (RDF)</b>                  0092-300-3055698                  rdf_jamshoro@yahoo.com                  ssdosindh@gmail.com                  Plot#A-95, Syedabad, Near Sandoz Company, Taluka Kotri, Jamshoro, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Society for Environmental and Social Enhance (SENSE)</b>                  0092-838-612523                  0092-302-2368906                  Fax: 0092-838-612226                  sensenpo@gmail.com                  moazzam_s@hotmail.com                  New Saleem Colony, Usta Muhammad, Jaffarabad, Balochistan</p>	<p><b>Strengthening Participatory Awareness for Community Empowerment (SPACE)</b>                  0092-333-2925440                  0092-300-2419158                  space.sindh@gmail.com                  House # C- 156, Makli Housing Society, Thatta, Sindh</p>
<p><b>Al-Khidmat Welfare Association (AKWA)</b>                  0092-969-707773                  0092-333-9855545</p>	<p><b>Bhittani Welfare Organization (BWO)</b>                  0092-333-9855545                  0092-333-9721010</p>

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<p>Social Mobilization Advocacy Research and Training (SMART) 0092-81-2864104 0092-300-3815644 smart.cso@gmail.com House No, 01-B/R, Chaman Housing Scheme, Airport Road, Quetta, Balochistan</p>	<p>Falak Development &amp; Welfare Association Sindh (FDWA) 0092-301-3293483 0092- 334-2010767 falak_development@yahoo.com Drib Mohalla, Near Noor Muhammadi Primary School, Shahdad Kot, Sindh</p>
<p>Pak-Consultants International (PCI) 0092-51-4864916 0092-346-5391712 Fax: 0092-51-4864916 drghayur@yahoo.com adnan_qureshi888@yahoo.com House No.718, Street No.82, Sector: I-8/4, Islamabad</p>	<p>Sir Syed Welfare Society (SWS) 0092-333-6476588 0092-333-6450505 aftabmastoi@gmail.com Ghazali House, Near Raheem School, Jampur, Punjab</p>
<p>Good Thinkers Organization for Human Development (GTO) 0092-49-2009890 0092-322-6812700 waqasabid@gtopak.org good_thinkers@yahoo.com Daily Muashrat Building, Tehsil Road, Kot Ghulam Muhammad Khan, Kasur, Punjab</p>	<p>Haleema Development Organization (HDO) 0092-66-2240932 0092-300-7483109 Fax: 0092-66-2242252 hdo_2002@yahoo.com haleema1122@gmail.com Fareedi City Service, G.T Road, Muzaffargarh, Punjab</p>
<p>Human Development Initiative Pakistan (HDI) 0092-22-2106212 0092-336-6879609 Fax: 0092-22-2106213 info@hdi-pakistan.org House.No. A-198/1, Al-Raheem Villaz, Qasimabad, Hyderabad Sindh</p>	<p>Human Dignity Society (HDS) 0092-81-2870543 0092-300-8388363 dignity_human@hotmail.com director_hds@gmail.com House No. B-47, Jinnah Town, Near Labour Colony, Quetta Balochistan</p>
<p>Humanitarian Assistance and Development Foundation (HADF) 0092-333-2699409 0092-300-3002292 hadf.development@yahoo.com House No: A-03, Sumera Noureen Cottages, Near Boys Degree College, QasimTown, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>	<p>Management and Governance Network Society (MAGNETS) 0092-71-5633832 0092-300-3181146 Fax: 0092-715633832 sindhmagnets@gmail.com magnets@magnets.org.pk Military Road Bi-pass Near Blue line Bus Stop Bashirabad, Sukkur, Sindh</p>
<p>Human Oriented Poverty and Education Foundation (HOPE) 0092-333-5958405 0092-321-9840200 naveed_ps@yahoo.com info_hopef@yahoo.com Block No. 56, 1st Floor, Suit No. 2, INT Center, Sector: G-10/4, Islamabad</p>	<p>Rawadari Development Organization (RAWADARI) 0092-307-7373005 0092-300-9877211 rawadari.ngo@gmail.com salibukhari@gmail.com 12-A, City Square Plaza, Near Chungi No. 7, Multan, Punjab</p>
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<p>Smile Welfare Organization (SWO) 0092-343-8787929 0092-307-4111228 smileswo@gmail.com drive.pakistan@yahoo.com House # 504/A-Abbas Block Mustafa town Wahdat Road.Lahore, Punjab</p>	<p>Young Relief Service &amp; Development Organization Sindh (YRSDO) 0092-300-3170257 yrsto@hotmail.com zahid.yrsto@gmail.com Near Naik Muhammad Suhriyani Banglo Eid gah Mohala, Kashmor, Sindh</p>
<p>Community Support Concern (CSC)</p>	<p>Teacher Empowerment Centre (ABES)</p>

<p>0092-42-35123623 0092-42-35120410 Fax: 0092-42-35114363 cscpk@brain.net.pk Building # 319 Block 4 Sector D1 Green Town, Lahore, Punjab</p>	<p>0092-55-3866014 0092-55- 3845491 Fax: 0092-55-3258314 gwaabes@brain.net.pk webmaster@abestc.org Teacher Empowerment Centre, Civil Lines, Daska Road,, Gujranwala, Punjab</p>
<p>Dhartee Development Society (DDS) 0092-22-3667141 0092-333-2682088 info@dds.org.pk, dhartee.org@gmail.com dds@dds.org.pk, dhartee_org@yahoo.com A-73, Al-Rehman Cottage, Opposite Honda Palace, Bi-Pass, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>	<p>Handicap and Orphan Children's Charity Society (HOCCS) 0092-41-8716658 0092-300-9662555 hoccs@hotmail.com P-123 /A, Main Colony, Near Sultani Masjid, P.O. Box 1093, Faisalabad, Punjab</p>
<p>Sindh Agriculture Development Association (SADA) 0092-333-2978960 sada.agri@yahoo.com Sindh Agriculture Development Association Office Near Taluka Agriculture Extension Office Thar Bazar, Umerkot Sindh</p>	<p>Humanitarian Rural Development Society (HRDS) 0092-300-0289710 hrdsbadin@gmail.com hrdsbadin@yahoo.com HN 52, Ali Town, Near Session Court, Badin, Sindh</p>
<p>Shaheed Bhutto Foundation (SBF) 0092-51-8431450-5 0092-51-8431456 info@sbf.org.pk sbfpak@gmail.com House No. 12- B, Street No. 54, Sector F-7/4, Islamabad</p>	<p>Strategy to Empower People (STEP) 0092-604-335291 0092-333-6434554 Fax: 0092-604-335291 step.orggrp@gmail.com Bodla Colony, Street No. 6, Near Zikray Public School, Rajanpur, Punjab</p>
<p>The Center for Communication and Development (CCD) 0092-332-3321560 tccdpc@gmail.com House No. C-123, Revenue Cooperative Housing Society, Near City School, Jinnah Campus, Hyderabad, Sindh</p>	<p>Rural Uplift Program (RUP) 0092-997-312291 0092-333-5444673 rup_nwfp@yahoo.com RUP Ghfar Khan Market, near Pepsi Agency, Battagram Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Women Welfare Organization Poonch (WWOP) 0092-58244-26570 0092-58244-25863 wwopoonch@gmail.com P.O. Paniola, Tehsil Rawalakot, Poonch Azad Jammu Kashmir</p>	<p>Rising Organization for Social Works and Education (ROSE Pakistan) 0092-333-9862738 0092-300-9142258 rose.org.pk@gmail.com sakhijan81@gmail.com House No: 2-A, Wali Colony, the Mall, Nowshera, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa</p>
<p>Human Empowerment to Lead &amp; to Progress Foundation HELP Foundation 0092-604-317806 Fax: 0092-604-317806 jamshaid@helpfoundation-pakistan.org Ataa Street, Ward No.4, Kot Mithan, Rajanpur, Punjab</p>	<p>Association for Behavior and Knowledge Transformation (ABKT) 0092-51-2100853 Fax: 0092-51-2100853 info@abkt.org abkt.pakistan@gmail.com House 103, Street 41, F-10/4, Islamabad</p>
<p>Environmental Relief Service (ERS) 0092-62-2283064 0092-62-2283064 ers_org@yahoo.com House # 5, Street 3, New Muslim Town Near Darbar Mehal, Bahawalpur, Punjab</p>	<p>AL HASSAN SYSTEMS (PRIVATE) LTD Tel: +92.51.2820449/ 835.9288. Fax: +92.51.835.9287 E-Mail: connect@alhasan.com 205-C, 2nd Floor, Evacuee Trust Complex, Sector F-5/1, Islamabad, Pakistan 44,000</p>

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